WARNING NOTICE: The experiments described in these materials are potentially hazardous and require a high level ofsafety training, special facilities and equipment, and supervision by appropriate individuals. You bear the sole responsibility, liability, and risk for the implementation of such safety procedures and measures. MIT shall have no responsibility, liability, or risk for the content or implementation of any of the material presented. <u>Legal Notices</u>

# 4. Purification by Flash Column Chromatography

# 4.1. Competent Chemist Rating: "Looks Can Be Deceiving"

## **Techniques Checklist:**

<ul> <li>Analyzing mixtures by TLC</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Assembling a silica gel column</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Applying crude mixtures to a silica gel column</li> </ul>	
• Separating simple mixtures with a silica gel column	

### Pre-lab Discussion and Required Reading:

- Theory of column chromatography: Zubrick Ch. 27
- TLC polarity/solvent systems: Zubrick Ch. 28, LLP Ch. 9.3.1
- Setting up a silica gel column: Zubrick Ch. 29, LLP Ch. 11.6
- Applying crude mixtures to the column
- Running a flash column

### **Equipment:**

- Flash Chromatography Column
- Air flow apparatus (stopper, T-valve, screw clamp, tubing)
- 100-mL Round-bottomed flask
- Test tubes 18x150 mm
- Test tube rack
- TLC plates and spotters
- UV lamp
- Large plastic funnels

## **Digital Lab Techniques Manual:**

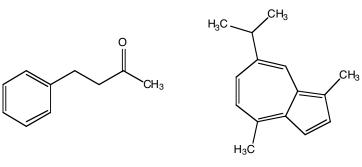
- 3. TLC: The Basics
- 10. Column Chromatography

#### Goal:

• Purify a contaminated compound using silica gel flash column chromatography.

### **Experiment Outline:**

- You will receive 2 mL of an ether/pentane solution containing 1.00 g of benzylacetone contaminated with a small amount of guaiazulene.
- Make a TLC sample, and analyze this mixture by TLC, using 10% ethyl acetate/hexanes as the solvent system *see TLC Guide*.
- Record the R<sub>f</sub> values.
- Prepare the column in the hood, using 10% ether/pentane and 50 g (about 5") of silica gel see Flash Column Chromatography Guide.
- Elute the column with 10 mL of pentane.
- Apply your sample to the column, being careful not to disturb the top layer of sand. Rinse the sample flask three times with 1 mL pentane each, and use the rinses to wash the sides of the column.
- Run the column See Flash Column Chromatography Guide.
- Monitor the fractions by TLC See TLC Guide.
- Concentrate the set of fractions containing pure benzylacetone.
- Weigh the purified compound and prepare a GC sample.
- Obtain a TLC and a gas chromatogram of the purified compound.



Benzylacetone

Guaiazulene

#### **Results:**

• To obtain your "CC Rating" in Purification by Flash Column Chromatography, you must collect at least 0.95 g of benzylacetone. This sample must be at least 95% pure as demonstrated using gas chromatography. Your sample must also be submitted to the TA for possible weight and purity verification.