Fun with Syntax

. . .

• phrase structure rules

NP-->(DetP) (AP) N (PP) IP--> NP I VP

• phrase structure rules

NP->(DetP) (AP) N (PP) IP--> NP I VP ... XP--> (WP) X' X'--> (YP) X' X'--> X (ZP)

• phrase structure rules

XP-->(WP) X' X-bar schema X'-->(YP) X' X'-->X (ZP)

fill in variables freely... X=N, W=Det, Y=A or P, Z=P...

• phrase structure rules

XP-->(WP) X' X-bar schema X'-->(YP) X' X'-->X (ZP)

fill in variables freely... X=N, W=Det, Y=A or P, Z=P... ...subject to various conditions:

Projection Principle

• phrase structure rules

XP-->(WP) X' X-bar schema X'-->(YP) X' X'-->X(ZP)

fill in variables freely...

X=N, W=Det, Y=A or P, Z=P...

...subject to various conditions:

Projection Principle, Head Direction Parameter...

- phrase structure rules
- movement operations:

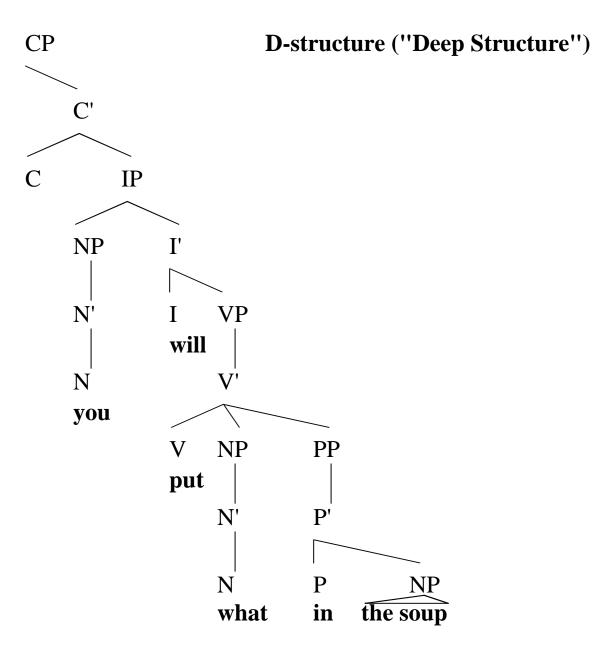
head-movement Will you ____ put rocks in the soup?

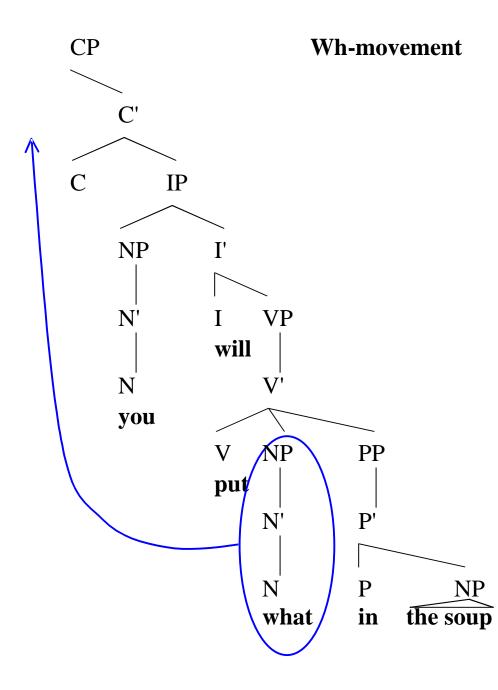
- phrase structure rules
- movement operations:

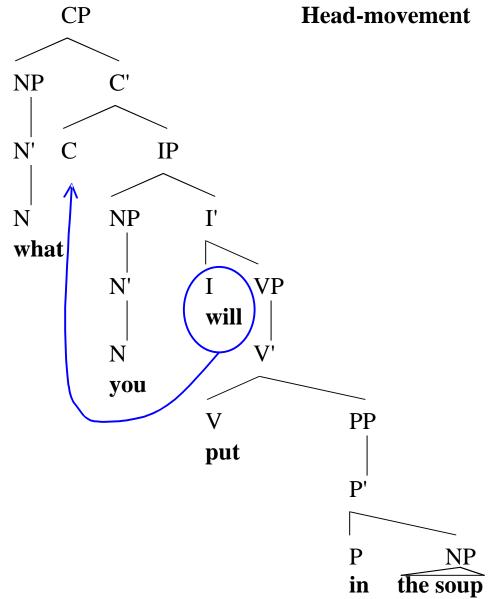
head-movement

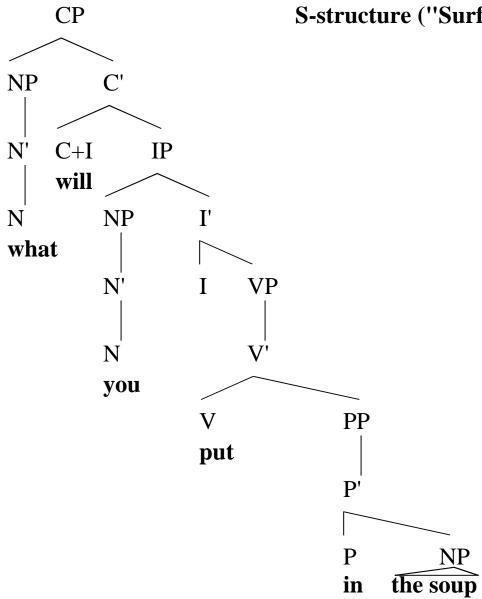
Will you _____ put rocks in the soup?

<u>wh-movement</u> what will you put _____ in the soup?









- phrase structure rules
- movement operations:

<u>head-movement again</u> Will you ____ put rocks in the soup?

- phrase structure rules
- movement operations:

<u>head-movement again</u> Will you ____ put rocks in the soup? Should you ___ put rocks in the soup? Can you ___ put rocks in the soup?

- phrase structure rules
- movement operations:

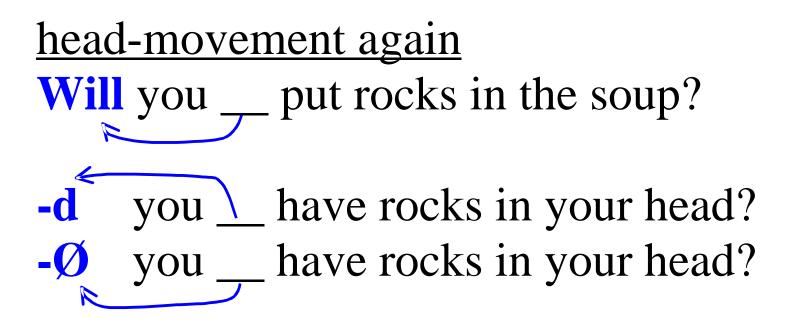
<u>head-movement again</u> Will you ____ put rocks in the soup?

You -d have rocks in your head. You -Ø have rocks in your head.

- phrase structure rules
- movement operations:

head-movement again Will you ____ put rocks in the soup? "had" ("Affix Hopping") You d have rocks in your head. You -Ø have rocks in your head.

- phrase structure rules
- movement operations:



- phrase structure rules
- movement operations:

<u>head-movement again</u> Will you ____ put rocks in the soup?

Do+d you $_$ have rocks in your head? **Do+Ø** you $_$ have rocks in your head?

("Do-insertion")

projection principle revisited:

All and only the sisters of a head must be selected by the head.

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I devoured <u>the kumquats</u> I put <u>the kumquats in a bowl</u> *He fainted <u>the idea</u> *He devoured What happens when a head doesn't select for a sister?

....well, then it doesn't have a sister.

He fainted.

Notice, however, that there's nothing comparable in subject position.

*Rained. It rained. Notice, however, that there's nothing comparable in subject position.

*Rained.
It rained.
*Seems that John has died.
It seems that John has died.

These <u>its</u> don't seem to be ordinary ones...

It squeezed John. It seems that John has died.

Extended projection principle:

All and only the sisters of a head must be selected by the head....

...oh, and Spec IP must be filled.

(...if there's nothing else to fill it, you can insert an <u>expletive</u> like <u>it</u>--which doesn't mean anything, but allows you to satisfy the Extended Projection Principle) Another use for the Extended Projection Principle?

The snake squeezed John. John was squeezed.

I put the kumquats in a bowl. The kumquats were put in a bowl. Another use for the Extended Projection Principle?

The snake squeezed John. John was squeezed.

I put the kumquats in a bowl. The kumquats were put in a bowl.

-->same reasoning that prompted us to posit wh-movement leads us to suspect movement here...

D-structure:

was squeezed John

EPP forces movement:

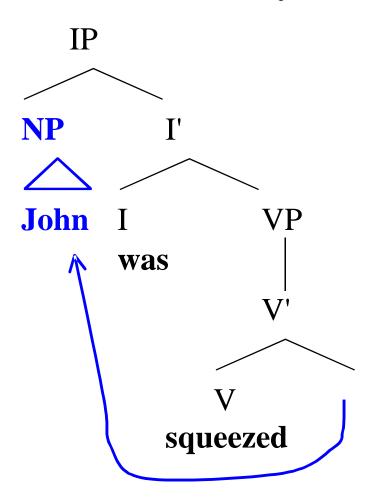
was squeezed John

S-structure:

John was squeezed

NP-movement:

a new kind of movement, driven by the EPP.



NP-movement:

a new kind of movement, driven by the EPP.

another instance of NP-movement:

It seems [that John is sick]

<u>John</u> seems _____ to be sick

another argument for NP-movement: **<u>idioms</u>**

• lots of V-XP idioms:

kick the bucket'die'buy the farm'die'spill the beans'reveal a secret'yawn in Technicolor'vomit'

• ...but there are no XP-V idioms:

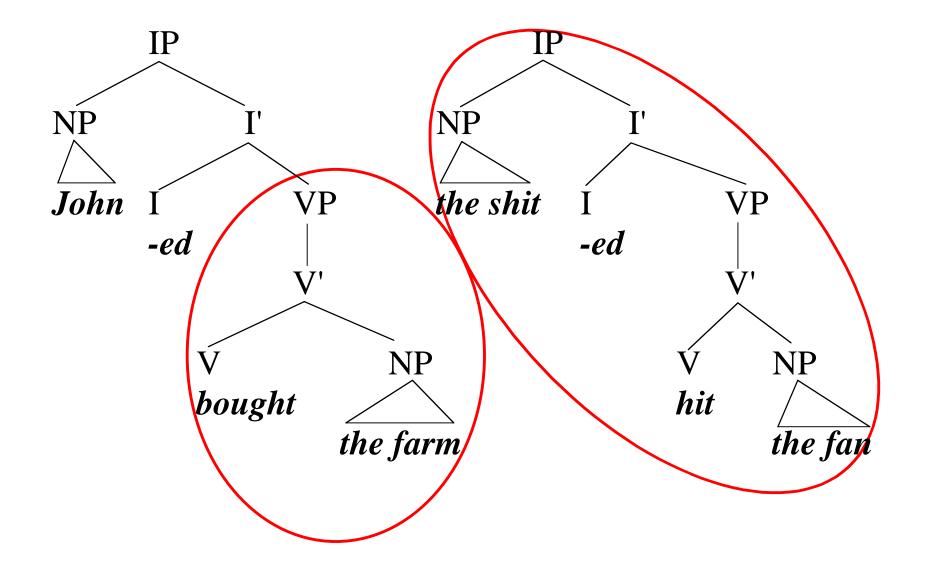
**the armadillo bit...*

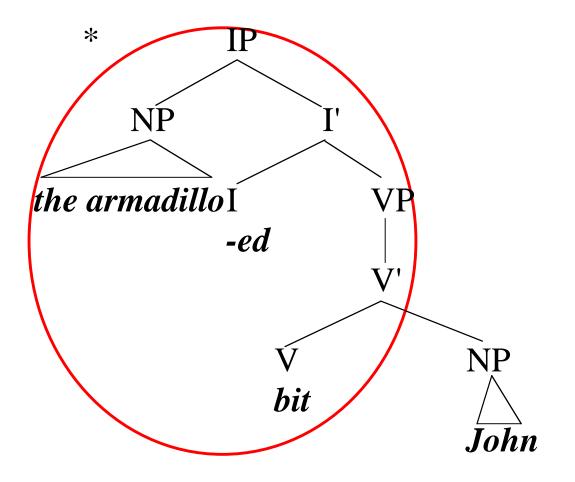
• ...but there are no XP-V idioms:

**the armadillo bit...*

• this isn't because subject can't be part of an idiom:

the cat is out of the bag the shit has hit the fan





-->idioms must be *constituents*.

so what about....

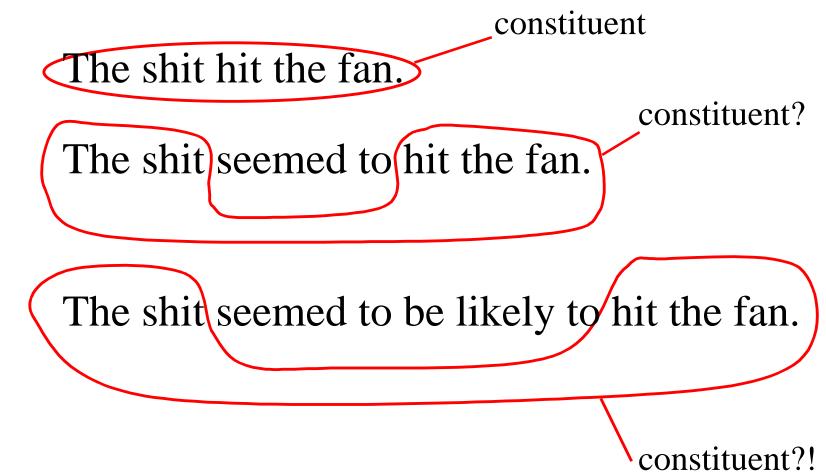
The shit hit the fan.

so what about....

The shit hit the fan.

The shit seemed to hit the fan.

so what about....



-->idioms must be constituents *in Deep Structure*.

D-structure

seemed [the shit to hit the fan]

NP-movement

seemed [the shit to hit the fan]

S-structure

<u>the shit</u> seemed [to hit the fan]

Movement types:

• <u>head-movement:</u> *will* you _____ eat these kumquats?

• <u>wh-movement:</u> *what* is she eating ____?

• <u>NP-movement:</u>

the cat seems [_____ to be out of the bag]

 \uparrow

Common ground:

• Head movement constraint

He will have eaten all the kumquats by the time we get there. *will* he have eaten all the kumquats by the time we get there? **have* he will eaten all the kumquats by the time we get there?

--> given a choice between two moveable heads, move the higher one.

Common ground:

- NP-movement:
- _____ seems [John to like kumquats]
- *John* seems [_______ to like kumquats]
- * *kumquats*seem [John to like __]
- -->given a choice between two moveable NPs, move the higher one.

Common ground:

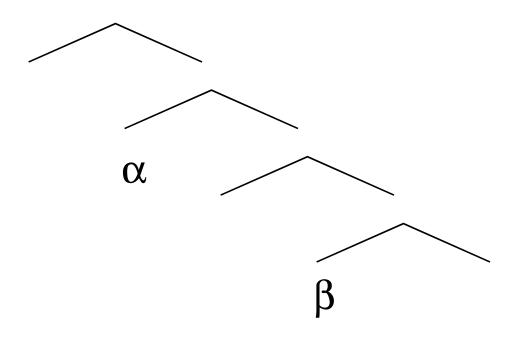
you gave *what to whom*?

What did you give ____*to whom*?

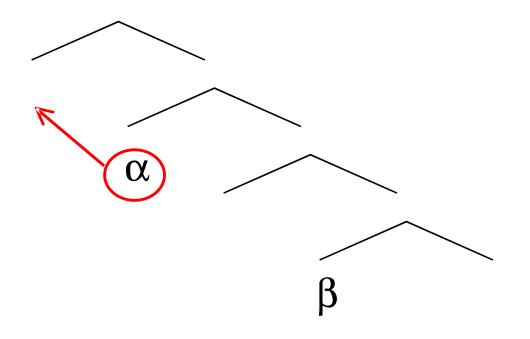
**To whom* did you give *what* __?

-->given a choice between two moveable wh-phrases, move the higher one.

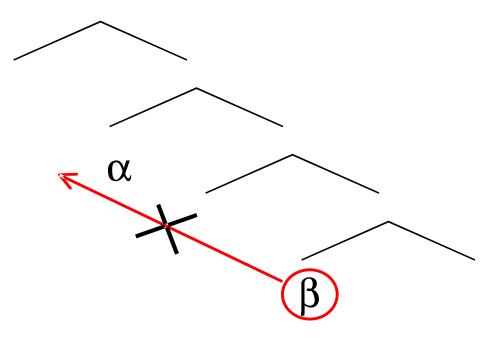
Make movement paths as short as possible.



Make movement paths as short as possible.



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Make movement paths as short as possible.

(given a choice between two movement paths, pick the one that crosses the fewest nodes (where 'cross' is defined as 'go from being dominated by to not being dominated by'))

The timing of movement interactions: CED effects

Who did you buy [a book about __]? Who did [friends of __] buy a book?

The timing of movement interactions: CED effects

Who did you buy [a book about __]? * Who did [friends of __] buy a book?

CED (Condition on Extraction Domains): You can't move out of something in Spec IP.

Who was [a book about __] bought?

* Who was [a book about __] bought?

a result of two operations:

was bought [a book about who]

<u>NP-movement</u>:

[a book about who] was bought _

a result of two operations:

was bought [a book about who]

NP-movement:

[a book about who] was bought _

<u>wh-movement:</u> Who was [a book about __] bought __? \uparrow

-->*CED: no extraction from Spec IP

But why not do the operations in the opposite order?

was bought [a book about who]wh-movement:whowas bought [a book about _]

But why not do the operations in the opposite order?

was bought [a book about who]wh-movement:who wasbought [a book about __]

<u>NP-movement:</u> Who was [a book about __] bought __? But why not do the operations in the opposite order?

was bought [a book about who]
wh-movement:
who was bought [a book about __]

<u>NP-movement:</u> Who was [a book about __] bought __?

Here CED wasn't violated--should be okay?

Apparently we need to prevent whmovement from taking place before NPmovement.

But <u>how</u>?

to be continued....