24.961 Fall 2002 Problem Set 1: Selayarese

Selayarese is an Austronesian language spoken by some 100,000 persons on the island of Selayar, South Sulawesi Province, Indonesia.

[1]. The following is a sample of data from this language. Make a table of the consonants and vowels. Are there restrictions on the distribution of the consonants? What generalizations can be made about the gross prosodic (syllabic) shape of words? Stress and vowel length are predictable. Formulate the rules to assign these features. Must they be ordered? [Note: our transcriptions abstract away from rules nasalizing vowels after a nasal consonant and the laxing of mid vowels; j is a voiced palatal affricate; ^mb, ⁿd, and ⁿg are prenasalized stops.]

bénte	popcorn	sáːpo	house
bá:tu	rock	tú:nu	burn
táːma	come in	ŋáːseŋ	all
náːmaŋ	delicious	pú:la	island
pí:so	knife	lámpa	go
bú:laŋ	moon, month	katintiŋ	thorn
?andéŋka	throw	sikú:rahow many?	
sássa?	lizard	tóː ⁿ do?	fence
ka?mú:ru	nose	pihá:li	answer
kalihá:ra	ant	karú:a	eight
pó:ke	spear	kánre	food
gó:lo?	dagger	pú:e?	grandfather
sé?la	salt	sampú:lo	ten
jé?ne?	water	dá:re?	monkey
bóː ^m baŋ	wave	bómbaŋ	bamboo skin
há:taŋ	difficult	rú:a	two

[2] The stress of the following words is superficially anomalous. What other generalizations can be made about these words compared to those in [1]? Does this suggest a possible analysis to regularize their stress? Formulate any rules and indicate any crucial ordering restrictions.

láŋkasa	tall	mínta	ra	tomorrow
ndá:tala	pursue	síŋkulu	elbow	
hállasa	suffer	salú:a	ra	pants
tú:lusugo str	aight	maŋká:sara	macas	ssar
ká:talaitch		kasíssili	mosqu	uito
lámbere	long	bé:ras	a	rice
rámmasa	dirty	tú:lisi		write

pá?risipainf	ul	kí:kiri	metal f	file
sússulu	burn		sá: ⁿ gara	fry

[3] The following words contain the locative suffix –aŋ, the transitivizing –i and the comparative –aŋ. How do these data bear on the analysis of the anomalous stress?

lámbere	long	cf.	loihe	many
lambé:raŋ	longer		lohé:aŋ	more
luíara	wide	cf.	pá?ja	salty
luairaŋ	wider		pa?já:?aŋ	saltier
hállasa	suffer	cf.	rúppa	face, meet intrans.
hallaísi	make suffer		ruppá:i	confront
a?bó:toro	gamble	cf.	tínro	sleep hadroom had
pa?botó:raŋ	casino		patinró:aŋ	bedroom, bed

[4] Words with anomalous stress inflect differently before the possessive suffixes. Suggest a possible explanation.

sahá:la	sea cucumber	sá:hala	profit
sahalá:ku	my	sahalákku	
sahalá:mu	your familiar	sahalá?mu	
sahalá:ta	your honorific	sahalátta	
sahalá:ba	our exclusive	sahalá?ba	
sahalá:na	his	sahalá?na	

[5] Selayarese has many loanwords from Bahasa Indonesian. What bearing do the words below have on the analysis?

<u>BI</u> bótol	<u>Sel</u> bó:tolo	bottle
árus	áːrusu	current
sénter	séntere	flashlight
kəlás	ká:lasa	class
bərás	bé:rasa	rice
kábal	ká:bala	cable
kíkir	kí:kiri	metal file
kípas	kí:pasa	fan

[6] What does your analysis predict for the stress in the following loanwords? If necessary, revise your rules.

kará:tu	card
surú:ga	heaven
baká:ri	personal name
solodé:re	weld
koroné:le	corner kick in soccer
karatí:si	ticket
	surú:ga baká:ri solodé:re koroné:le