### Massachusetts Institute of Technology Organic Chemistry 5.13

Wednesday, February 27, 2002

Prof. Timothy F. Jamison

### Hour Exam #1

Name

(please both **print** and **sign** your name)

# **Recitation Instructor**

**Directions:** Closed book exam, no books, notebooks, notes, etc. allowed. However, calculators and molecular model sets **are** permitted.

Please read through the entire exam before beginning, in order to make sure that you have all the pages and in order to gauge the relative difficulty of each question. Budget your time accordingly.

# Show all of your work if you wish to receive partial credit.

You should have **11** pages total: **5** exam pages including this page, **4** pages of reference information, and **2** blank pages for scratchwork.

## Question:

#### Grader:

 1. \_\_\_\_\_/
 12 points
 \_\_\_\_\_\_

 2. \_\_\_\_\_/
 20 points
 \_\_\_\_\_\_

 3. \_\_\_\_\_/
 36 points
 \_\_\_\_\_\_

 4. /
 32 points
 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Total: \_\_\_\_\_/ 100 points

 (12 points, 1 point per box) In the boxes below, write the product of the reaction indicated or the reagent or reagents (e.g. not "Jones Reagent") required for the transformations shown. Where relevant, clearly indicate stereochemistry. If no reaction occurs, write "no reaction" in the box.



2. (20 points) In the reaction shown below, an epoxide is converted to a hydroxyketone in two steps. Write the structure of the epoxide-derived product of the first reaction (compound A) in the box below. In the space below the reaction, clearly write an arrow-pushing mechanism for both steps (i.e. starting materials -> compound A -> products). Clearly draw all intermediates and reaction by-products in your mechanism.



3. (36 points, 6 points each) As part of a Ph.D. thesis, an MIT graduate student performed a reaction in the lab in which a foul-smelling organic molecule (compound A) was treated with NaOH and CH<sub>3</sub>I, giving compound B, which had a slightly less offensive odor. Some of the spectral data for compound B are listed below. If applicable, clearly indicate the geometry of all alkenes (e.g. cis or trans). (MW of S = 32.06)

EA: C, 67.69%; H, 6.49%; S, 25.82%

MS: M⁺ = 124

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (ppm) 7.18 (2H, dd, J = 2, 8), 7.16 (2H, dd, J = 7, 8), 7.02 (1H, dd, J = 2, 7), 2.47 (3H, s)

- a. What is the molecular formula of compound **B**?
- b. What is the "index of hydrogen deficiency" of compound  ${\bf B}?\;$  (Hint: Treat sulfur as you would oxygen in such a calculation)
- c. How many chemically nonequivalent carbon atoms does compound B have?
- d. How many chemically nonequivalent **hydrogen** atoms does compound **B** have?
- e. Draw the structure of compound **B**.
- f. Draw the structure of compound **A** (the foul-smelling starting material).

**4. (32 points)** In the box below, draw the structure of the unknown compound having  $MF C_{13}H_{16}O$  and the <sup>1</sup>H NMR data below. If applicable, **clearly** indicate the **geometry of all alkenes** (e.g. cis or trans).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (ppm) 7.54 (1H, d, J = 16), 7.30 (2H, dd, J = 2, 8), 7.21 (2H, dd, J = 7, 8), 7.14 (1H, dd, J = 2, 7), 6.67 (1H, d, J = 16), 1.21 (9H, s)

Your proposed structure: