The M-Machine Operating System

by

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Submitted to the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

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Abstract

This document details the design and implementation of an operating system written specifically for the M-Machine, a multicomputer currently being designed at MIT. The operating system is designed to be lightweight and flexible, able to support a UNIXlike operating system layer interface to higher-level code, while at the same time exposing machine primitives to user programs in a safe and efficient manner. The operating system's central features are its support for fast and efficient thread creation and built-in memory-coherence to present the view of global virtual memory to userlevel programs as well as higher-level protected subsystems. Four core components are presented - the physical and virtual memory managers, the thread manager, and the memory-coherence manager.

Thesis Supervisor: William J. Dally Title: Associate Professor

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Contents

1	Intr	roduct	ion	12	
2	Tar	rget Hardware Overview			
	2.1	A sha	red-address-space multicomputer	16	
		2.1.1	Hardware primitives for implementing shared-memory	16	
		2.1.2	Atomic Test-and-set Memory Operations	16	
		2.1.3	Hardware-supported capabilities	17	
		2.1.4	V- and H-Threads	18	
		2.1.5	Support for Efficient Message-passing	19	
		2.1.6	Memory-mapped Access to Hardware State	19	
3	Rur	ntime	System Overview	21	
	3.1	Differ	ences from a Traditional Operating System	22	
	3.2	Syster	n Thread Components	23	
		3.2.1	Event Handler	24	
		3.2.2	LTLB Miss Handler	25	
		3.2.3	Message Handlers	25	
		3.2.4	Availability and Reentrancy	26	
		3.2.5	Signalling the Event Handler	27	
		3.2.6	System Call handling in User Thread Slots	28	
		3.2.7	Capabilities and Protection	29	
		3.2.8	Page Table Design	30	
	3.3	Break	down of MARS into Functional Components	31	

		3.3.1 Physical Memory Management	32
		3.3.2 Virtual Memory Management	32
		3.3.3 Memory-coherence Management	32
		3.3.4 Process Management	33
4	Phy	sical Memory Management 3	34
	4.1	System Calls	35
	4.2	Data Structures	36
	4.3	Design Rationale	38
	4.4	Page Allocation Policy 3	39
	4.5	Implementation	39
		4.5.1 Event Format	10
		4.5.2 Initial Page Lookup	11
		4.5.3 Fake Miss Interface	13
		4.5.4 Reclaiming Pages	14
		4.5.5 Unmapping	45
5	Vir	ual Memory Management 4	6
	5.1	System Calls	16
	5.2	Data Structures	17
	5.3	Implementation	18
		5.3.1 Allocation $\ldots \ldots 4$	18
		5.3.2 Deallocation	19
	5.4	Design Issues	51
6	Thr	ead Management 5	2
	6.1	System Calls	53
	6.2	Data Structures	53
		6.2.1 Thread Contexts	54
		6.2.2 Signal Table	58
		6.2.3 Thread Lists	59

	6.3	Implementation	60
		6.3.1 tFork	61
		6.3.2 tExit	61
		6.3.3 tSignal	61
		6.3.4 tSleep	63
		6.3.5 tSpawn	65
		6.3.6 Scheduler	68
7	Mer	mory-Coherence Management	71
	7.1	Internal Functions	72
	7.2	Data Structures	73
		7.2.1 Coherence Directory	73
		7.2.2 Software Event Table	74
	7.3	Implementation	76
		7.3.1 Simplified Roundtrip Coherence Path	76
		7.3.2 Diverging from the Simple Case	80
8	Exp	osing System Calls to User Threads	95
9	Peri	formance Measurements	98
	9.1	The LTLB Miss Handler and Physical Memory Management \ldots .	98
	9.2	Virtual Memory Allocation	98
	9.3	Thread Management	99
	9.4	Memory-Coherence	99
10	Stat	tus and Future Directions 10	03
	10.1	Key OS Features and Contributions	03
	10.2	Existing Components	05
	10.3	Future Work	07
		10.3.1 Loader	07
		10.3.2 Memory-Coherence	07
		10.3.3 Virtual Memory Management	08

	10.3.4 UNIX Personality	108
A	MARS Messages	110
в	MARS Header Files	113
С	MARS Assembly Code	114
D	MARS C Code	115
\mathbf{E}	Sample User Programs	116

List of Figures

2-1	Thread Slots and Clusters	18
3-1	OS Components Overview by Hardware	22
3-2	OS Components Overview by Function	31
4-1	PPM Hash Table Structure	36
4-2	PPM Free Page List	38
4-3	Hash Function Calculation	41
5-1	Buddy List Structure	47
6-1	Sample Thread Management system call usage	55
6-2	Thread Context data structure	56
6-3	Context Linkages	57
6-4	Signal Entry	58
6-5	Signal Hash Table Structure	59
6-6	State Transitions in Signal/Sleep Implementation	64
6-7	Sample signal and sleep system call usage: main thread	66
6-8	Sample signal and sleep system call usage: child threads $\ldots \ldots \ldots$	67
7-1	MCM Software Event Table	74
7-2	End-To-End Communication in Simple-Path Coherence Protocol	77
7-3	Block Invalidation in Memory Coherence Protocol	86
7-4	State Transition Diagram for Requested Blocks	88
8-1	Sample syscall.m stub	96

.

8-2	Sample syscall.m ldpt	usage	 	 • • • • •	 97
8-3	Sample runtime stub		 	 	 97

List of Tables

4.1	Physical Page Manager exported functions 35
4.2	LTLB Miss Event Format 40
5.1	Virtual Segment Manager exported functions
6.1	Thread Manager system calls
6.2	Thread Manager system calls
7.1	Event Handler's MCM functions
7.2	Home Node MCM functions
7.3	Requesting Node MCM functions
7.4	Event Header Format
9.1	Cycle count breakdown of LTLB Miss Handling 99
9.2	Cycle counts for selected PPM functions
9.3	Cycle count breakdown of Virtual Memory Allocation 99
9.4	Cycle count breakdown of tFork
9.5	Cycle count breakdown of tInstall
9.6	Cycle count breakdown of tExit 100
9.7	Cycle count breakdown of sender tSpawn
9.8	Cycle count breakdown of receiving tSpawn request
9.9	Cycle count breakdown of handling a BSM
9.10	Cycle count breakdown of home node's handling a ccrequest 101
9.11	Cycle count breakdown of requesting node's handling an ACK 102

10.1	MARS Sources Files	106
A.1	Memory Coherence Messages	111
A.2	Thread Management Messages	112

Chapter 1

Introduction

The M-Machine is a new multicomputer currently being designed at the MIT AI Lab. The machine's hardware features, some radically different from conventional architectures, require a custom operating system. The operating system is meant to define a small collection of powerful primitives which may be used to construct interface layers in order to emulate existing, familiar operating systems. At the same time, this low-level system code attempts to expose novel hardware features to userlevel code in a safe manner. For this reason, the low-level OS needs to be efficient and flexible. Flexible, in terms of providing a framework of very general primitives, and efficient in order to allow other system personalities to reside as higher-level layers without significantly impacting performance.

Following the general trend in operating system design, the M-Machine's OS (M-Machine Runtime System or MARS) is a loose collection of managers which work in concert, instead of a single monolithic kernel such as in traditional implementations UNIX. These managers provide the minimum functionality necessary for an operating system - memory-management and process (thread) management. They form the basis for allowing user-level programs to execute on the machine in protected, stable manner. These low-level managers execute on each node of the M-Machine, similar to the microkernel of Amoeba, which performs process and memory management tasks. As in Mach, the collective managers are designed to enable the implementation of a UNIX-like API which sits above the low-level OS layer. Such an implementation

can be efficient and at the same time, provide a common and familiar programming environment.

As in Mach and Amoeba, the OS presented in this thesis supports lightweight thread creation which may be used a basis for the much heavier and often inefficient UNIX fork, although newer implementations of UNIX have moved towards this design as well, providing more lightweight process-creation functions.

A novel addition to this operating system is low-level memory-coherence management. Even operating systems such as Mach, which were designed in part to run on multicomputers, do not integrate a core global shared virtual memory system. A distributed shared memory server in Mach would operate at a higher-level. Furthermore, the global shared virtual memory, supported by hardware-based capabilities, allow the OS to employ a single machine-wide memory map which is identical for all processes. This differs from operating systems like UNIX, Amoeba, and Mach, where virtual memory maps depend on the currently-executing process. A single address space simplifies sharing and writing parallel programs. The use of capabilities free the OS from having to use complicated software-based capability schemes to enforce protections on shared memory. Shared virtual memory is as inexpensive to access, and as safe from errant and malicious threads, as a thread's private memory. Like Amoeba but unlike Mach and UNIX, the M-Machine OS does not include a pager. Such an addition requires additional complexity, and design time for a complete I/O system as well.

This thesis is divided into three general sections. In the first, chapter 2 provides a quick overview of particular aspects of the M-Machine architecture which will both shape the design of the operating system and enable it to perform its duties in an efficient manner. Chapter 3 then provides a high-level picture of the M-Machine operating system's structure.

The second section presents more detailed design and implementation of the four central subsystems within the operating system - the physical memory manager, the virtual memory manager, the thread manager, and the memory-coherence manager. These are covered in chapers 4, 5, 6, and 7. In the last section, the interface for user programs to the system is described in chapter 8, some performance figures are given in chapter 9, and chapter 10 concludes with project status and future work which needs to be done.

Chapter 2

Target Hardware Overview

This section presents a brief description of the machine architecture targetted by MARS - the M-Machine. The M-Machine is a shared-memory superscalar multicomputer being designed at the MIT Artificial Intelligence Laboratory. A detailed architectural design is provided in [4]. At the high level, the M-Machine consists of a mesh of *nodes* serviced by a high-speed network substrate. Each node consists of four *clusters*. Clusters contain an integer, memory, and floating-point unit capable of issuing in parallel on each clock cycle. Multiple register files and other thread state support up to six thread contexts in hardware simultaneously. The clusters may communicate with each other through a dedicated cluster-switch, and to four cachebanks through a memory switch. With this design, the machine's peak issue rate is twelve operations per clock cycle, with up to 12 outstanding memory references being serviced by the individual cache banks at any one time. Several of the machine's distinctive features which greatly affect its operating system design are presented in this chapter. They include (1) hardware primitives to support global shared virtual memory, (2) operations for atomic memory access, (3) hardware-enforced capabilities for memory protection, (4) support for fast context-switching, and the ability to concurrently maintain several thread contexts in hardware, (5) support for message-send primitives at the instruction level, and (6) mechanisms for accessing hardware state through a memory-mapped configuration space.

2.1 A shared-address-space multicomputer

The M-Machine supports a global 54-bit virtual address space across all of its nodes. Local on-node caches are virtually-addressed, a global translation lookaside buffer (GTLB) maintains mappings of virtual addresses to their home nodes, and system software is required to maintain memory coherence between nodes. Memory references which miss in the cache are handled by an external memory interface (EMI) which probes an on-node local translation lookaside buffer (LTLB) to determine which physical page provides backing for the referenced virtual address. Due to the design of the memory system, lines in the cache must be backed by a local physical page so that they may be flushed to external memory by hardware in the event of a cache-line conflict. References which pass to the LTLB but miss there as well result in an event record being generated which allows software intervention.

2.1.1 Hardware primitives for implementing shared-memory

In order to support an implementation of software-based coherent shared memory, the M-Machine architecture maintains two status bits for each 8-word block of virtual memory. These *block-status bits*, signifying whether a line is invalid, read-only, exclusive-clean, or exclusive-dirty, are maintained by hardware in the local translation lookaside buffer and cache. The memory system prevents an access from completing if it violates the block-status bits, instead generating an event record which allows system software to intervene and satisfy the access. There are three fault types: write to an invalid line, read to an invalid line, and write to a read-only line. All events are handled by a dedicated system thread as explained in the next chapter. System software is expected to replicate and manage these block status bits in node page tables when altering entries in the LTLB.

2.1.2 Atomic Test-and-set Memory Operations

In order to support access to global shared data structures in the face of concurrency, each word of the machine's memory includes a lock bit which is referenced in atomic test-and-set memory operations. These synchronizing memory operations allow programs to perform loads or stores conditional upon the status of the lock bit (the precondition), and set the bit to a known value if they succeed (postcondition). Conditional synchronizing memory operations return a condition which is true if the test-and-set succeeded and the memory operation completed, and false otherwise. Unconditional synchronizing memory operations generate events if the preconditions they require are not met. Details of instructions are in [5].

2.1.3 Hardware-supported capabilities

In order to maintain global shared virtual memory without the use of access lists, capabilities are used to enforce memory protection. Words may be tagged as pointers to memory segments of a power of two bytes in length by system software, and given out to user-level processes. User processes are only allowed to copy the pointers as is or to modify their address portion so as to change their offsets within the memory segment that the pointer represents. In this way, it is not necessary for the operating system to maintain separate page tables for each process in a multi-process environment since pointers may not be forged. As explained in [2], this presents a problem when a thread deallocates a segment of virtual memory since the operating system does not know a priori which threads may have been passed this pointer¹. A global garbage-collection of allocated virtual memory must be performed to find and destroy any clones of pointers to virtual segments before such segments may be deemed clean and available once again for allocation. However, as [2] shows that for large address spaces, reclamation may be performed extremely infrequently. [1] presents a more detailed description of the M-Machine's capabilities. The use of different pointer types to allow efficient user access to system code will be revisited in chapter 8.

¹Threads may pass pointers around in messages, by writing them into memory shared by other threads, or direct intercluster register-file writes



Figure 2-1: Thread Slots and Clusters

2.1.4 V- and H-Threads

A thread which executes on the M-Machine is identified as a V-Thread. It occupies one of six hardware thread slots and may be composed of up to four decoupled H-Threads, each running on a different cluster on the node. H-Threads communicate with each other either through memory or intercluster register-file writes. More details of these mechanisms are given in [4]. At any instant, any combination of four H-Threads from the six different V-Thread slots may be issuing instructions down the piplines of the clusters. V-Threads are round-robin scheduled by the hardware to allow each fair access to machine resources. Four of the hardware thread slots are intended for user-level threads. The remaining two thread slots are meant for system-level handlers. Certain registers in the system-level thread slots are mapped to hardware resources such as the event and network input queues, as shown in figure 2-1. These system thread slots form the core of the M-Machine operating system as will be described in chapter 3. The hardware support for several thread slots allows for efficient context switching among available user threads for better latency tolerance. In addition, there is no expensive penalty for invoking system handlers to respond to events and messages since suspension and eviction of a user thread to make room for a system handler is not required. The handlers are always active, sleeping until an event or incoming message requires their attention. Finally, the controlled manner in which system handlers are invoked - similar to a protection violation invoking kernel mode in traditional operating systems - protects handlers from errant threads since no direct function call is involved.

2.1.5 Support for Efficient Message-passing

Primitive hardware instructions to perform an atomic message send allow threads to inject messages into the M-Machine's internode network without needing to call system software. At the user-level, this allows threads to invoke handlers on a particular node if they obtain (1) an entry pointer into a message-handler routine and (2) a pointer to a virtual memory segment mapped to the destination node. The requirement for a pointer to a message-handler routine ensures that incoming messages are serviced by trusted code which will not lock up the network input queue. At the system level, threads are allowed to send messages directly to physical node numbers instead of using virtual addresses. This message-send primitive is employed by the memory-coherence management software as explained in chapter 7. A ten-word message size limit is adequate for the system software's requirement of shipping 8-word cache lines with some extra status information.

2.1.6 Memory-mapped Access to Hardware State

Threads on the M-Machine may access hardware state through load and store memory operations which target configuration space. Pointers tagged with the configspace type identify such accesses and requests are passed to configuration space controllers in each cluster. Machine state such as the LTLB, portions of the instruction-cache, hardware thread contexts, and status registers may be read and modified by system software. Since the configuration address space is 54 bits, hardware state is laid out sparcely so as to simplify hardware decoding of requested addresses. As will become evident in the rest of this document, configuration-space access will be one of the central tools employed by the runtime system to manage the machine. Since configuration-space pointers allow such powerfull access, these pointers are never given out to user-level threads, and are constructed when needed by priviledged threads or generated directly by hardware state machines on event-record generation.

Chapter 3

Runtime System Overview

The M-Machine Runtime System (MARS) is split into two distinct pieces - system functions which are invoked by user-level threads and execute within the caller's thread slot, and low level handlers which perform physical memory management, memory-coherence, and thread management. System functions allow protected system code execution within a user thread's context with the help of the capabilities mentioned in the previous chapter. A detailed description of system entry and exit is provided in [1]. The operating system presented here is not truly complete, as it lacks a design for I/O, among other components.

The current runtime system implementation uses its own data pointer when invoked as system code, but for simplicity still borrows the caller's stack for intermediate values and spill space. This, however, is actually a potential security leak since a malicious user-level thread may pass a copy of its stack pointer to a confederate (perhaps another H-Thread within its own slot) which may then overwrite portions of the stack or snoop on the stack contents, hoping to encounter a pointer it is not normally allowed to access. MARS can be modified to counter this security problem. A more secure system would employ distinct system stacks inaccessible by the user-level caller. Such stacks may be maintained as linked lists of virtual or physical segments allocated by the OS at boot time, and popped for use by system code when a system function is first invoked. System handlers are invoked indirectly through fault mechanisms and are therefore more secure, using their own dedicated stacks and



Figure 3-1: OS Components Overview by Hardware

data segment pointers.

All components of the runtime system are designed with several key principles in mind - handlers and system functions are meant to be lightweight, tolerate concurrency, and be flexible and general enough to support a variety of high-level operating systems built from the primitives that they provide.

3.1 Differences from a Traditional Operating System

Unlike traditional operating systems such as the UNIX and Mach variants, MARS is designed from the ground up to support concurrent execution of lightweight threads in a single global virtual address space, and provide a view of coherent virtual memory even to higher-level operating system components. Unlike Mach, where messagepassing provides a secure interface for communication, communication among and between user-level processes and operating system components is accomplished through function calls and memory access. This is in great part due to the hardware capabilities which enable protected low-cost shared-memory access, and the underlying memory-coherence protocol. MARS does, however, share several design concepts with Mach, such as the support for synchronization primitives, inexpensive IPC, and lightweight threads/processes.

Instead of a kernel or microkernel of linear code which is invoked by user code through a page-fault mechanism, most system calls in MARS are handled within a user thread slot through protected system entry. This has several key advantages while system calls are being performed by one user thread, other user threads are not prevented from executing their code. In addition several system calls may be active at any time, even the same system function (system calls must be designed to be reentrant and use locks when accessing shared data structures.) Finally, more critical services such as the handling of memory protection violations and page faults are still invoked in the traditional fault-reponse manner, but with two key differences. First, while a system event handler is executing other threads may continue issuing until a conflict in a hardware resource arises, in which case the system threads are given higher priority. Second, even the faulting thread may make progress until it requires the use of data which is being serviced by the fault mechanisms. More importantly, even the invocation of critical OS services may be performed concurrently, with three and sometimes four different system-level fault handlers being able to service independent requests at the same time.

A more detailed view of the low level handlers which reside in the system thread slot is provided in the next section.

3.2 System Thread Components

The system V-Thread, running in thread slot four on each node of the M-Machine, is composed of four decoupled H-Threads effectively providing four independent handlers which may concurrently satisfy system events. The four H-Threads are the Event Handler (EH), LTLB Miss Handler, Priority 0 Message Handler (P0MH), and Priority 1 Message Handler (P1MH). All thread components remove events from hardware-based event FIFO queues and process each event in turn. If no events are present, handlers simply block until an event arrives, thereby allowing other threads to issue and not stealing any execution cycles on the machine. An overview of these system components is shown in figure 3-1. Each thread blocks on a different hardware FIFO, allowing up to four events to be handled at a time. Events are usually of fixed-length and are inserted into queues by hardware state machines. Each of the H-Threads in the system V-Thread has integer register 14 mapped to the head of its respective event queue. When that register is used as a source for an operation, the head word of the next event in the hardware queue is used as the data source. Integer register 15 maps to the body of the event, used to access all remaining words in a hardware event. Once an event word is read out of the hardware queue, it is effectively popped from the queue and may not be recovered. Therefore, most handlers store away event words if they are intended to be used multiple times. The following subsections describe each of the four system H-Threads.

3.2.1 Event Handler

The Event Handler responds to block-status miss events, global translation lookaside buffer misses (GTLB Miss), and synchronization misses (SYNC Miss). GTLB misses occur when user-level message-send instructions target virtual addresses which contain no address to node-number mapping in the GTLB. Synchronization misses occur when a synchronizing memory operation fails to proceed because the referenced memory location does not have the requested precondition. The MARS system has not been designed to handle the two latter cases, although future work makes extending the event handler quite simple. In addition, software job queues are used by other components of the OS to request that the Event Handler perform certain tasks, such as evicting or installing threads. A SIGNAL event wakes the event handler to ensure that it gets a chance to examine these software job queues. The handling of block status miss events is a part of the memory-coherence protocol described in chapter 7.

3.2.2 LTLB Miss Handler

The LTLB Miss Handler is the most critical component of the MARS system. Due to the nature of the M-Machine memory system, a miss in the LTLB locks up the external memory interface until that miss is serviced. Other threads may continue issuing operations until such time as they cause a cache miss, in which case memory requests stack up until the EMI is freed by the LTLB Miss Handler. The LTLB Miss Handler itself has a separate path (the *bypass* path) into the EMI which insures that it may always access physical memory. Therefore, when the Miss Handler is executing, there is absolutely no guarantee that any other thread is active and able to make progress on the machine. This makes it especially important that the handler not access any data structures which may be locked by other system threads. Such locked data structures may never be released if the owner of the lock is blocked waiting for the LTLB Miss Handler to free up the EMI for memory accesses. In addition, the handler may only access physically-addressed memory, since a virtual address reference may miss in the LTLB itself, causing deadlock. In its normal mode of operation, the LTLB handler maintains the local page table which contains mappings from virtual to physical pages, and refills LTLB entries on an address miss. The handler may also be called through a faked miss mechanism by system software to create, remove, or lookup the mappings that it creates. This mechanism is decribed in more detail in section 4.5.3. Finally, since the LTLB miss handler cannot guarantee that other portions of the event-handling system are able to make progress, it cannot cause Block-Status, Sync, or GTLB misses, or send messages.

3.2.3 Message Handlers

The P1 and P0 Message handlers receive messages from the network destined for their node and respond by executing message-handling functions. Such functions may implement a variety of mechanisms including remote memory transfer, remote procedure call, and thread spawn. Others form the core of the software memorycoherence implementation. In order to guarantee deadlock-free execution, all request messages are sent via priority 0, and acknowledgements are returned on priority 1. Priority 1 messages are intended to be handled unconditionally, eventually allowing the network to drain of all P1 traffic and allowing all message traffic to make forward progress. For every P0 message received, at most one P1 message should be returned as an acknowledgement.

3.2.4 Availability and Reentrancy

As mentioned previously, since the system handlers reside in an active system V-Thread there is no need to swap in their context and save or restore user thread state before they may begin fulfilling a request. This makes for fast and efficient reponses to what are effectively interrupts without slowing down user code which may be executing concurrently. In addition, there is no time wasted restoring the register-file contents or setting up thread state for the system thread.

The limitations of the LTLB miss handler have already been discussed. In general all event handlers are not reentrant since they are the sole mechanism available for fulfilling their respective event requests. The event handler may not cause and events such as block status, SYNC, or GTLB misses, to occur. In order to maintain the progress guarantees of the network, the P1 message handler may not itself send out messages.

A hardware mechanism prevents user-level threads (those executing in thread slots 0-3) from issuing if the hardware event queue for the event handler rises above a watermark. This mechanism is in place to bound the number of outstanding events in the system and prevent hardware queue overflow. For this reason, it may be possible that protected subsystems which execute within user thread slots may not be able to issue instructions until the event handler has serviced events in the hardware queue. This introduces another constraint upon event handler operation - code executing in the event handler may not wait for locks held by code executing in user thread slots.

3.2.5 Signalling the Event Handler

In some instances other OS components, including message handlers, may request that the Event Handler perform a function, such as a message resend, in proxy for them. This is especially true if a message needs to be sent in response to an ACK arriving at the P1MH. In these cases, a request record is added to a software job queue for the Event Handler to fulfill at a future time. A signal event is then issued. In order to avoid overflowing the hardware event queue, only a single signal event may be in the hardware event queue at a time. This is accomplished by keeping a word in memory (the event lockword) on which the handlers may synchronize. System code adding a request for the Event Handler (the producer) first adds the event to a software queue and then attempts to set the lock bit of the event lockword to full. If the word was previously full, the set fails and the producer goes on. If the word was previously empty, the producer adds a new SIGNAL event to the hardware event queue. For its part, the Event Handler always resets the event lockword each time it dequeues the SIGNAL event. This guarantees for the producers that if the lockword is set, a previously-issued SIGNAL is still in the hardware event queue (or recently popped from it) and will be examined by the Event Handler as detailed below.

There are two software job queues because handlers within the system thread slot, and protected subsystems within user thread slots may be attempting to add software jobs for the event handler. All code executing within user thread slots synchronizes access to the job queue so that there is a single producer at a time. A job queue is a ring buffer, with two global pointers into it - the *cur* pointer and the *free* pointer. The cur pointer is read and modified only by the consumer (the event handler thread). It is advanced each time a new event is read out and identifies which events have been read out of the job queue. The free pointer is read by both producer and consumer, but advanced only by the producer. Each time a producer wishes to add a new event to the job queue, it reads the free pointer, and begins storing new event words starting at the free pointer and moving down (wrapping around the end of the event buffer if necessary). As its last action, the producer advances the free pointer with a single store operation. This is the atomic action which signifies that a new event is available. For its part, the event handler checks the cur pointer against the free pointer each time it looks for an event to service. If the cur and free pointers match, no new software events are in the job queue. Otherwise, the event handler may start reading off the cur pointer and advancing it - servicing the next request in the queue.

This mechanism allows the event handler to safely dequeue events without needing to acquire a lock. A second queue is used for the two message handlers to enqueue jobs with the event handler. They also synchronize among themselves to guarantee that there is only one thread adding events to the software job queue at a time.

Given sufficient buffer space to hold all requests, this mechanism is deadlock-free and guarantees that all events in the software queues will eventually be handled. The reason for using the SIGNAL event is to guarantee that requests in the software queue will be examined by the Event Handler if no hardware events are being generated and the Event Handler is blocked waiting for one. The SIGNAL effectively wakes the thread so that it may look at the events stacked up in its software queues. A producer which is unable to set the lockword and therefore add the SIGNAL event is guaranteed that the SIGNAL word is either still in the hardware queue or is just being removed by the Event Handler. In either case, since it had enqueued the request in a software queue prior to attempting a SIGNAL, the producer is guaranteed that the Event Handler will wake up and take a look at the recently added request, as long as the Event Handler runs through the entire software queue before attempting to sleep again. Finally, the lockword also insures that at most one signal has been placed in the hardware queue at a time, preventing queue overflow.

3.2.6 System Call handling in User Thread Slots

Despite the great deal of infrastructure developed for handling events in the dedicated system thread slot, many higher-level system calls may be handled by trusted software running within a caller's user thread slot (V-Thread slots 0 to 3). Such system functions include virtual memory allocation, thread and process creation (but not scheduling), invocation of remote functions or spawning remote threads, bulk memory transfer, and others. In short, most routines made available by high-level operating systems which do not require direct manipulation of low-level data structures such as page tables or memory-coherence directories may be safely executed within a user thread slot. In addition, system calls which work with protected data structures that reside in virtual memory may take full advantage of the memory-coherent global memory supplied by low-level OS components. This layered design provides a lot of flexibility.

3.2.7 Capabilities and Protection

Capabilities enable user threads to enter system functions in a protected manner. The runtime system "exports" a collection of system functions during the loading of user executables. User programs containing references to system functions are patched with entry pointers to runtime system functions by a trusted loader. Entry pointers may be loaded and used in jump instructions, but may not have their addresses changed. This provides a safe entry mechanism since the system functions which are exported are guaranteed to be entered at well-defined points. Since the setting of the pointer bit is a priviledged operation, user programs may not forge entry pointers of their own. This also means that as the OS evolves, the exact entry points and number of available system functions may change, but legacy programs will still execute correctly since patching is performed at load and not link time. In order for system functions to gain access to the runtime's data segment and associated systemlevel data structures, a system data segment pointer is stored within the system's code segment by the boot code. As a user-level thread enters a system function, the entry pointer is changed to an execute-system-mode instruction pointer which points into the system code segment. This allows the callee system function to load the system data segment pointer by offsetting from its IP (now allowed since the IP is no longer an entry pointer) and performing a load, overwritting the user data segment pointer. On return to the caller, the user's data segment pointer is restored and a jump to a return pointer switches the thread back to user mode. This process is explained in chapter 8.

3.2.8 Page Table Design

The global virtual memory supported by the machine allows the system software to use a single inverted page table to maintain virtual-to-physical page mappings for all allocated memory on each node. The M-Machine uses a 4-Kbyte page size for both physical and virtual pages. An open-hashing page table on a node with 16Mbytes of physical memory requires only 8192 entries to be twice as large as necessary for maximum capacity.¹ Assuming 4 64-bit words per entry, this works out to a 0.2% overhead for an inverted page table. Once again, the advantages of maintaining a single page table for all processes running on the node are clear - no switching of tables is necessary on context switches, speeding up multiprocessing performance. In addition, since capabilities prevent user threads from forging pointers, no additional mechanisms are required to prevent a process from accessing virtual memory allocated for other processes. Finally, no special support is required for shared virtual memory. Once a process gives out a virtual pointer to another thread, the virtual segment may be read and written by both. Several flavors of protected pointers allow processes to set up read-only or read-write shared segments.

Since virtual segments do not necessarily need to be backed by contiguous regions of physical memory, a chained list of physical pages is used by the physical memory manager to dole out backing pages to virtual segments. As physical pages become available for allocation, they are added to the free page chain in a FIFO manner. To speed up allocation, a background process may be used to clean physical pages before they become available for allocation. Physical memory management is detailed in the next chapter.

¹The M-Machine currently being designed is expected to have 8MBytes of on-node physical memory.

Accessibl	e by User Threads	5
Virtual Segment Manager	Thread Mana	ager
vmem_alloc vmem_dealloc	tFork tExit tSpawn hSpawn tSignal tSleep	_getMyTC _getParent _getDP
Accessible by Protected Sub Physical Page Manager	osystems or User 7 Cache–Cohe	Thread faults erence Manager
PPM_init PPM_map PPM_unmap PPM_reclaim_local PPM_reclaim_remote	ccrequest ccinvalidate ccreturnStor ccreturnLoad ccNackBO	e re 1
FIM_IECIAIM_IEMOCE	ccNackRW	
Virtual Segment Manager	CCNackRW	

Figure 3-2: OS Components Overview by Function

3.3 Breakdown of MARS into Functional Components

The previous section approached the MARS design from the point of view of hardware resources used for runtime implementation. This section provides an overview of the runtime system as it is broken down into functional components. The runtime system can be viewed as a collection of managers running in a largely autonomous manner to satisfy requests. At times, managers may call upon each other to fulfill certain requests. This is most commonly the case when system threads require access to physical memory - they call upon the physical memory manager to allocate new physical pages or return information on existing virtual-to-physical mappings.

3.3.1 Physical Memory Management

Physical memory management - the maintenance of the local page table and the LTLB - is handled exclusively by the LTLB Miss Handler. Since the handler thread is not allowed access to data structures which may be locked by other threads (as explained in section 3.2.2), there is effectively no overlap in the information which it maintains with that of any other thread. Access to the LTLB Miss Handler is performed in a fault-response manner similar to traditional OS's as described above. In general, misses to reserved virtual addresses which are kept unmapped by the LTLB handler are used as triggers to invoke specific handler functions - such as removal of a particular virtual-physical mapping, creation of a new one, or return of information about an existing mapping.

3.3.2 Virtual Memory Management

Virtual memory is doled out in segments by a Virtual Segment Manager which is composed of a series of system functions accessible by user threads. The VSM does not allocate physical backing to the segments which it gives out, simplifying its design and allowing it to run independent of other pieces of the system software within user thread slots - it does not require access to hardware tables, registers, or other machine state. At boot time, the managers on each node of the M-Machine are primed with virtual segments which they may give out and effectively manage independently. The underlying data structure used for tracking allocated and available segments is the buddy list. Details of the VSM and Buddy list allocation are given in chapter 5.

3.3.3 Memory-coherence Management

The software memory coherence implementation of the M-Machine is centered around the actions performed by Event and Message handlers on each node. The Event Handler on a requesting node sends P0 requests to home nodes in response to local block-status miss events. The P0 message handler on a shared data item's home node receives requests for cache lines, updates a memory-coherence directory and ships out blocks of memory as P1 acknowledgements. The P1 message handler on the original requesting node receives the remote cache line (an implicit acknowledgement to its request) and installs it locally. In the event of cache-line conflicts or flush requests, the Event Handler on a node sharing remote data may be required to invalidate and, in the case of dirty lines, return cache lines to their home nodes. The memory-coherence implementation is detailed in chapter 7.

3.3.4 Process Management

The management of user processes is broken down into two pieces. System calls invoked within user thread slots are used to fork user threads and add them to lists of ready-to-run threads. Other system calls allow threads to sleep, or signal other sleeping threads. The actual manipulation of hardware thread slots for evicting threads and/or installing new ones is performed by the event handler. This localizes access to the machine hardware so that it is performed by a single thread which is guaranteed to be always active. Although not strictly necessary, this localization simplifies aspects of the memory-coherence implementation as detailed in later chapters.

Chapter 4

Physical Memory Management

The M-Machine physical memory manager (PMM) is responsible for maintaining virtual-to-physical page mappings on each node and keeping track of available and allocated physical page frames. Physical memory (sometimes referred to as consisting of backing pages) is usually the ultimate target of memory operations issued on the M-Machine.¹ In the M-Machine memory hierarchy, each node requires a PMM to maintain mappings between virtual pages and their associated physical backing store within a page table. Without a page frame to back it, a virtual address reference cannot be completed. To increase memory-system performance, a 64-entry cache for these mappings is maintained in hardware (the LTLB). The PMM is responsible for keeping the LTLB in sync with the mappings found in the page table. Hardware events notify the PMM when a mapping was not found in the LTLB - an LTLB Miss Event. The PMM must find a mapping within the page table and place it in the LTLB, perhaps evicting a conflicting mapping for a different virtual page. This chapter first introduces a functional interface to the memory-management functions, describes the data structures employed, and details the implementation of the memory manager. As described briefly in the previous chapter, the LTLB Miss Handler is solely responsible for these functions. Section 4.3 explains the rationale behind this design decision.

¹Exceptions are I/O addresses which are memory-mapped into virtual address space, and configuration-space which is a totally separate address space.

4.1 System Calls

The PMM performs three different functions as part of its management duties creating virtual-physical mappings, removing these mappings, and returning existing mapping and status information. Interface definitions are shown in table 4.1. These system calls are meant for protected subsystem use and are only exposed to other OS components, not user-level threads.

Function	Description		
void PPM_init(int initword)	Initializes the physical memory manager. The low halfword of <i>initword</i> contains the physical page number of the start of unallocated physical mem- ory (the runtime system resides in pages below this page). The high halfword contains the num- ber of pages to add to the local physical page pool (the size of each node's external memory minus the number of page frames consumed by the runtime system).		
int PPM_map(int vpn)	Creates a mapping between virtual page <i>vpn</i> and an available, unallocated physical page frame. There are two pools from which to draw page frames - one for backing local virtual addresses, and one for backing virtual addresses mapped to remote nodes. The page frame is taken from ei- ther the local or remote-memory pool, depending on the whether the virtual page is local or remote. Returns the page frame number assigned to the new mapping.		
void PPM_unmap(int vpn)	Destroys the mapping of virtual page vpn with its physical page frame.		
int PPM_reclaim_local(int ppn)	Returns the page frame <i>ppn</i> to the local frame pool.		
int PPM_reclaim_remote(int ppn)	Returns the page frame ppn to the frame pool used for remote backing pages.		
int PPM_lookup(int vpn)	Returns the number of the frame backing virtual page vpn. Returns -1 if no mapping is found.		

Table 4.1: Physical Page Manager exported functions



Figure 4-1: PPM Hash Table Structure

4.2 Data Structures

Two main data structures are employed by the PMM. First, the page table is an open hash, used to store virtual to physical mappings and block-status information. The hash table is initialized at machine boot time and sized so that it has room for twice as many mappings as there are page frames on a node. Since the page table is not hierarchical but a hash table, having a large, potentially sparse table is critical for performance reasons - too small a table will result in many conflicts and longer lookup times. Open hashing tables, as described in [3], tolerate entry conflicts without employing chains (linked lists of entries which map to the same location in the hash table) thereby increasing average-case performance. Each hash table entry consists of four words - the actual virtual page number used to define the mapping, its associated physical page number, and 128 block status bits² packed into two words (see figure 4-1.)

In order to actually allocate backing pages for virtual pages, the PMM needs to

²Each page contains 512 words divided into 64 8-word cache lines. 2 Block status bits for each of the 64 cache lines require a total of 128 bits.
maintain a list of all unallocated page frames. The most efficient data structure is a chain of page frame numbers which resides within the unallocated frames themselves. The PMM maintains a single 64-bit word which contains the page frame number of the next unallocated frame which may be used as a backing page. The first word within that frame itself contains the page frame number of the next frame to use. Thus, a chain of available frame numbers is maintained within the unallocated frames. A page frame chain is terminated by a -1 which is never expected to be a valid page frame number. In figure 4-2, the free page frame chain starts at page 15, and terminates at page 2. There are a total of 6 frames in the chain. Popping a new frame for use simply requires reading out the frame number from the frame about to be used and substituting it in the pointer to the next available frame. A list of allocated frames is not required since that information is implicitly stored within the hash table. Any frame popped from the free frames chain must be used in a hash table entry. Conversely, removing a frame from the hash table requires that it be added to the free frames chain. A second 64-bit word stores the frame number which is the last available frame in a chain. This makes returning pages to the page frame chain very simple - the tail frame's next frame entry is modified from -1 to the frame being added to the chain. The tail frame number is then changed to reflect a new end-of-chain page frame number.

Since the memory-coherence system is so closely tied to the OS, special provision for frames which are used as backing for shared cache lines is made in the PMM. Instead of maintaining a single chain of available page frames, two chains are employed. The first is used to allocate normal backing pages for local data. The second is a limited collection of frames, perhaps some fraction of total on-node memory, which may be used as backing pages for shared cache lines. Once this pool is exhausted, shared cache lines must be evicted until an entire frame is freed up, at which time it will become available for allocation as a backing page of remote data again. The PPM_reclaim_remote call explicitly tells the PPM that a particular frame has been cleaned and should be added to the remote backing page pool. This particular aspect of page management is discussed further in chapter 7.



Figure 4-2: PPM Free Page List

4.3 Design Rationale

The reason for placing physical memory management in the hands of a system level handler instead of trusted code which may execute in user-level thread slots is tied closely to the M-Machine's memory system design. Since the LTLB miss handler needs access to the page table in order to insert and remove LTLB entries, no other software components may lock the page table data structure (as explained in section 3.2.2). Since locking the local page table is not allowed, there is only a single software component which remains able to access the page table - the LTLB miss handler itself. Because access to the miss handler is restricted to hardware-generated events which occur only on TLB misses, a few system-level routines act as wrappers around the special miss-response interface. These wrappers allow other system components to make standard function calls which in turn result in forced LTLB misses to reserved virtual page numbers. This implementation is detailed in section 4.5.3.

4.4 Page Allocation Policy

The PMM employs on-demand page frame allocation. That is, if the LTLB Miss Handler does not find a virtual-physical mapping in the on-node page table for a memory access which touched a particular page, it is assumed that a new mapping needs to be created. This allows efficient use of very large and sparse virtual segments - allocation of a virtual segment does not mean that physical backing needs to be created immediately. Instead, individual LTLB misses to virtual pages cause page frames to be allocated. In fact, the current runtime system only employs the PPM_map function when performing memory-coherence management, since the common case is for mappings to be created on-the-fly by this automatic allocation policy.

In standard operating systems, a memory reference to an unmapped virtual page is considered a disallowed memory access (a segmentation violation or bus error) which needs to be terminated. On the M-Machine, capabilities are used to control memory access. Since threads may not generate pointers on their own, they may not access arbitrary memory locations. All memory accesses which are issued by the memory functional unit on each node's cluster have had their capabilities verified. Therefore, a page fault is not considered a disallowed access on the machine, but rather an access to previously unmapped memory which is still a valid memory reference.

4.5 Implementation

The PMM is implemented as a low-level handler written in assembly which pops LTLB Miss events off the hardware event queue and passes them on to the handler body, which is written in C. Once a new event has come in, the assembly stub moves the four words of the event (referenced address, event header word, associated data, and configspace pointer to the faulting thread) into argument registers as defined by the M-Machine compiler and runtime system, and calls the body function. The handler body then determines whether the virtual address reference which caused the LTLB Miss is a fake virtual address and requires that special handling be employed, or whether it is a standard reference. Upon return, the stub restores its stack and returns to waiting for the next event to arrive.

The body of the handler is written in C, as shown in appendix D (ltlb_body.c). It calls on functions which manipulate the data structures outlined at the beginning of this chapter. The data structure code is also written in C and shown in appendix D. Initialization code is assumed to set up these structures when the LTLB handler is first spawned.

4.5.1 Event Format

The hardware-composed LTLB Miss Event consists of four words, shown in table 4.2. The address word identifies the referenced address which caused the LTLB miss. The header word encodes information such as the opcode which was used in the address reference, the issuing V-Thread slot, cluster, and source and destination registers. If the operation was a store, the opdata word contains the data which was attempted to be stored. Finally, the faultcp is the configspace pointer to be used by the software to write thread registers when fulfulling memory requests in software. If the faulting operation was a load op, the pointer offsets directly into the configspace-mapped location of the destination register of the load operation. If it was a store operation that faulted, the configspace pointer identifies a location which updates the faulting thread's *membar* counter. Conditional synchronizing operations have the faultCP identify the their destination cc register.

Word	Description		
Header	Encodes information regarding the operation which caused the LTLB Miss and the issuing thread		
Virtual Address	Virtual address which was not found in the LTLB		
Opdata	Contains the 64-bit value which was attempted to be stored if the faulting operation was a store op.		
faultCP	faultCP Configspace pointer to thread state for the faulting V-Thread.		

Table 4.2: LTLB Miss Event Format

The low-level handler simply moves the message header and body words into

argument registers and calls the manager's C-based handling function.

4.5.2 Initial Page Lookup

The handler body code extracts the virtual page number from the miss address that it is passed. This is a simple procedure of shifting off the 12 least significant address bits and masking off the 10 high protection/length bits to retain just the 42-bit page number. The virtual page number is then used to probe the page table by calculating the hash function and indexing into the table. A thorough study of good hash functions has not been performed. In the current implementation, the hash function is an XOR of a 16-bit constant and the rearranged bytes of the low 32 bits of a virtual address. C code is shown in figure 4-3.

Figure 4-3: Hash Function Calculation

Using the algorithm of open hashing, if the handler finds an entry marked *deleted*, or a valid entry whose vpn does not match the vpn being probed, the vpn is rehashed and probing continues. If a vpn match is found, the LTLB is accessed through configspace to determine which existing LTLB entry is to be evicted to make room. Since block-status bits for the virtual page whose mapping is to be evicted may have been modified, they have to be written back into the page table before the mapping can be evicted. Therefore, the existing entry is read from the LTLB through configspace load operations. The vpn of the evicted entry is used to probe into the page table and the block-status bits for that page are copied back into the hash table. Finally, the vpn-ppn mapping and associated block status bits for the page which is to be added to the LTLB are written into the LTLB through configspace stores, overwritting the evicted entry. The EMI is then unlocked through a configspace store, allowing the instruction which caused the miss to be retried automatically by the EMI, this time presumably hitting in the LTLB. Throughout this entire procedure the actual faulting operation is not retried by the handler, and the virtual address never used as the target of a memory operation - the LTLB Miss Handler operates only on physical addresses or configspace addresses.

If continual probing does not find a virtual page match, the page is determined to have no physical backing, and a new backing page needs to be allocated. A GTLB probe is performed to determine whether the virtual address which was referenced is mapped to the node handling the LTLB Miss (a locally-mapped page). If it was a local page reference, local handling is invoked. Otherwise, remote handling is performed. These two distinct cases are described below.

Local Handling

The free page chain pointer of normal (not memory-coherence) backing page frames is read to determine the next available frame which may be allocated. The first word of that page is copied into the free page chain pointer, effectively popping off the backing page. This page number is then added to the page table, creating a new virtual-physical mapping. Block-status bits are set to **exclusive** (read/write) for all lines in the page and also written into the page table. Finally, this entry is added to the LTLB so that the next memory access to this page does not cause another LTLB miss.

Remote Handling

An initial reference to a remote virtual page requires that a physical page from the pool of memory-coherence pages be used for the mapping. In the simple case, a physical page is available and is popped off the memory-coherence backing chain, in a manner similar to that described in the section above. The only difference is that the block-status bits for the page are set to **invalid** since the node does not yet contain any remote data. When the memory operation is retried, the memory reference no longer causes an LTLB Miss (since the mapping was written added to the LTLB and page table) but causes a Block-Status miss instead, which then results in the invocation of software leading to the local installation of a remote cache line.

If no physical page frames are available in the backing pool, a special physical frame number, -1, is used as a marker, identifying the fact that no backing frames are available. Since the block-status bits for the new mapping are still set to invalid, there are no problems involved in using the same mapping for all virtual pages which do not have available backing pages.³ As section 7.3.2 details, this marker page is used as a trigger for the memory-coherence manager to perform a cleanup of existing shared pages and make room for new ones.

4.5.3 Fake Miss Interface

As explained in the beginning of this chapter, certain virtual pages which are always unmapped on the machine (trigger pages) are used to request direct manipulation of the PMM data structures by the LTLB Miss Handler. Since user threads are never given pointers to these special pages (and cannot create ones on their own), the miss handler is guaranteed that calls to it through misses are made by trusted subsystem code.

This mechanism, which involves threads generating memory faults to trigger actions by low-level components of the operating system, is similar to standard kernelentry methods of other operating systems. As outlined in the previous chapter, performance is improved on the M-Machine because no actual thread swapping and context switching is performed.

The actual virtual page numbers used as triggers for the PPM_map, PPM_unmap, and PPM_lookup functions are compile-time constants in the kernel source code and may be picked rather arbitrarily, so long as they are not a subset of the virtual pages which may be allocated by the Virtual Segment Manager (see chapter 5). In the current runtime implementation, these virtual page numbers start at **0x80000**. To invoke the

³The only occasion, in fact, when multiple virtual pages may be mapped to the same physical page within a single node is when a physical backing page is unavailable, in which case all block status bits are set to invalid.

LTLB Miss Handler, a thread issues a conditional synchronizing store instruction, targetting one of the three trigger addresses as shown below:

The store instruction allows the thread to pass 64 bits of data to the LTLB Miss Handler. In most cases, this contains the virtual page number which is to be used as an argument to the PMM functions. By issuing an instruction conditioned on the value of the cc register in the trigger instruction, the requesting thread blocks until the LTLB Miss Handler has completed the request and fills the cc register. Since the functions all have full 64-bit integer return values, the LTLB handler needs to have a simple way to return data to the requesting thread. One mechanism is to overwrite the integer register conventionally used as the return argument register by the compiler - integer register 6 - with the return value. This may be done through a configuration space store operation. In this case, the functional wrapper around the PPM_unmap primitive may look like:

```
PPM_unmap::
    /* i6 contains the argument to this function */
    instr memu stscnd i6, <trigger>, cc1; -- trigger the LTLB Handler
    instr ialu ct cc1 jmp RETIP; -- wait for completion
    instr; -- i6 (the return register)
    instr; -- is already set properly
    instr; -- at this point
```

The current implementation instead writes a single physical memory location (called _ltlb_data_for_mh) which is then loaded by the caller to retrieve the appropriate value. In order to prevent concurrent accesses to this location, a lock is used by callers to serialize access.

4.5.4 Reclaiming Pages

The local and remote reclamation functions simply take the supplied page number and add that page to tail of the proper physical page chain. Cleaning needs to be performed before pages may be considered reclaimed and ready for reallocation.

4.5.5 Unmapping

When mappings need to be destroyed, the virtual page number argument to the PPM_unmap function is used to probe the page table until its entry is found. At that time, the entry is removed from the page table and replaced by a *deleted* marker, as necessary for an open-hashing table. In addition, cache lines may need to be flushed, and the LTLB modified to remove the virtual-physical mapping.

Note that no provisions are made for when virtual-physical mappings should be torn down. Higher level OS components make calls upon the PMM to create or eliminate mappings, but the PMM does not need to employ any policy for when mappings should be removed from the page table. Usually, this will be the work of the Virtual Segment Manager, which needs to deallocate physical backing once a virtual segment has been freed. See section 5.3.2 for more details.

Chapter 5

Virtual Memory Management

The Virtual Segment Manager (VSM) doles out segments of virtual address space for use by user threads and other portions of the operating system. Segments are a power of two bytes in length, with length protections enforced by the segment length field in pointers. A buddy list allocator is used for the implementation of the underlying allocation mechanism. Since a copy of the low-level operating system runs on each node of the M-Machine, each node's VSM executes independently of all others. This section describes the interface to the VSM, explains the data structures which are employed, and then details the rather simple implementation. Design issues conclude this chapter.

5.1 System Calls

The VSM exports a total of three functions. The first, **vmem_prime**, is accessible only to other protected subsystems and allows the bootstrap to initialize the allocator with segments of virtual memory which are available for allocation. The **vmem_alloc** call returns a segment of a requested size, while the **vmem_dealloc** call accepts a segment for deallocation. Table 5.1 provides a brief overview.

Function	Description
void vmem_prime(void *segment_ptr)	Identifies the virtual segment pointed to by seg- ment_ptr as available for allocation. The pointer length field in the pointer's capabilities explicitly identifies the size of the segment.
void *vmem_alloc(int bytecount)	Returns a pointer to a clean segment of virtual memory of at least <i>bytecount</i> bytes in size. Re- turns a NULL pointer if no such segment may be allocated.
void vmem_dealloc(void *segment_ptr)	Deallocates the segment of virtual memory iden- tified by <i>segment_ptr</i> .

Table 5.1: Virtual Segment Manager exported functions



Figure 5-1: Buddy List Structure

5.2 Data Structures

The VSM maintains two buddy lists for memory allocation and deallocation. A buddy list is essentially an array of sorted linked-lists of segments (see figure 5-1). The array has as many entries as there are segment sizes available on the machine. On the M-Machine, an array of 51 entries allows segments to range from 8 bytes to 2⁵⁴ bytes in length.

The free-segment buddy list stores information on segments which are available for allocation. Initially empty, the list is first primed with segments by the **vmem_prime** call. Subsequent **vmem_alloc** calls remove entries from this free segment list, perhaps modifying it in the process, and return newly-available segments.

The dirty-segment buddy list records segments which user programs or protected subsystems have asked to be deallocated - those that have been passed to the **vmem_dealloc** call. This allows deallocated segments to be collected and coallesed into larger segments for bookkeeping pending garbage-collection. A deallocated segment cannot be moved directly from the dirty to the clean list unless a garbage-collection phase has ensured that there are no clones of this virtual address remaining on the entire machine. Therefore, the dirty buddy list essentially stores segments which are candidates for a garbage-collection. Therefore, the dirty list is just a repository for segments which will never be given out. In fact, it is possible to make the **vmem_dealloc** function a null function.

Finally, a statically-defined linked-list of nodes for use in both buddy lists allows the allocator to function without needing dynamic memory-allocation itself, although this limits the number of memory segments which may reside in the buddy lists to a compile-time constant.

5.3 Implementation

The MARS bootstrap splits the M-Machine's global virtual memory into segments and assigns them to different nodes. Each node's boot code calls **vmem_prime** with its assigned segment, priming the free-segment buddy list data structure and allowing subsequent allocation calls to use that memory.

Once the priming is complete, the VSM accepts calls from user-level as well as system-level code. Since the VSM code may be running within many thread slots at once, a lock is used to serialize access to global data structures.

5.3.1 Allocation

When an allocation call is made, the requested number of bytes is used to calculate the smallest power-of-two-byte segment which contains at least that many bytes. As [7]

is the on-node page table. It may be inefficient for the VSM to run through all of the virtual pages within a segment and make PPM_unmap and PPM_reclaim_local calls for each, especially if the segment is large and the number of actual pages provided as backing for it is unknown. For small segments, the VSM cannot deallocate the mapping because other segments within the same virtual page (and hence mapped to a common physical page frame) may be still active. The VSM splits the deallocation problem into three cases.

The dirty-segment buddy list is used in the reverse manner of allocation - segments which are deallocated are coalesced with their buddies to try to form a single segment of as large a size as possible. In the case of deallocating segments smaller than a single virtual page, no unmapping is performed by the VSM initially. Instead, as the segment is coalesced with other dirty segments, the VSM waits (perhaps for many deallocations to follow) until a segment the size of a virtual page is finally formed. This means that many small segments which had resided within the same virtual page have all been finally deallocated. The VSM can make a single pair of calls (PPM_reclaim_local(PPM_unmap(vpn)) - that is, return the page previously used to back the deallocated virtual page to the local page pool) at this point, passing to the Physical Memory Manager the virtual page number of the segment.

For segments of moderate size (smaller than the number of physical pages on a node) which are deallocated, the above design will not work since the segment already spans many pages. Instead, unmap and reclaim calls are made for each page within the segment. Finally, for very large segments, the PMM must be called to unmap the entire segment, which requires that the PMM search for all entries in the page table which match a *range* of virtual pages (not just a single one) and remove all such mappings. This is especially efficient for very large segments, since the number of pages which need to be tested is limited by the amount of on-node physical memory.

and [6] explain, this may lead to wasting both virtual and physical address space since a little less than half of the entire segment may go to waste (e.g. a call to allocate a segment of 129 bytes will return a segment of at least 256 bytes in size). The waste of virtual address space is not a great problem, given the large size of the machine's address space. Physical address waste is limited a maximum of a single page, due to the policy of on-demand page allocation. That is, since only those virtual addresses which are targetted by a memory operation require physical backing, having a large number of allocated but unused virtual pages at the end of a segment does not cause wasted physical page frames to be allocated.

A search of available segments in the clean buddy list then begins for a segment of the appropriate size. This is a simple procedure given that the requested segment size is known - the free-segment array is indexed to find if any segments of the needed size exist. If the array entry is non-NULL, the linked list of segments of the requested size is modified as a segment is popped off the list. The pointer to the newly-allocated segment is returned to the caller. If no segments of the needed size exist, the allocator begins looking for larger segments, simply by moving up in the free-segment array, looking for linked-lists of larger and larger segments. Any larger segment that is found can be repeatedly split into two until the correct size segment is once again available. Leftover segments are added to the buddy list in the process, for later allocation.

The on-demand allocation of page frames simplifies VSM implementation since no mappings from virtual pages within the allocated segment to frames need occur the LTLB Miss Handler will perform those tasks as each virtual page is touched.

5.3.2 Deallocation

As mentioned previously, virtual segments which are deallocated are added to the dirty-segment buddy list and need to pass a garbage-collection phase before being added to the clean list. However, an initial unmapping phase must occur to remove any virtual-physical mappings used by the segment, in order to free up physical memory. The need to deallocate physical backing from a segment actually poses a problem because the only data structure which lists all allocated physical page frames

5.4 Design Issues

For a machine with a large virtual address space, such as the M-Machine, buddy list allocators are quite efficient because they can quickly manage segments of memory which vary greatly in size. The fact that segment-size is encoded directly into all M-Machine pointers make this scheme even more efficient - a call to deallocate a segment uses the segment-size field to determine which low address bits of the pointer to ignore, and which high bits to use when searching for a segment's buddy.

The unmapping of backing page frames for segments seems the most inefficient aspect of the VSM design, and can be improved if a bitmap of which virtual segments actually have physical backing is maintained for each segment which is allocated. This increases overhead, however, and requires more storage space for such bitmaps. It is not clear, for example, how to maintain a mapping-bitmap for a segment of 2^{24} bytes. Such a segment spans 4096 page frames, requiring 64 words for a bitmap. The advantages of the current design lie in the fact that once a segment has been allocated and returned to a user thread, all information pertaining to its existence is no longer maintained by the VSM, until a call is made to deallocate it. At that point, the segment itself is provided to the VSM, which may add it to the dirty-segment list and start keeping track again. In fact, the reason for maintaining the dirty segment list (as opposed to a more simple linked-list of deallocated segments) is not for performance improvements, but rather for storage efficiency - fewer individual segment-information nodes need to be maintained if dirty segments are naturally coalesced. If two buddies are combined to form a larger segment in the dirty segment list, this frees up one more segment-information node which may be reused by the system.

Chapter 6

Thread Management

In traditional operating systems, a *process* represents a basic vehicle for executing code. Processes may be composed of threads which cooperate and share an address space and any special structures assigned to their collective process by the operating system. In MARS, there is no real concept of a heavyweight process. Since all privileges are granted through pointers given out by the system, all threads are protected from each other, yet any subset may cooperate on a task as well.

The MARS thread mananger is responsible for allocating and destroying user-level threads, scheduling threads to run in the available user thread slots, and managing interthread synchronization through the tSignal and tSleep interfaces. Threads which synchronize through explicit message-passing or shared-memory have no need for the thread manager to aid in their communication. The sleep and signal interface allows multiple threads to sleep on a single signal and be all awakened when it arrives, and even for a single thread to provide a signal mask, so that it is possible to group signals into categories and allow threads to pick which types of signals they wish to receive.

Instead of using some integer to identify each process (thread) which has been created by the thread manager, a *context pointer* is used instead. A context pointer is a pointer of type **key** whose address portion names a virtual memory segment which contains state information about the thread (the thread context.) Since this pointer cannot be used to read or write memory, it may be returned to user-level threads as a magic cookie, identifying a particular thread. When an operation needs to be performed on the underlying thread state, a privileged system function may simply modify protections on the pointer from *key* to *read-write*, without the need to index into a process table. As will become evident, context pointers are used extensively within the thread management system to identify and track threads.

6.1 System Calls

This section describes the system calls available to user threads for accessing thread manager functionality. All of these system calls may safely execute as priviledged code in user thread slots since they do not modify any hardware state. Table 6.1 lists the common thread manager calls.

This set of system calls provides a great deal of functionality to user threads with a very simple interface. An example of how these calls are used is given in figure 6-1. In this example, the main parent thread spawns off a child to execute the function foo and then sleeps on a T_CHILD_EXIT signal, waiting for the child to complete. There is no explicit tSignal, because the signal is performed by the tExit function which the parent passed to the child. The _getDP function returns the parent thread's data pointer so that the child may share all of the parent's data structures.

More complex examples of system call use will be given later in this chapter.

In addition to the above system calls, several internal functions of the thread manager are invoked by the Event Handler and Message handlers. These include actual scheduling, and low-level signal reception.

6.2 Data Structures

The thread manager uses a structure called a thread context to store information about each live thread on its node. A signal table is used to manage the signal/sleep interface. Finally, pointers to chains of thread contexts maintain information on active threads. These structures are described in this section.

Function	Description
<pre>void *tFork(void *IP, void *DP, void *retIP, int numargs, void *parent,)</pre>	Creates a new thread which will begin execution at address IP. The thread's data pointer is set to DP. When the thread exits, it will jump to retIP. The number of arguments passed to the function at IP is given in <i>numargs</i> , followed by the argu- ments themselves. <i>parent</i> is usually left NULL. This function returns a key pointer identifying the newly-created thread.
<pre>void tExit(int retval)</pre>	Standard exit procedure usually passed as the retIP to tFork. Signals its parent thread with a T_CHILD_EXIT signal and return-value retval.
<pre>void *tSpawn(int numargs, void *IP, int node,)</pre>	Forks a thread on remote node given by <i>node</i> . The data pointer is the same as the thread which called this function. The forked thread will start executing at IP and signal its parent when done. The number of arguments being passed to the function at IP and the argument list itself is also given. Returns a key pointer identifying the spawned thread.
int tSleep(void *sigword, int mask)	Puts the calling thread to sleep until a signal ar- rives which targets the <i>sigword</i> . The <i>mask</i> allows the calling thread to only be wakened by a subset of all signal arriving for the signal word. A mask of 0 will always match a signal. Returns the data which was send to the signal word (see tSignal.) The signal word must be a key pointer.
int tSignal(void *sigword, int data)	Attempts to wake all threads sleeping on <i>sigword</i> . The <i>data</i> is the data returned to all matching sleepers. If no sleepers are found, a dormant sig- nal is recorded. The signal word must be a key pointer.

Table 6.1: Thread Manager system calls

6.2.1 Thread Contexts

The thread manager defines a thread context data structure which is used to store information about each live thread. Several linked-lists of thread contexts group these threads into collections of running, pending, and kill threads. Running threads are the user-level threads actually occupying V-Thread slots on the manager's node. Pending threads are waiting to be scheduled to run on the hardware. Blocked threads are sleeping on a signal and should not be swapped into a thread slot until wakened

```
int foo(int i, int j) {
    int x = 0;
    printf("This is function foo!\n");
    printf("let's calculate i + j : %d\n", i + j);
    printf("foo exiting");
    return i + j;
}
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    char *mydp;
    void *child;
    int i;
                          /* _getDP returns the thread's own data pointer */
    mydp = _getDP();
    child = tFork(foo, mydp, tExit, NULL, 2, 1, 10);
    printf("main: forked foo (child pointer is %p)\n", child);
    i= tSleep(child, T_CHILD_EXIT);
    printf("main: woken with signal 0x%x\n", i);
   return 0;
}
```

Figure 6-1: Sample Thread Management system call usage

(they are stored implicitly in a signal table described later). Kill threads are waiting to be garbage-collected and removed from service. Together with running threads, kill threads may occupy hardware thread slots, but should be evicted by the thread scheduler.

Figure 6-2 shows a C structural definition of a thread context. The main sections of the context structure are the individual H-Thread contexts, (which define the entire register state of the H-Threads that compose the user thread), global thread state information, and linkages to other contexts.

The HContext structure simply contains space for all of the integer, floating-point, and condition registers of a particular H-Thread, the four restart instruction-pointers (used when installing a thread for execution), hardware and software memory-barrier counters (count how many memory references the thread still has outstanding in the system), and a scoreboard of which registers are vacant.

```
struct ThreadContext {
   struct ThreadContext *Next:
   struct ThreadContext *Parent;
   struct ThreadContext *Sibling;
    struct ThreadContext *Children;
   struct HContext hthreads[4]; /* register state for each H-Thread */
   int VSlot;
    int flags;
                                  /* hFull and hIssue bits IIIIFFFF
                                                                      */
    int SCC
                                  /* stall-cycle counter
                                                                      */
            :
    int SCL
                                  /* stall-cycle limit
                                                                      */
   int signalData;
                                  /* data passed when thread woken
                                                                       */
   int need_to_block;
                                  /* thread is blocked for a signal
                                                                      */
    int need_to_wake;
                                  /* signal has arrived
                                                                      */
                                  /* thread has asked to sleep
   int need_to_sleep;
                                                                      */
};
```

Figure 6-2: Thread Context data structure

Global state information records which H-Threads of the user thread are active and may issue. When a thread is first forked, only the first H-Thread is active. If the thread spawns other H-Threads to neighboring clusters, this value will change. Thread flags are composed of eight bits in two 4-bit bitmaps - called hFull and hIssue. The hFull bitmap records which H-Threads are part of the V-Thread represented by the thread context. The hIssue bitmap is used as a mask to tell hardware which H-Threads may issue operations down their cluster pipelines. Special state information used in the signal/sleep implementation is also part of global thread state. The signalData field records the data word with which a thread was wakened. The three state bits of need_to_block, need_to_wake, and need_to_sleep are used by the scheduler to help decide which of the pending/running lists is to receive this thread. These state bits will be discussed in detail in the section on signalling. Finally, the thread Stall Cycle Limit (SCL) and Stall Cycle Counter (SCC) are used by the the M-Machine hardware to generate events if a particular user-level thread has been stalled and unable to issue for a certain number of cycles.

The linkages (Next, Parent, Sibling, and Children) allow thread contexts to



Figure 6-3: Context Linkages

be threaded onto several linked-lists at once. The main pointer is Next, which is used in the running, pending, and kill lists mentioned above and described in detail in a later section. The Parent pointer points to the thread's parent. Usually, the parent is the thread which tFork'ed the thread, although a different parent may be substituted (this is the parent argument to the tFork call). The Sibling pointer is a secondary linked list, which winds itself through all of the children of a particular parent thread. That is, even if the children of a particular parent are strewn around different pending/running/kill lists, this single list can identify all of the children of the parent regardless of where they are. This makes it easy to find and kill all children of a particular parent thread, without needing to look through all lists of threads (looking for contexts with a particular parent). Finally, the children pointer is the head of the Sibling list, which resides with the parent. Figure 6-3 makes this structural arrangement more explicit. In this example, the first thread on the pending list is the parent of three threads - one also on the pending list, and two others that are running. One of its children is the parent of a thread which is on the kill list.

Thread contexts reside in virtual address space, and are dynamically allocated by the tFork call. Since all virtual addresses are unique across the entire machine, a thread context unambiguously identifies a thread to all operating system components across all nodes of the machine. All threads may access their own context pointer through a call to _getMyTC, and the context pointer of their parent with _getParent. The pointers that are returned are key-type pointers, to prevent user threads from actually modifying thread state.

6.2.2 Signal Table

In order to maintain information on which threads have performed signals and which threads have tried to sleep, the thread manager uses a chained hash table of signal entries.

A signal entry records information about a thread which has asked to be put to sleep, or a signal which has been made before any thread has slept on it (see figure 6-4.)

```
typedef struct se {
   struct se *next;
   int signal_word;
   int signal_data;
   struct ThreadContext *sleeper;
} signal_entry;
```

Figure 6-4: Signal Entry

If a thread has slept on a signal word, the two arguments to the sleep call (signal_word and mask) are recorded along with the thread context of the thread making the sleep call (*sleeper* in the signal entry. If the entry is recording a signal for which no thread has slept yet, sleeper is NULL and the signal_data is the actual data passed to the tSignal call.



Figure 6-5: Signal Hash Table Structure

Signal entries are split into chains and referenced from the signal hash table, to improve lookup speed. The unique signal_word is hashed and identifies the chain, which may then be searched for matching entries. Signal entries may be dynamically allocated in a manner similar to thread contexts, or a fixed number may be statically allocated at compile-time into the runtime system (similar to what is done by the virtual segment manager.)

6.2.3 Thread Lists

The low-level scheduler employs thread lists, headed by pointers to *Pending, Running*, and *Kill* lists. All threads active on a node belong to one of these lists, or have *sleeper* entries in some signal table (effectively the collection of blocked threads). This guarantees that thread manager components have a way to find all active threads on the node by following these structures. The *Next* pointer in a context lets it be threaded in one of these lists. A thread may be in only one of these lists at a time.

6.3 Implementation

When the thread manager is initialized, it sets up a blank signal table and resets the running, pending, and kill thread lists to contain a single running thread - the bootstrap. Calls to the manager's system calls will begin modifying these structures. It was briefly noted that the thread manager is really composed of system calls executing in user thread slots and a low-level scheduler tied into the event-handler system. For this reason, the thread management implementation uses a producer-consumer model for servicing requests. User-accessible system calls invoke functions which set up and sometimes modify thread state. After certain global data structures are modified, the event handler is signalled through its software job queue to perform the low-level scheduling tasks. This two-phase design simplifies the implementation of individual thread manager components. It also allows thread manager subsystems to execute in conjunction with the scheduler without relying on locks to serialize access to common data structures - all data structures which are modified by the portion of the thread manager which runs in the event handler slot do not interfere with other thread manager functions.

In general, producers create or modify thread contexts which are then added to the running, pending, and kill lists by the scheduler (this list modification is performed when the event handler responds to certain signals). The scheduler examines these lists each time it is invoked and performs lowl-level functions such as thread eviction and installation. The following sections describe the producer's contribution to handling system calls. It is important to note here that in all critical sections of the portion of the Thread Manager that runs in user thread slots, a lock called the userthreadLock is used to serialize access to global data structures among user threads. This lock is not accessed by the low-level scheduler, and hence does not cause it to block in any of its activities.

6.3.1 tFork

The tFork function needs to allocate a new thread context by calling on the virtual segment manager, and fill an initial H-Thread with information passed to it. It allocates a new thread stack, again calling on the VSM, and pushes arguments on the stack exactly as the called thread expects to see them. The return pointer is set up as well, so that the exit function passed to the tFork is the last function executed. Parent/child/sibling linkages are updated to reflect the fact that a new thread has been created and that it belongs to some parent. If the parent pointer passed to the fork call is NULL, the thread executing the fork call is considered the parent (this is the common case). Remote parents are a special case, which are handled within the tSpawn implementation. Finally, the event handler is signalled to add the new thread context to the pending list. This signifies that the thread is ready to execute and is waiting to be scheduled into an available thread slot.

6.3.2 tExit

The tExit call must mark its own thread for termination since it is executed within the very user thread which is trying to exit. First, the thread calls tSignal on its own context pointer with a return value of T_CHILD_EXIT. Any thread waiting for this particular child to exit (most likely its parent) will be wakened.

The sibling list is modified to reflect the termination of this thread. The event handler is then signalled to add the thread to the kill list. The event handler removes the thread from the running or pending lists and adds it to the kill list. Finally, tExit blocks on an empty register to prevent stealing any more execution cycles. Eventually, the scheduler will be invoked and terminate the thread which had been added to the kill list.

6.3.3 tSignal

The tSignal system call is used by a thread to signal another thread, passing it a 64-bit data word. Signals are made upon *signal words*, which are key pointers given

out by the operating system. The most common signal words are the thread context pointers exchanged by the parent and child during a tFork call. Other signal words may be obtained simply by calling on the operating system to demote the protections of a virtual-memory read-only or read-write pointer to key.

The tSignal call takes a signal word and a 64-bit data word as arguments and determines which signal table to examine. If the address defined by the signal word is mapped to the thread manager's own node, the local signal table is examined. Otherwise, a message is sent to the node where the signal word is mapped, and a TM local to that signal table is invoked. The TM determines whether an address is remote or local by making a call to _sysGPRB, a function which performs a GTLB probe and returns the node number to which an address is mapped. This allows threads on different nodes to signal each other and for all thread managers to quickly decide which signal table needs to be referenced.

Once a local TM is invoked to examine the signal table, the signal word is used as the input to a hash function and an index into the signal hash table is calculated. This index identifies a chain of signal table entries which is to be searched to find a match or matches (for multiple sleepers) on the signal word. In order for a signal to match an entry, it must meet three criteria.

- 1. the signal_word field of the entry must match the signal word passed to tSignal
- 2. the signal_data [mask] field in the entry bitwise ANDed with the signal_data passed to tSignal must be nonzero (unless the mask is 0, in which case this criterion is always considered satisfied)
- 3. the *sleeper* field of the entry must be non-NULL.

For each match that is made, the thread identified by the sleeper context pointer is wakened (this process is described below.) Once all sleepers have been wakened, the signal operation has completed. If no sleepers were found, a *dormant* signal entry is added. This means that the signal is added to the signal hash table and waits for a sleeper to come along, at which point the thread which attempted to sleep on the signal is automatically wakened. Such dormant signals are added to the ends of the signal chains, to handle cases where multiple dormant signals for the same signal word are added. In these cases, the signals are meant to be popped off in a FIFO manner, until they are all used up.

For each thread context which needs to be wakened, the tSignal system call must decide whether the wakening occurs locally or remotely. Once again the TM probes the GTLB, this time to determine whether or not the sleeper thread context is mapped to the local node. If the thread context is remote, a *Wake* message is sent to the appropriate home node of the thread. Otherwise, the event handler is signalled to set a thread's wake data. This causes the thread context's *signalData* field to be written with the signal data passed to tSignal, and the *need_to_wake* field set to true, signifying that if the thread happens to be blocked, the scheduler should move it to the pending list.

6.3.4 tSleep

A user thread calls tSleep when it wishes to block, stopping execution until a signal wakes it. This is especially useful when a thread has spawned off some children which are to perform long-latency operations and wishes to be informed when these operations have completed. Although it is possible for the parent thread to spin on global memory locations waiting for child thread to modify them, this is extremely inefficient if the child processes are expected to take a long time to complete their operations, and the parent has no other work to perform.

For this reason, the calling thread identifies itself as sleeping on a particular signal word, and also passes a mask as data. This mask is used to filter out certain signals to the signal word which the sleeping thread does not wish to see (as described above). As in the case of tSignal, the signal word is used to probe the GTLB to find the home node of the signal table. If the signal table is remote, the thread asks to be put to sleep locally and sends a message to be added to the remote signal table. It is important to note here that it is possible for the message to arrive and a dormant signal to be found which would cause a wake message to be returned, all before the local TM is able to put this thread to sleep. The need_to_sleep, need_to_wake, and need_to_block



Figure 6-6: State Transitions in Signal/Sleep Implementation

bits define state-transitions to handle such cases. Figure 6-6 shows a state-transition diagram where a thread state is a function if its *need_to_xxx* bits and whether it is running, pending, or neither. Transitions occur as a result of the low-level scheduler performing routine scheduling tasks, or being invoked as a result of signals to the event handler (EVENT_SLEEP and EVENT_WAKE). Certain functions are automatically invoked as a result of these signals (such as tPutToSleep and tHandleSignals).

Finally, whether as a result of a Sleep message from a remote TM or the fallthrough case of a local tSleep call, the TM needs to add a sleeper for the signal word to the signal table. Again as in the tSignal case, the signal word is used as the hash input to find a chain of signals. The chain is examined for any *dormant* signals to this word. If a dormant signal is found and the data within it filters through the mask provided by the calling thread, the thread is immediately wakened. If the thread was local to the signal table, the data is returned directly to the thread without the thread having ever been put to sleep. Otherwise, a wake message is sent to the home node of the sleeper thread.

If no dormant signal entries are found, a new sleeper entry is made. Finally, if the TM is still executing locally, it makes a call to **sysSignalSleep**, which asks the scheduler to move the thread off the running list (if possible) and consider it blocked until a signal arrives. At the same time, this action causes the thread to empty the return-value register and block on it. Whenever this register is written (as a result of the scheduler restarting a thread which is being wakened by a signal) the thread will resume execution and return a value to the caller of tSleep.

Figures 6-7 and 6-8 show an example of the use of signal and sleep calls for interthread synchronization. The parent thread forks a child called longprint, which in turn forks off longprint_child. Longprint then waits for its child to signal it. Meanwhile, the main parent sleeps on a signal from longprint. longprint_child signals its parent and then goes to sleep, waiting for longprint to signal it. At this time, both main and longprint are sleeping on the same signal word. When longprint is wakened by its child's signal, it signals to its own threadcontext pointer, waking both its child and its parent. Finally, longprint waits for its child to exit before exiting itself. The main thread waits for longprint to exit.

6.3.5 tSpawn

The tSpawn system call is a good example of how lower-level thread manager primitives may be composed to form a more useful function. A tspawn is essentially a request by the user to fork a thread on a remote node and still have the child's thread context be returned to the parent. The tSpawn implementation first creates a nonce which will be used for a signal/sleep pair. In the current implementation, this nonce

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "syscalls.h"
#include "tsignal.h"
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
   void *child;
    int i:
   printf("Sample signal/sleep program\n");
   child = tFork(longprint, _getDP(), tExit, 6, NULL, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6);
   printf("main: forked off %p\n", child);
    i = tSleep(child, T_ALL_SIGNALS);
   printf("main: woken with 0x%x\n", i);
    /* wait for a while */
   for (i = 0; i < 900; i++) ;</pre>
    i = tSleep(child, 0x100);
   printf("main: woken with 0x%x from child %p exit\n", i, child);
   return 0;
}
```

Figure 6-7: Sample signal and sleep system call usage: main thread

is simply a newly-allocated segment of virtual memory used and then discarded.¹ A message is then generated, and the nonce and arguments to the spawn are sent to the destination node. Finally, the calling thread performs a tSleep on the nonce, waiting to be notified when the new thread has been created. It expects the return value of the tSleep (the data when it is signalled with tSignal) will be the thread context of the new child.

On the receiving node, a message-handler dispatch function processes the tSpawn request. The Spawn message is unpacked and arguments formatted for a tFork call. This time, instead of a parentTC of NULL being passed, the TC of the remote parent is substituted (this was passed in the message, along with argument list, IP, and so on), allowing linkages to be set up correctly. After the tFork completes and returns a thread context, the message-handler performs a tSignal on the nonce passed within the spawn request message, passing the child thread context as data. This eventually

¹Since the VSM returns pointers as Read/Write, a *demote* call is made to change the protections to key pointer.

```
int longprint_child(int i, int j) {
    int sleepval;
    printf("longprint3_child: i * j = %d\n", i * j);
    tSignal(_getSelfTC(), 0x112);
    /* now wait until longprint signals me */
    printf("longprint_child: going to wait for longprint to signal me\n");
    sleepval = tSleep(_getParent(_getSelfTC()), T_ALL_SIGNALS);
    printf("longprint_child: woken with 0x%x and exiting\n, sleepval);
    return 4;
}
int longprint(int i, int j, int k, int l, int m, int n) {
    int x = 0;
    void *child;
    int sleepval;
    printf("longprint: %d, %d, %d, %d, %d, %d\n", i, j, k, l, m, n);
    child = tFork(longprint_child, _getDP(), tExit, 2, NULL, 5, 11);
    if (child) {
printf("longprint: forked off %p, and sleeping on it\n", child);
sleepval = tSleep(child, T_ALL_SIGNALS);
printf("longprint: woken with 0x%x from child %p\n", sleepval, child);
        for (x = 0; x < 200; x++)
  if (!(x % 20))
    printf("longprint: %d\n", x);
tSignal(_getSelfTC(), 0x223);
/* sleep on child exiting */
sleepval = tSleep(child, T_CHILD_EXIT);
printf("longprint: child %p exited\n", child, sleepval);
    }
    printf("longprint exiting");
    return 1;
}
```

Figure 6-8: Sample signal and sleep system call usage: child threads

wakens the calling parent who receives the child thread context just like the return value of a tFork.

6.3.6 Scheduler

The scheduler portion of the Thread Manager runs as part of the event handler responding to requests placed in the software job queues. Requests are summarized in table 6.2. The generic EVENT_SCHEDULE is the most interesting to cover because it encompasses the important tasks of installing and evicting threads.

Request	Arguments	Description
EVENT_SCHEDULE		Perform generic scheduling: wakes threads which have need_to_wake set. Terminates threads on the kill list. Attempts to install threads on the pend- ing list, perhaps evicting running threads to make room.
EVENT_SLEEP	tc	Puts thread identified by thread context pointer tc into a blocked state. If the thread is already running, it is moved to the front of the running queue so it is the first to be swapped out if an eviction is necessary. If thread is on the pending list, it is removed from the list so as not to be mis- takenly installed during scheduling. Sets thread's need_to_block state bit.
EVENT_FORK	tc	Adds thread identified by thread context pointer tc to the Pending list.
EVENT_WAKE	tc data	Sets the need_to_wake state bit of the thread iden- tified by tc. Sets the thread's signalData field to data . If the thread is not currenly occupying a thread slot (running) it is added to the pending list.
EVENT_KILL	tc	Adds the thread identified by tc to the kill list.

Table 6.2: Thread Manager system calls

The scheduler completes three tasks when asked to perform scheduling.

Cleaning Killed Threads

First, all threads in the kill list are popped and terminated, if possible. Their thread context is freed, the hardware thread slot state that they occupy (if they are still installed in a thread slot) is reset and the thread slot marked as unoccupied. If threads which are popped off the kill list still have outstanding memory events which are to be resolved in software or outstanding hardware events, the threads may not be terminated and are added back to the kill list. A check in the code which runs through the kill list makes sure that recirculating threads into the kill list does not cause an infinite loop of pushes and pops.

Signal Handling

The thread scheduler then deals with outstanding signal-handling. A thread which is (1) in the pending or running lists, (2) has its need_to_wake state bit set, and (3) has its need_to_sleep bit unset, is set active by copying signalData into the appropriate return register. If it is occupying a thread slot, the thread's returnregister (i10) is written with the contents of the context's signalData field directly (using a configuration-space write). Otherwise, the register is modified within the thread context and the empty bit for that register set to full so that the register can be read the next time that the thread is installed into a thread slot. In both cases, the need_to_wake bit is reset.

Installing Threads

In its third task, the scheduler pops a thread off the pending list (the candidate) and attempts to install it into a free user thread slot. If no free thread slots exist, a thread is popped off the running list and evicted (if possible). Eviction involves halting all H-Threads which are issuing within the V-Thread - accomplished by writing to the thread flags region of configuration space mapped to the hardware thread slot which the thread occupies. The thread flags are modified to zero out the hIssue bits for the thread. Then, for each active H-Thread within the V-Thread, all of the register-file state is copied into the thread context. Four H-Thread IP's for use in the thread-restart process are read out from each cluster. Finally, state like software and hardware membar counters are updated. Once eviction succeeds, the thread context is pushed to the end of the pending list. When a free thread slot has been found for the candidate, a reverse of the eviction process begins. First, the candidate's hFull thread flags are written into the configuration space mapped to the thread slot into which it is being installed. These flags set the hFull bits for all H-Threads which are to run within the candidate. This has the effect of resetting all thread state within individual clusters. This is a safe procedure since no hIssue bits are set, so the thread will not attempt to issue from a non-existing IP. Then, individual H-Thread state is updated by reading thread context data and writing into the thread slot through configspace. After all register-file and membar counter state has been written, a series of 4 IP writes are made for each H-Thread. These writes prime a hardware restart engine which fetches instructions and can restart a thread. Lastly, the candidate is pushed to the end of the running list.

Chapter 7

Memory-Coherence Management

This chapter details the M-Machine's software-based memory-coherence protocol. As mentioned in previous chapters, the software implementation is closely tied to other OS components, such as the Physical Memory Manager and Thread Manager. The memory-coherence system provides the view of a single globally-shared virtual address space which is accessible by user threads independent of the node on which they execute. That is, any thread which performs a memory-reference to a word of virtual memory will have that request satisfied even if the segment of virtual memory is not mapped to the thread's home node. Each word of virtual memory is mapped, through the GTLB and a software Global Page Table (not implemented in the current runtime system), to an M-Machine node - the home node of that data. For purposes of the memory-coherence protocol described in this paper, the granularity is on an 8-word block basis (words in each 8-word block of memory must have the same home node in common). The term "memory block" (or just "block") refers to an 8-word section of virtual memory, the size of an individual cache-line, which may be shared among several nodes. In the rest of this chapter, the home node means the node to which a particular block of memory is mapped, and a requesting node is used to identify a node which wishes to access data from the home node. In rare instances, the home and reqesting nodes may be the same.

In broad terms, the memory-coherence manager allows threads to transparently read and modify blocks of memory which are not mapped to their local nodes. Load and store operations which attempt to access off-node data fault to software with *block-status* misses (BSM). A portion of the memory-coherence manager (MCM) which runs in the event-handler thread enqueues BSMs into a software event table, and sends out request messages for accessed blocks. Message-handing functions in the P0 and P1 Message Handler threads respond to request messages by modifying local coherence directories, local cache, and the LTLB, and send blocks to requesting nodes. Local message handlers on requesting nodes accept responses to the MCM requests sent out by the event handler and install blocks locally. The cache and LTLB of the requesting node is modified, and events pending to the block which were enqueued in the software event table are popped and satisfied at this time.

The following sections briefly describe the internal functions used by the MCM, present data structures employed by the home and requesting sides of the coherence protocol, and details the MCM implementation, including a state-machine model for tracking individual memory blocks.

7.1 Internal Functions

The MCM is split into three components which run as part of the event handler, and the two message handler threads. Table 7.1 lists the functions executed by the event handler thread. These functions may be grouped into three categories - functions which are executed as part of the requesting node's initial handling of blocks-status misses, functions which are executed in proxy for a requesting node's P1 Message Handler, and functions which are executed in proxy for a home node's P1 Message Handler. The proxy functions are actually wrapped up in the event handler's routine which services the software job queue, and are therefore shown in a stylized manner which does not actually appear in the source code.

The home node's MCM handles incoming requests for blocks, as well as acknowledgements for block invalidations which it sends out. These functions are outlined in table 7.2.

Lastly, the requesting node's MCM handles home node responses to the requests
that were sent out by its own event handler. It also responds to invalidation messages coming from the home node. These functions are outlined in table 7.3.

7.2 Data Structures

Each node's MCM uses two data structures - one for managing blocks for which the node is a home node, and the other for tracking requests for blocks which the node makes in its capacity as a requesting node. The home-node information is stored in a coherence directory, while requested blocks are stored in a software event table.

7.2.1 Coherence Directory

The coherence directory is simply a linked list of lists. Each toplevel entry in the list contains the address of a block of memory which is shared by at least one node, state information about the block, and a list of nodes which share that block (these are nodes to which this block has been sent). Blocks may be in one of three states. Read shared blocks may have multiple nodes which share them. Exclusive shared blocks may only be held by a single node. Transitioning blocks are in the process of being revoked from all sharers because a conflicting request for them has been made (a request for a readonly or exclusive copy for a block which was held exclusive by a different node, or a request for an exclusive copy if the block was held readonly by at least one node).

Functions are provided to add a new sharing node for a particular block (CCDirectory_addSharing) to the directory, and remove a sharing node from the list of nodes sharing a particular block (CCDirectory_popSharing). Other functions access and modify block state.

This current implementation is not efficient in terms of search time. Future implementations of the directory should use a chained hash table to access shared addresses with greater speed.



Figure 7-1: MCM Software Event Table

7.2.2 Software Event Table

The software event table is used by the cache-coherence manager to record blockstatus miss events which are being handled in software and maintain information about the status of blocks which have been requested from a home node. The table contains three-word entries and implicitly maps physical page frame numbers to virtual page numbers and queues of requests. That is, the *ith* entry in the table refers to the *ith* page frame on the local node which is used as backing for remote virtual memory blocks. This table is statically-sized at link time, or at the time that the Physical Memory Manager is asked to reserve a range of frames for backing of remote memory with the PPM_local2remote function. Figure 7-1 shows event table layout.

The event table is probed with both a virtual address and a physical page frame number to access event queues for that block. The frame number is used to directly index into the table and locate a table entry. The table entry's virtual page number field is compared against the page number portion of the virtual address. If the numbers match, the pointer to the entry's queue of requests is followed (the structure of the queue is described below). If no vpn match is made, the frame number is considered stale, and a page-table probe (PPM_lookup) must be performed. In this way, the software event table functions almost like a reverse page table, except that information that it holds may be stale and inconsistent with the local page table. State information is associated with each table entry as well. Currently the only state information is a bit which informs the caller that the physical frame associated with the entry is marked for eviction, and no new events should be added to its queue.

The last component of the event table entry is the software queue entry pointer. This identifies the head of a linked list of queue entries. Each queue entry represents an 8-word memory block for which event information is stored. There may be at most 64 such entries in any linked list since there are at most 64 different blocks within a virtual page. Each entry contains information on the state of the block (to be discussed later), a 64-bit invalidation pointer if the home node has requested that this block be invalidated and returned ¹, an address field which is used to identify which of the 64 blocks this block represents ², and pointers to the head and tail of an event list for this block. The event list is a collection of entries which represent block-status miss events which have been removed from the hardware event queue by the event handler. Each miss event entry contains all four words which compose a block status miss, and a *next* pointer for use in linked lists.

Use of these data structures will be explained when implementation is detailed. To obviate the need for dynamic memory allocation of these structures, a collection of software queue entries and miss event entries are statically allocated at compile-time and initialized into lists of available entries at runtime. Entries are popped from the lists of free entries when needed, and returned to these lists when no longer used in the event table. Since the event table is statically-sized at compile time, it also does not need any dynamic memory allocation.

¹Invalidation pointers are pointers to a *yankbuffer* structure, described later in this chapter.

²Although the current implementation uses a full 64 bits, only 6 are necessary since the rest may be reconstructed from the virtual page number of the containing event table entry.

7.3 Implementation

A memory-coherence protocol needs to handle a variety of common-case memorysharing requests, and deal properly with a number of more unusual cases which are a result of the asynchronous nature of multinode execution. This section first presents a simplified view of common-case operation of the coherence protocol, introducing how the different handlers interact and employ the data structures that were presented in the last section. The motivation for employing a state-machine model of block states is presented, along with the model. Further sections then explain handling of more subtle coherence cases.

7.3.1 Simplified Roundtrip Coherence Path

Figure 7-2 is helpful in clarifying the mechanisms introduced in this section.

All nodes initially start execution without sharing any remote data. Threads which reference off-node data begin the process of remote-block fetching and installation. The process begins when a thread causes an LTLB Miss, since while a page of virtual address space may have physical backing on its home node, a remote node will not have such backing. A thread (called the *faulting* thread in the rest of this section) which references off-node memory will cause an LTLB Miss with its memory reference which will invoke the Physical Memory Manager as described in chapter 4. The PMM will determine that the virtual address is a remote-address and create a new pagetable entry mapping the virtual page to a new backing page frame take from the remote backing pool. Block status bits for all blocks within the page will be set to invalid. When the hardware retries the memory-reference, an LTLB entry will be found, but block-status bits for the block containing the referenced address will be invalid. The hardware will therefore generate a Block Status Miss event and add it to the hardware event queue. The event, similar to the LTLB Miss Event, will contain a header word, faulting address, source data if the operation was a store, and a configuration space pointer into thread state for the faulting thread. A 20-bit field within the header word contains the frame number retrieved from the LTLB at the



Figure 7-2: End-To-End Communication in Simple-Path Coherence Protocol time that the block-status miss was generated. See table 7.4 for the event header format.

Sending a Request

When the event handler pops the block-status miss event from the hardware queue, it determines the type of the event from the low four bits of the header word. Finding that it is a block-status miss, the event handler dispatches the event to the _BSM_xx functions which interface assembly-coded portions of the event handler with higherlevel functions written in C. The assembly code then calls _EH_handle_bsm, passing it all four event words. This function uses the header's encoded physical page frame number to index into the event table and find an entry. Initially, all entries within the table will contain invalid mappings (virtual page numbers of -1). Therefore, the event handler will not find a match between the faulting address' page and the page in the table entry. At this point, the handler decides that the page information is stale (it could have been changed between the time that the hardware determined the mapping from the LTLB and the time that the event handler had removed the event from the hardware queue) and performs a page table lookup (calls PPM_lookup). The resulting page is again used to probe into the table and again a match will not be found. At this point, the handler must deduce that the event table entry is not current, and creates a mapping, simply by writing the faulting address' virtual page number into the entry's vpn field.

Having found a valid table entry for the fault, the event handler examines the backing page's state information, to make sure that the page is not marked for eviction. Since it is not (the table is initialized so), the handler attempts to enqueue the block-status miss event. Since the page table's queue pointer is null, a new software queue entry is popped from the list of free entries and added as the head of a new list. Its address field is set to that of the faulting address with the low 6 bits masked off (indicating an entire 8-word block). A new miss event entry is also popped, initialized with the event words, and added to the event queue for the block in which the faulting address resides. The function returns certain flags which enable the caller to determine what actions to take. The send_message flag is set because a new software queue entry was added, and therefore this was the first reference to this block. The calling function (the event dispatch handler) then decides to send a message to the home node of the faulting address, requesting that the remote block be sent back. A MSG_ccrequest priority 0 message is sent, containing the header word and virtual address. At this point, the work of the requesting node's event handler is complete. The node must now wait for an acknowledgement to its request.

All further events targetting the block in the meantime are added to the event queue for that block so that spurious request messages are not sent. As long as there are events remaining in the software queue for a particular block, new events are added but no messages are sent.

Fulfilling Requests

When it receives a MSG_ccrequest message, the home node's priority 0 message handler removes the message arguments from the message queue, packages them as function arguments, and calls the ccrequest function of the MCM. ccrequest examines the event header which was sent in the message and determines whether the request was for a readonly or an exclusive block based on the opcode of the operation that faulted on the requesting node. A 1d operation results in a call to ccrequest_1d while a st or any of the synchronizing ld/st variants result in a ccrequest_st, ccrequest_stsu or ccrequest_1dsu being called.

In any case, the home node checks the coherence directory to determine what is the state the requested block. Assuming that this is the first coherence request to be serviced, the directory will return the fact that the block is unshared. In this case, the directory is modified to have the requesting node as a sharer for the block in question. If this was a store request, the store which was requested to be performed is performed locally (the opdata passed in the request message is used as the data source of the store operation). Block-status bits for the block are then changed to INVALID, and the block is read out and sent as an acknowledgement to the requesting node. In response to a load request, the block-status bits are changed to READONLY since the home node's thread can continue reading the block, and the block is read out and sent to the requesting node.

Installing Remote Data

On the return path, the acknowledgement to the a block request returns to the requesting node as a ccreturnLoad or ccreturnStore, depending on the type of sharing which was granted (exclusive or readonly). In either case, the address and header which return in the acknowledgement are used by the MCM to index into the event table in the same manner as performed by the event handler. This time, there is a match between the entry's vpn and the vpn of the requested address (since this was correctly updated by the event handler prior to the request message being sent) and the entry's software queue pointer is followed and the queue entry for the appropriate block is found. The block contents are read out of the message queue by an assembly function and written into local memory (a backing page exists since there is a mapping in the event table from the ppn listed in the header, and the vpn in the faulting address). Block-status bits for the virtual address of the block are set properly (READONLY or READWRITE, depending on the type of sharing allowed). All events stacked up for the requested block are then handled in turn, by performing the faulted memory operations, this time on memory which has been installed locally. After all events have been processed, the event entries and software queue entry are returned to their free pools, and, if no other cache blocks have been requested for that particular virtual page, the pointer to the software queues in the table entry for the backing frame is reset to NULL.

7.3.2 Diverging from the Simple Case

This section begins to explore the more interesting cases which must be dealt with by the MCM. Each section will identify a case not covered in the above simplified example and ammend the actions taken by affected components. The cases will parallel the previous section in the order of the components that are introduced - starting with the event handler.

Out of Backing Pages

In the previous section, the page frame number located by the M-Machine memory system was assumed to be a valid physical page frame. As mentioned in section 4.5.2, the ppm will create a mapping of a virtual page number to physical page frame -1 if no backing frames for remote data remain. This information may be returned in the event header of a block-status miss. It is the policy of the MCM not to send requests for remote blocks unless physical backing is obtained first. Therefore, the MCM first performs a PPM_lookup to make sure that a mapping hasn't been created since the block-status miss first occured. If the lookup returns a valid page, the event handler can perform the probe as before and continue processing.

On the other hand, if an invalid mapping is returned again, the event handler

makes note that cleaning of shared pages must be performed to free up a backing frame, and adds the entire event to a local software queue, effectively recirculating it so that it may continue taking a look at the event from time to time and being able to finally satisfy it when physical backing is obtained. Meanwhile, to prevent user threads from continuing to cause block-status misses and overfilling the recirculation queue, all user threads are prevented from issuing instructions (the event handler turns off their hIssue thread state bits).

In order to find pages suitable for reuse, the event handler may run through the event table, looking for entries which have no pointers to software queues of events. Such pages are ripe for eviction since no outstanding requests to their pages remain and therefore all of the shared blocks within these pages may be evicted (and sent back to their home nodes if dirty). In order to evict a shared page, the event handler performs the following actions:

- 1. Performs 64 *putcstat* operations, setting block-status bits for each block within the page to *invalid*. Putcstat's return value, the previous block-status bits, are used to check whether each block was dirty. Every dirty block is shipped back to the home node with a **sysPushDirty** call, which sends the address and the 8-words of the block to the home node in a MSG_ccreturnDirty message.
- 2. Calls PPM_unmap to remove old virtual-physical mapping for the virtual page being evicted.
- 3. Returns the backing page to the backing page chain with a call to PPM_reclaim_remote.

After a virtual page has been evicted and the backing frame is returned for reuse, the event handler makes a PPM_map call to give physical backing to a new virtual page, which was missing backing previously. Finally, the entry corresponding to the newly-acquired backing page is modified to reflect a new virtual page number, and the process of adding a new software queue entry may continue as before.

If no pages may be evicted right away (each entry in the event table has a valid software queue pointer, signifying that there is at least one outstanding event per page waiting for a block to be returned), some pages are chosed for eviction and their state bits in the event table are set, indicating that no new events are to target these pages since they must be evicted.

In order to prevent running out of backing page frames, the event handler is designed to examine the number of page frames remaining after each event is handled. If the frame count is below a watermark, the handler must perform preemptive page eviction to free up backing frames. This may be accomplished by keeping a pointer into the event table which is advanced until a suitable candidate frame (one with a valid VPN mapping, but no queue pointer) is found. This frame undergoes the eviction process described in the steps above and may be added to the backing pool.

Backing Page is Marked for Eviction

The case in the previous section presents another problem for the event handler. If it finds an event table entry for the faulting address and the virtual pages match, the physical page frame may be locked. If the state bit for that entry is set, the event handler is prevented from adding the new event to the software queue (although one optimization is to allow it to add the event if it targets an existing block, so that the event will be handled with all other events for that block as soon as the home node returns the necessary data) and must recirculate it. This case becomes analogous to the event handler not having an appropriate backing page, although in this particular instance no search for new backing pages is required.

A modification to the priority 1 message handler which deals with returning blocks must be made as well. When the last software queue entry for a particular virtual page has been freed and the event table entry's software queue pointer set to NULL, the message handler must check the status bit of that entry. If the status bit is set, the page is ready for eviction. Since the P1 message handler is not allowed to send out messages (this is to avoid deadlock in the machine's network) and message-sends of dirty blocks may be required when performing a page eviction, the P1MH enqueues an eviction job with the event handler in the handler's software job queue. Some time in the future, the event handler will respond to the eviction request and perform the same type of operations in evicting a page as mentioned in the previous subsection.

Invalidations Required

Moving to the home node of requested data, the case of incompatible block sharing arises. As mentioned briefly at the beginning of this chapter, when the home node probes the coherence directory, it may discover that several nodes are sharing a block which has just been requested as an exclusive copy; or a node other than the requesting node may have an exclusive copy of the block. In both cases, all of the nodes currently sharing the block must have their shared copies revoked, before the latest request can be satisfied.

The home node performs the invalidation with the help of a new data structure the yankbuffer. The yankbuffer records information about the request which caused the invalidation to be performed, and the number of invalidation messages outstanding. A circular buffer of pointers to free yankbuffers is accessed to acquire a new yankbuffer. This circular buffer is then used to return a yankbuffer for reuse once the invalidation process has completed. The invalidation protocol begins as follows: a new yankbuffer is acquired and the four words of request information written into it. The requesing node number is written as well, so that the MCM knows which node sent this request. Lastly, the number of nodes which currently share the block is written into the yankbuffer.

With the yankbuffer initialized, the message handler sets the state of the block in the coherence directory from shared exclusive or shared readonly, to TRANSITION-ING, signifying the fact that an invalidation of this block is in progress. The message handler begins popping nodes from the coherence directory list of sharers for the requested block and sends an MSG_ccinvalidate message to each. The block address and yankbuffer address are sent in each message. Once all messages have been sent, the message handler's immediate task is complete, and it is ready to handle the next incoming message. Other portions of the MCM will respond to the invalidations and cause the block to be sent to the requesting node which caused the invalidations.

As acknowledgements to the invalidation messages arrive at the P1 message handler (invoking the ccreturnYank and ccreturnyankFull functions), the yankbuffer pointer that is sent along is used to decrement the invalidation count within the buffer. Dirty blocks which are returned in acknowledgements are copied into home node local memory.

All requests for blocks which come in while the blocks are in the transitioning state are NACKed back to their senders. This frees the home node from buffering requests for blocks locally, and instead places the burden of buffering on the network and requesting nodes, as NACKs are returned to home nodes, buffered, and new requests sent out.

Once the invalidation count reaches zero, the state of the requested block on the home node may be returned to the exclusive-copy state since (1) all node which had previously shared the block have acknowledged that they no longer hold copies, and (2) no new copies were given out since any new requests are met with a NACK. The state in the coherence directory remains transitioning, however. The original event is read out of the yankbuffer and added as a job to the event handler so that the full block-request code may be executed. The event cannot be handled directly by the P1MH since a reponse to a block request involves a message-send, which it not allowed for the P1MH. The state of the block in the coherence directory remains transitioning, to make the window of vulnerability when another request may come in an acquire rights to the block ahead of the original request as small as possible. The yankbuffer is returned to the circular buffer of free yankbuffers.

As the event handler performs the request procedure, it removes the block from the coherence directory (since no node is sharing the block) and calls the ccrequest function (normally called by message-dispatch code) directly, passing it the event information enqueued in its software job queue entry. At this point, the entire invalidation procedure is complete and the request which originally caused the invalidations gets another chance to acquire the block.

Receiving NACKs

In the previous subsection, the home node was shown to be capable of sending NACKs in response to block requests. This section describes how the requesting node's P1MH must deal with NACKs. Since the events which caused the request messages to be sent are still enqueued in software, the MCM does not need to perform another lookup in the event table when it receives a NACK. Intead, it needs to add a job for the event handler to resend the NACKed request. The actual NACK message which is sent by the home node contains the entire contents of the original request message. This makes it quite a simple task for the P1MH to add a resend request for the event handler - it passes all of the words of the NACK message to the EH. The event handler will dequeue the request some time in the future and retransmit the request. Once again, the reason that the P1MH cannot retransmit the request on its own is to avoid deadlock in the network - the P1MH is not allowed to send out any messages. Figure 7-3 summarizes the invalidation protocol.

Performing Block-Invalidation

Another task that the MCM must now perform is invalidating shared blocks in response to invalidation requests from the home node. When an invalidation message arrives, it bears only the virtual address, and does not contain any physical page frame information as events do. Therefore, the P0MH which handles the invalidation request must perform an explicit PPM_lookup to determine the local page frame which is used for backing the virtual page in question. The putcstat operation is performed on the virtual address to set block-status bits to *invalid* and return the previous state of the block. If the block was dirty, the page frame number is used along with the low 12 bits of the virtual address to determine the offset within the page frame where the block resides, and to read the block out into an acknowledgement message to be sent to the home node. In any case, the invalidation is acknowledged with either a simple ACK or an ACK bearing the contents of a dirty shared block. The invalidate ACK also contains the yankbuffer pointer which was passed in the invalidate message. As described above, this yankbuffer pointer is used on the return trip by the home node's P1MH to decrement the invalidate counter and decide when all nodes which shared the block have relinquished their copies.



Figure 7-3: Block Invalidation in Memory Coherence Protocol

Dealing with Orderless Messages and Asynchrony

The protocol design presented so far seems to handle a variety of special cases, but the more interesting remain to be covered in this section. Particular problems arise when guarantees on message-ordering don't exist³, and when asynchronous invalidation and NACK messages must be dealt with.

A requesting node may receive an invalidation message while it is still installing a newly-acquired block. Should the original ACK message to the block request be crossed with a later invalidation message, the requesting node may even receive the invalidation message before the actual data ACK arrives. To handle these cases, the

³At the time of the coherence protocol design, the M-Machine did not guarantee message ordering. The machine hardware has since been ammended to allow in-order messages to be used.

coherence protocol employs a state-machine model for memory blocks. That is, each block which has an entry in the event table has associated with it a state. This state helps MCM components decide what to do when messages or events concerning that block arrive. A block state is represented using five bits which encode the history of requests and responses targetting that block. These bits are:

- 1. PX : Pending Read/Write Request
- 2. PR : Pending Read Request
- 3. I : Block Needs to be Invalidated
- 4. AX : ACK to R/W Request Received
- 5. NX : NACK to R/W Request Received

Initially, a software queue entry for a block gets its state set to PX or PR, depending on whether a readonly or readwrite copy of the block was requested from the home node. This records the fact that a request for the block has been sent to the home node and the requesting node is waiting for a NACK or ACK to return. In some instances, both PX and PR bits will be set - this occurs when first a read-invalid block-status miss is handled and the event handler sends out a request for a readonly copy of the block. Later, store to the same block will cause a write-invalid miss which will require that an exclusive copy of the block be requested. The EH will alter the state of the block from PR to (PR | PX) to note that two requests have been sent.

Should an invalidate message arrive before the actual data returns, the I state will be added to the block state. This will allow the MCM to keep track of the fact that after the request is ACKed or NACKed, an invalidation should be performed. The MCM cannot invalidate its block immediately after the invalidation message arrives because the invalidation and reponse to a block request could have gotten crossed, resulting in a block coming back later which should have been invalidated. If an invalidate message arrives when the block state is zero (meaning no software queue entry even exists for the block), it is safe to perform the invalidation immediately since no request messages for that block have been sent.



Figure 7-4: State Transition Diagram for Requested Blocks

Transitions which are performed when new messages arrive at the requesting node, or when events occur, can then be defined on these states. A state-transition diagram which is to be followed for each block is shown in figure 7-4. In this figure, transitions are triggered by the arrival of messages (NACK(X), ACK(X), NACK(R), ACK(R)) and new events (RI for read to an invalid block, WI for write to an invalid block, WR for write to a readonly block). This transition diagram clarifies the job of the MCM. When an invalidate message arrives for a block whose state is PR or PX, for instance, the invalidate bit is added to the state and the yankbuffer pointer is added to the software queue entry for that block (hence the need for an invalidate pointer entry in the event queue data structure). If an ACK for the block is returned, the block will be installed, all of the events pending to it will be resolved, and then a job enqueued with the event handler will request that the handler perform an invalidation phase. The previously-stored yankbuffer pointer will be used when the block is invalidated and shipped, if necessary, to the home node. If a NACK arrives, a job for the event handler will be enqueued so that first the block is invalidated, and then a new request for the block is sent (since the MCM always resends requests if it receives a NACK).

This state-machine model tolerates out-of-order messages and asynchronous invalidations by imposing a rigid flow of control on the MCM and only allowing actions to be taken if the block is in a known and consistent state with the action being performed: for instance invalidated if no more messages are pending for that block.

With the state-machine model in place, the MCM design becomes more complete. When an event entry is enqueued for a particular block, the software queue entry's state is updated with proper PX and PR bits. An invalidation message handler (the code in ccInvalidate) first checks the state of a block to determine which state-transition to perform. Similarly, the P1MH checks block state when ACKs and NACKs arrive, to determine which actions to take. Usually in response to ACKs, this involves installing the block and then transitioning to a completed state or enqueuing jobs with the event handler to perform latent invalidations. In response to NACKs the actions are to enqueue jobs with the event handler, the nature of the jobs dependent on the block state - either invalidate-and-send-request, or send-request if no invalidation is required.

Dealing With Concurrency

Since all of the threads which work in concert to provide memory-coherence need to access the MCM data structures (the event table on the requesting node, and the coherence directory on the home node) locks are used to enforce serialized access. The current implementation uses extremely coarse interlocks - a single lock is assigned to each data structure (sqlock for the event table, and ccdirlock for the coherence directory). These locks must be acquired before functions which access and/or modify their associated data structures may be called. It is important to note here that regardless of lock granularity, the system must be implemented in such a way, that the event handler and P0 message handler may not hold locks which will prevent the P1MH from making progress at the time that they send out messages. As mentioned several times before, this is to prevent deadlocks from occuring - the P1MH must always be able to make progress and service its message queue even if other OS components such the the MCM running in an event handler slot are blocked, waiting to send a message into a saturated network.

When blocks are being installed, it is sometimes worthwhile for the P1MH to unlock the event table each time that it pops a new event from the event table which targets that block. This allows the event handler which is popping block status misses from the hardware event queue to add the event to the event table even while previous events are being popped off. This prevents spurious messages from being sent for blocks which are already installed locally. However, the system must be able to handle the case that a spurious message is sent. This may occur if the P1MH runs through all of the event table entries for a block that it received and then removes all traces that the block was installed, by deallocating the software queue entry for that block. Meanwhile, a latent block-status miss to the newly-installed block may be popped by the event handler, and a new event entry will be created. Since no software queue entry will have been found, the event handler decides to send a request message for the block. The home node will notice that the requesting node had already been listed as a sharer of the block, but will oblige with another copy. This allows requesting nodes to flush their shared blocks without having to inform the home node. The only side-effect of this flushing is that unnecessary invalidation messages may sometimes be sent by the home node.

Normally, installing a duplicate block is not a problem. However, if the original block was installed as exclusive, it may already be dirty by the time the second (and stale) home node's copy of the block arrives. This means that the requesting node, when executing the code in ccreturnStore may not blindly install the block that it received in the ACK message. Instead, it must check the existing block-status bits of the block which was previously installed (local block) and determine whether the block is dirty or not. If the local block is dirty or readwrite, the stale copy is not installed. If, however, the local block is in the a readonly or invalid state, the block in the message is installed. In either case, all events pending to the block are satisfied as before.

Function	Туре	Description
INVALIDATE(int node, void *address, void *yankbuffer)	Request Proxy	Invalidates the memory block identified by <i>ad</i> - <i>dress</i> from the local cache and sets block-status bits to <i>invalid</i> in the LTLB and/or page table. Sends an acknowledgement to the home node <i>node</i> , sending along the <i>yankbuffer</i> . If the block was dirty, sends the dirty block within the ac- knowledgement.
RESENDSTORE(int header, void *address, int opdata, void *faultCP	Request Proxy	Sends a ccrequest message to the home node of <i>address</i> .
RESENDLOAD(int header, void *address, int opdata, void *faultCP	Request Proxy	Sends a ccrequest message to the home node of <i>address</i> .
INV_STORE()	Request Proxy	Combination of the INVALIDATE and RE- SENDSTORE/RESENDLOAD cases above. First invalidates a block and returns it to the home node. Then sends a request for it.
INV_LOAD()	Request Proxy	Same as above
REQUEST(int header, void *address, int opdata, void *faultCP)	Home Proxy	Executes the function ccrequest as if a request message for the block identified by <i>address</i> was received.
EH_handle_bsm(int header, void *address, int opdata, void *faultCP	BSM Handling	Responds to a local Block-Status Miss event. Enqueues the event (composed of the 4 argument words) into the software event table and returns status flags which tell the calling function what type of request message (if any) to send out. Returns 0 on error. A flag of $0x1$ means no failure was detected. A flag of $0x2$ means that a ccrequest message should be sent to the home node of <i>address</i> . A flag of $0x4$ requests that the thread which caused the event be prevented from issuing any more instructions. A flag of $0x8$ means that teh event request should be recirculated and tried again later.

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Table 7.1: Event Handler's MCM functions

Function	Туре	Description
<pre>ccrequest(void *address, int header, int opdata, void *faultCP, int node)</pre>	priority 0	Processes a request for the block containing ad- dress from node node. Dispatches to helper func- tions ccrequest_st and ccrequest_ld depend- ing on the type of operation encoded in header. May also call ccyankline if a shared block needs to be revoked from current sharing nodes. Sends a response to node, bearing the requested mem- ory block or a NACK, or has the event handler do so in proxy at a later time.
ccreturnyankFull(int *yank_buffer)	priority 1	Processes an acknowledgement to an invalida- tion message. The acknowledgement contains a dirty block which must be installed locally. Once installed, the original request which lead to the invalidation is processed in proxy by the event handler.
ccreturnYank(int *yank_buffer)	priority 1	Processes an acknowledgement to an invali- dation message. Decrements an invalidation counter for each such acknowledgement re- ceived. If the counter reaches zero, the block is considered unshared again and the request which lead to the invalidation is processed in proxy by the event handler.

Table 7.2: Home Node MCM functions

Function	Туре	Description
ccNackRO(void *address, int header, int opdata, void *faultCP, int node)	priority 1	Deals with a NACK returned by the home node in response to a readonly sharing request. Usu- ally, the event handler is asked to resend the original request, to the home node, <i>home</i> . The first four arguments to this function are the ar- guments which were returned in the NACK, and used in the repeat request by the event handler.
ccNackRW()	priority 1	Same as above, except that the NACK is in response to an exclusive block request.
ccinvalidate(void *address, void *bufPtr, int node)	priority 0	Responds to an invalidation request from the home node, <i>node</i> , of the block identified by <i>ad</i> - <i>dress</i> . Takes steps to invalidate the block locally and, if dirty, to ship it back to the home node.
ccreturnLoad(void *address, int header, int node)	priority 1	Installs the block which is returned in response to a readonly sharing request from node <i>node</i> . The 8 words of the block remain in the hardware message queue and are read out by an assembly- level helper function.
ccreturnStore()	priority 1	Same as above, except that the block is installed for read/write as an exclusive copy.

Table 7.3: Requesting Node MCM functions

Description	bits
OP_ACTION	56 - 63
issuing thread slot	48 - 55
issuing functional unit	42 - 47
issuing cluster	40 - 41
target register file	36 - 39
target register	32 - 35
target cc	28 - 31
precondition	26 - 27
postcondition	24 - 25
physical page frame number	4 - 23
event type	0 - 3

Table 7.4: Event Header Format

Chapter 8

Exposing System Calls to User Threads

The runtime system managers mentioned in previous chapters need to export certain system calls to user programs. This is accomplished through the use of jump tables and load-time program patching - mechanisms described in this chapter.

In order to allow user programs to safely access certain system function entry points, the programs need to be given *entry* pointers into runtime system code which they may then use to perform jmp instructions. The runtime system currently uses an object file called **syscall**.o which is linked with every user-level executable. This file contains stubs for all exported system calls which the program may wish to use. The stubs are simply functions which load system entry pointers from memory and jump on them. Entry pointers are loaded from locations in the data segment which are flagged to the loader as needing to be patched. This simplifies interfacing with the M-Machine compiler, since the compiler has no notion of which functions are system functions. Therefore, it expects to be able to place references to external system functions and have them resolved at link time. Again, this is already accomplished by having syscall.o contain stubs for all system functions, which means that from the point of view of the compiler and linker, a user-level executable has all of its symbols resolved before it is loaded. Figure 8-1 shows an example of a stub written in M-Machine assembly.

```
_tFork::
	GET_FRAME
	LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_tFork_ptr, itemp0, DStart) /* load ldptr value */
	instr ialu jmp itemp0; /* jump to system code */
	instr ;
	instr ;
	CALC_RETIP
	RETURN /* return to caller */
```

Figure 8-1: Sample syscall.m stub

Since stubs load system entry pointers from memory and the values of these entry pointers are known only at load time, the syscall.o object file contains magic numbers and relocation entries within it which signify that certain locations of its data segments need to be patched with pointers at load time. These pointers are called ldptr in the assembly language, and have their own relocation type. The trusted loader reads the object file, looking for ldptr relocations and replacing the contents of the data segment where the ldptrs are stored with entry pointers into system code. The magic numbers stored where the ldptr's are defined are used to determine which system function entry pointer needs to be stored there. The trusted loader is passed a table of associations between magic numbers and system entry pointers. This allows the syscall.o to create a table of ldptr values in its data segment, and use the stubs to load these values and jump on them. This patching is safe, since the user cannot trick the loader into giving out privileged information - any entry pointer which can be given out defines a protected entry point, and only entry pointers which the OS is willing to give out are passed to the loader. Examples of ldptr usage from syscall.m are shown in figure 8-2.

The entry pointer table passed to the loader is constructed at boot time, with values which are taken from system call function stubs, offset from the runtime IP. These are usually physical addresses. System call function stubs exist for each actual system function and act as an interface to the system function. Once called, the stubs perform two tasks. First, they issue an *mbar* instruction, which insures that

data; align 0 mod 8; _tFork_ptr:: ldptr 0x0000ffffaaaaaab0; _tExit_ptr:: ldptr 0x0000ffffaaaaaaab;

Figure 8-2: Sample syscall.m ldptr usage

```
_tForkX::
                          -- issue mbar right away to keep registers safe
      instr memu mbar;
      GET_FRAME
      PUSH(DStart)
                           -- save caller's data segment pointer
      instr ialu imm __SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR, itemp0;
                                                   -- offset where system's
                                                    ---
                                                        data pointer is stored
      instr ialu leab IP, itemp0, DStart;
                                                   -- create a pointer
                                                   --
                                                        to this offset
      instr memu 1d DStart, DStart;
                                                    -- load system's data
                                                        pointer off the IP
      FCALL(_SYStFork)
                                                    -- call the actual runtime
                                                        system function
      SPOP(DStart)
                                                    -- restore user's data ptr
      RETURN
                                                    -- return to caller
```

Figure 8-3: Sample runtime stub

any memory operations which the caller performed will complete and overwrite any registers before the stub continues execution. This prevents a malicious user from issuing memory operations which may overwrite the register set of structed code as it begins execution. Secondly, while the IP of the executing system code points into runtime system space (as opposed to the user-level caller's space), the data segment pointer still points to the caller's data segment. The system function stub saves away the existing data segment pointer, and then loads the runtime system data pointer off its IP. The runtime data segment pointer is stored there at system boot time, for the express purpose of making it available to system-function callees. A runtime stub for the tFork system call is shown in figure 8-3.

Chapter 9

Performance Measurements

This chapter presents performance measurements of some runtime system components. It should be noted that although cycle-counts are included, these numbers are the result of executing a runtime system which was compiled with a compiler still under development and with absolutely no optimizations being performed. The more interesting numbers to examine are the breakdown of cycle-counts within long-latency operations to determine where most of the time is being spent.

9.1 The LTLB Miss Handler and Physical Memory Management

Tables 9.1 and 9.2 list the cycle counts of performing physical memory management tasks by the LTLB Miss Handler. Note that table lookups are quite fast, but the time to create a new mapping, which involves acquiring a new page frame from the free page list, is the largest component of an LTLB Miss.

9.2 Virtual Memory Allocation

The virtual segment manager takes an average of 950 cycles to allocate and return a virtual segment. A selected run is shown in table 9.3.

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Initial LPT lookup	283	Lookup fails
Create new mapping	1398	Creates new virtual-physical mapping
Second Lookup	236	Added entry now found
Find conflicting LTLB Entry	266	For evicting existing LTLB entry
Writing new LTLB Entry	231	Evict old entry and write new one
Other	1423	
Total	3837	Total time to handle a miss to an unallocated page

Table 9.1: Cycle count breakdown of LTLB Miss Handling

Function	Cycles	Notes
PPM_lookup	1281	Lookup a mapping in the page table
PPM_unmap	1789	Remove a mapping from both LTLB and the page table

Table 9.2: Cycle counts for selected PPM functions

9.3 Thread Management

Table 9.4 shows that aside from thread context allocation and initialization, forking off a thread is quite inexpensive. This suggests that keeping available thread contexts around after they are destroyed may help improve performance.

9.4 Memory-Coherence

Table 9.9 shows a cycle-breakdown for handling a block-status-miss by the event handler. Note that while the event table is being updated, the update is not being directly simulated. It is expected that this time will be quite substantial. Cycle counts

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Jump to protected subsystem	95	Including an mbar and restoring system data ptr
Allocate new segment	801	Actual buddy list allocation
Return from subsystem	31	Includes restoring user's data ptr
Total	927	Total time to allocate a virtual segment

Table 9.3: Cycle count breakdown of Virtual Memory Allocation

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Subsystem entry	89	
Allocate new thread context	935	See VSM times in previous section
Initialize thread context	7279	
Allocate thread stack	1248	
Add job to EH job queue	1033	Tells EH to add thread to pending list
Add job to EH job queue	1025	Tells EH to perform scheduling
Return from subsystem	126	
Other	1837	
Total	13572	Total time to fork off a thread

Table 9.4: Cycle count breakdown of tFork

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Pop from pending list	162	Get a new candidate
Install candidate	2725	Includes copying entire register state
Other	348	
Total	3235	Total time to install a thread into empty slot

Table 9.5: Cycle count breakdown of tInstall

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Subsystem entry	104	
Signal T_CHILD_EXIT	4685	Includes allocating signal entry
Add EH job	788	Add EXIT signal
Other	1316	
Total	6893	Total time for a thread to call tExit and block

Table 9.6: Cycle count breakdown of tExit

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Send spawn message	2018	Includes nonce allocation (1718 cycles)
Perform tSleep on nonce	2800	
Return Signal Message Processing	4453	Time to wake from when signal arrives
Total	9217	Does not include time that thread was sleeping

Table 9.7: Cycle count breakdown of sender tSpawn

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Perform local fork	9267	
Perform signal on nonce	564	Sends message to spawner's node
Other	326	
Total	10157	Doesn't include time that remote caller was sleeping

Table 9.8: Cycle count breakdown of receiving tSpawn request

for handling BSM's which don't require message-sends average about 410. This means that there is about a 700-cycle premium to sending out a request message, putting a thread to sleep, and performing other bookkeeping.

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Assembly prologue	37	Time to call C handler function
Add to event table	174	This is not simulated
Stop thread from issuing (icache miss)	261	
Request Message send	126	Read out data and send request message
Other	495	
Total	1093	Time to handle a block-status miss

Table 9.9: Cycle count breakdown of handling a BSM

Table 9.10 shows cycle breakdowns for handling a coherence request by the home node. Note that as above, the coherence directory code is not being simulated and is expected to be a substantial portion of the total execution time. The total roundtrip time from block-status-miss to completion of line installation is about 8400 cycles, or about 1050 cycles per event to that line (the cycles of adding events after the initial request has been sent overlap the response times).

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Page-table lookup	1471	
Reading and sending cache line	106	
Other	1182	Includes coherence directory modification
Total	2759	Time to handle a cc request

Table 9.10: Cycle count breakdown of home node's handling a ccrequest

Subcomponent	Cycles	Notes
Read line from message and install	75	1
Pop and satisfy 8 events to line	3326	(415 cycles/event)
Other	1116	
Total	4517	Time to handle a cc ACK

Table 9.11: Cycle count breakdown of requesting node's handling an ACK

Chapter 10

Status and Future Directions

In this chapter, I present a broad overview of the currently-implemented MARS components and chart a course for what work remains to be done to develop MARS into a truly robust system.

10.1 Key OS Features and Contributions

The operating system presented in this thesis is quite novel. This is in great part due to the unique hardware platform to which MARS is tailored. The M-Machine's support for multiple thread contents, hardware-based capabilities, and configurationspace access to hardware state has been presented. What sets MARS apart most strongly from existing operating systems is its reliance on a collection of concurrentlyexecuting managers to perform OS functions, instead of a single monolithic kernel or even microkernel. Most systems, regardless of light or heavyweight nature of the kernel, still require user-level programs to fault into a single-threaded kernel. With up to four system-level handlers able to execute at the same time, (and several additional protected subsystems in user slots) MARS is a truly decentralized operating system. The highest priority thread - the PMM - is still just a single thread performing only physical page management.

The use of capabilities by the OS can dramatically enhance performance. By turning thread context pointers used by MARS into Key pointers and giving them away to user-level threads, the OS is able to obviate the use of more levels of indirection in order to protect threads. At the same time, once the thread context pointer is passed to a trusted OS component, the conversion of pointer type allows the system to access thread state very quickly, without requiring a lookup table. Capabilities are also used by the loader and runtime system to export system calls to user threads. Again, because no fault is required to enter a trusted subsystem, and because systemlevel code may execute in a user-level thread slot, performance of other threads is not affected.

By coupling a single virtual address space (in itself not a novel idea) with capabilities, MARS is able to provide efficient shared memory for all user and higher-level system threads. No special provisions are required to map virtual address spaces independently for each thread. A single virtual address map simplifies page and thread management. Context switches need only deal with register contents and other localized thread state.

Finally, the low-level support for coherent memory across the nodes of a multiprocessor makes MARS quite unique. Although operating systems like Mach may rely on hardware-based coherence, or allow a software coherence layer to be built independently using add-on memory managers, MARS takes a middle-ground. This results in memory-coherence more flexible than if built into hardware, at a performance cost. Because the coherence system is built on such a low level - within the message and event handlers - higher-level components are free to execute in such an environment. For example, the system-level loader can easily distribute a data segment of a newly-loaded executable over several nodes without requiring explicit message-passing. Simply storing a large array into virtual memory striped across several nodes will transparently distribute it. This makes the task of writing not only user-level programs, but also other system routines much simpler. This is certainly demonstrated by the ease with which multithreaded shared-memory code may be written under this OS (as shown by the example programs in appendix E).

10.2 Existing Components

The MARS system is composed of a collection of assembly and C source code files which compiled, assembled, and linked into a single executable. This executable is loaded into the M-Machine Simulator for testing and development work, and runs completely in physical memory.

The bootstrap - the boot.m assembly file - is the first to execute. It spawns off remaining system threads and performs initialization of the four managers presented in previous chapters. Each of the four system-level handlers contains an assembly-level portion which sets up arguments by popping events from hardware-mapped registers and calls on higher level functions written in C. The handlers are the event handler (event.m), P0 and P1 message handlers (both in message_event.m), and LTLB miss handler (ltlb_event.m). Sthe syscall.m assembly file contains stubs which allow user-level programs to call on exported system calls. This file is assembled and linked with user programs and is not linked into the runtime system.

The components written in C are divided on a roughly functional basis.

The physical memory manager is composed of the ltlb_body.c, ppm.c, lpt.c, and pplist.c files.

The virtual-memory manager is composed of stubs in **vmem.m** and actual routines in **buddy.c**.

The thread manager is divided into tmanager.c, tmanager2.c, and tsignal.c, with certain stubs written in boot.m.

Cache-coherence code is in cc_home.c and cc_request.c, with stubs in boot.m to handle message-sends and line-installation.

The cache-coherence data structures are actually compiled into the M-Machine simulator instead of being part of the runtime system. Both the cache-coherence directory and the event table are some of the largest components which remain to be fully implemented within the runtime system. Table 10.1 shows the breakdown of OS components by source file.

File	Description
boot.m	Main system bootstrap. Also includes several assembly stubs for special instructions and message sends.
event.m	Event handler H-Thread source code. Marshalls arguments before calling code in eh.c
ltlb_event.m	LTLB Miss Handler H-Thread/PMM source code. Marshalls arguments before calling code in ltlb_body.c
message_event.m	P0 and P1 Message Handler source code. Interfaces to routines in memory-coherence and thread management functions.
sysloader.m	Loads user programs into memory and executes them.
vmem.m	Assembly stubs for VMM. Calls VSM functions in buddy.c
buddy.c	Virtual Segment Manager source code.
cc_home.c	Home node end of memory-coherence functions.
cc_request.c	Requesting node end of memory-coherence functions.
eh.c	Event Handler source code - for dealing with the software job queue, as well as responding to block-status miss events.
lpt.c	Local Page Table management tasks of the physical memory man- ager.
ltlb_body.c	Core LTLB Miss Handler code written in C.
pplist.c	Code to manage free page chains. Written by Andy Shultz from design by the author.
ppm.c	Physical Page Manager code for dealing with individual map/unmap/reclaim calls. Written by Andy Shultz from design by the author.
sq.c	Event Table code for use in memory-coherence. Currently incor- porated directly into the M-Machine simulator and not linked into the runtime executable.
tmanager.c	Code for the thread manager dealing mostly with forking, evicting, and installing threads.
tmanager2.c	Additional code for the thread manager, dealing mostly with exit- ing a thread and maintaining parent/child linkages.
tsignal.c	Thread manager code dealing with signal/sleep.

Table 10.1: MARS Sources Files

10.3 Future Work

Additional debugging and testing still needs to be performed on the runtime system to iron out bugs, although several test programs which have excercised all aspects of the runtime system, from memory-management to thread creation and communication to memory-coherence, have been successfully executed. These programs include the tfork suites (tfork2.c, tfork3.c, and tfork4.c), the matmul parallel matrix multiply programs (matmul1.c and matmul2.c), and iterative Jacobian relaxation programs (jacoby.c, jacoby2.c, jacoby3.c, jacoby4.c, jacoby5.c, and jacoby6.c).

10.3.1 Loader

The system's loader is an assembly stub which calls into the M-Machine simulator to perform actual program-loading. This component should be implemented as a protected subsystem able to run completely in virtual memory and load other processes without requiring low-level interaction with the runtime system - aside from the I/O aspect of accessing an executable's raw contents, calls to vmem_alloc and tFork are all that are required.

10.3.2 Memory-Coherence

The memory-coherence data structures and code for manipulating them should be moved out of the simulator and into the runtime system directly. This includes porting the implementations of the SSQEnqueue, SSQDeqeuue, SSQGetState, SSQSetState, and other such functions. The work should be relatively simple because the existing implementation is already written in C. The more involved development work must deal with the implementation of the backing-page invalidation and eviction strategy which was presented in the memory-coherence chapter. This will also require that the event handler call upon the physical page manager to determine the number of available backing pages. A low watermark will require preemptive evictions of shared lines to make more pages available should they become necessary. Speed optimizations to improve average-case performance for directory lookups will require modifying the existing memory-coherence directory code to use a chained hash table instead of a simple linked-list of memory-block addresses.

10.3.3 Virtual Memory Management

The deallocation of virtual segments and underlying garbage-collection phase needs to be designed. This involves collecting dirty virtual segments in the dirty buddy list on each node and then performing a garbage-collection phase at very infrequent intervals. The actual garbage-collection will involve several phases. First, an initial round of communication needs to be performed so that all nodes enter into a garbagecollection phase, and prevent user threads from issuing any operations. In addition, all event and message queues need to be drained to remove any latent events and messages which may contain pointers to dirty segments. In a second phase, all local register files and physical memory needs to be examined to look for references to dirty segments. Any pointers which are found need to be replaced (perhaps with errval pointers) or NULL pointers). The system must be careful to avoid physical memory used by the OS itself. After local cleanup is completed, references to dirty segments must also be removed from all other nodes on the machine, so the garbage-collector needs to contact all other nodes and ask them to perform a local cleaning. Upon completion of the cleaning phase, another round of communication needs to inform nodes that garbage-collection is complete, and user threads may issue.

10.3.4 UNIX Personality

An entire UNIX system-call layer may be written using the low-level system primitives. This will present a familiar system-level interface for programmers to target without sacrificing general system performance. Thread and process-creation calls would be most interesting to implement in terms of MARS calls. Process creation calls like **fork** and **exec** would require little additional work and may be written in terms of primitives like **tFork**. The **signal** and **waitpid** would perhaps be the most challenging. The UNIX idea of letting programs install system handlers to dispatch
on signal events can be extended in the MARS system to allow dispatch threads to run, which absolves the runtime system of needing to save away current program state when handling a signal. Synchronization between the main thread and its signal handlers will need to be designed, however.

In terms of memory-allocation, it is quite likely that the UNIX sbrk call may be a NULL call if user threads are given enough virtual address space for code, data, and stack at the outset. Giving threads very large address spaces does not introduce a tremendous inefficiency problem since on-demand backing of virtual pages with physical page frames allows threads to have access to large address spaces without wasting physical memory.

Appendix A

MARS Messages

This appendix chapter lists the messages employed by MARS.

Message IP	Message Words	Description
MSG_ccreturnDirty	address word1 word8	Returns the a dirty block named by <i>address</i> to the home node. Words 1-8 are the contents of the block.
MSG_ccreturnyankFull	yankbuf word1 word8	Returns a dirty block as a re- sponse to an invalidation mes- sage. The block is named by the address stored at the home node in the <i>yankbuf</i> . Words 1-8 are the contents of the block.
MSG_ccreturnyank	yankbuf	Acknowledges an invalidation re- quest with the information that a shared line is no longer at the re- questing node. The <i>yankbuf</i> sent in the original invalidation mes- sage is returned to the home.
MSG_ccinvalidate	address yankbuf	Sends an invalidation for a block identified by <i>address</i> to a node which shares that block. The <i>yankbuf</i> pointer to a local yankbuffer structure is passed as well. This pointer is returned in the ACK to the invalidation.
MSG_ccNackRO	address header data fcp	Sends a NACK message to a re- questing node in response to a request for a readonly copy of a line. The contents of the request message are bounced back to the sender.
MSG_ccNackRW	address header data fcp	Similar to above, except message is in response to a request for an exclusive copy of a line.
MSG_ccreturnLoad	address header word1 word8	Sends a readonly copy of a block from a home node to a requesting node. The block starts at <i>address</i> and consists of the 8 data words. The <i>header</i> sent in the original re- quest is returned as well.
MSG_ccreturnStore	address header word1 word8	Same as above, only an exclusive line is returned.

Table A.1: Memory Coherence Messages

Message IP	Message Words	Description
MSG_tWake	tc signal_data	Sends a message to invoke the SYStWake function on the home node of the context <i>tc</i> . The thread identified by <i>tc</i> is to be wakened with the <i>signal_data</i> .
MSG_tSleep	signal_word tc data_mask	Invokes a SYStSleep function on the home node if <i>signal_word</i> , adding a sleeper entry for thread context <i>tc</i> with a mask of <i>data_mask</i> .
$MSG_{tsignal}$	signal_word signal_data	Invokes a SYStSignal function at the home node of <i>signal_word</i> .
MSG_tspawn	nargs dp ip arg1 arg5	Spawns a thread executing the function at ip with up to nargs number of arguments. The thread's data pointer is dp .

Table A.2: Thread Management Messages

Appendix B

MARS Header Files

This chapter contains the header files used by the assembly routines and C functions in the M-Machine runtime system.

Fri Jul 21 16:19:15 1995

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Fri Jun 23 12:38:23 1995 define cc_READONLY 0 define cc_EXCLUSIVE 1 define cc_UNSINED 2 define cc_INVALID 3 define cc_TIVALID 3 idefine BSB_lRVALID 0
idefine BSB_RKADONLY 1
idefine BSB_EXCLUSIVE 2
idefine BSB_EXCLUSIVE 2
idefine BSB_DIRTY 3 ccdefs.h

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helpmacros.h Sun Aug 13 13:40:28 1995

rdefine FRINTF(foimat_string, data_ptr) CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(foimat_string, lotarg0, data_ptr) FUEN(L(L) FUEN(L(_print())) FUEN(L(_print())) FUEN(L(_print())) FUEN(L(_print())) FUEN(L(_print())) FUEN(L(_print())) FUEN(L) FUEN(L) FUEN(L) FUEN(L) FUENCT_LONG_FTR(JOCk_addr, Itemp0, B5tart) FUEN(L) FUENCT_LONG_FTR(JOCk_addr, Itemp0, LCC1; FUENCT_LONG_FTR(JOCk_addr) FUENCT_JONG_FTR(JOCk_addr) FUENCT_JONG_FTR(JOCK_FTR) FUENCT_JONG_FTR(JOCK_FTR) FUENCT_JONG_FTR(JOCK_FTR) FUENCT_JONG_FTR(JOCK_FTR) FUENCT_FTR(JOCK_FTR) FUENCT_FTR) FUENCT FUENCT_FTR) FUENCT_FTR) FUENCT_F

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/* remember. FCALL consumes ITemp0 */
#lfndef FCALL composition registers */ // 11 tdefine CALC_RETIP instr lalu lea IP, 14, RETIP; Mdefine PUSH(x) instrialu lea SP, M-8, SP; instrmemu st x, SP; /* condition registers */ idefine LCC0 cc0 tdefine LCC1 cc1 tdefine LCC1 cc2 tdefine LCC2 cc2 tdefine LCC3 cc2 × × SP, #8, SP, #8, tduiline FpArgs 16 define FpArgs 17 define FpArgs 18 define FpTempi 19 define FpTempi 10 define FpTempi 11 /* Message compos define FWC0 define FWC1 define FWC1 define FWC3 define FWC4 define FWC6 define FWC6 define FWC6 define FWC6 define FWC9 Mdofine SPOP(x) Instrmemu id Kdefine POP(x) Instrmemu ld define h define h

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6 10:16:34 1995

Thu Jul

newreg.h

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define ITEMP0_EMPTY_MASK 0x0008 define IRETVAL_EMPTY_MASK 0x0040 tdefine INTARGO_EMPTY_MASK 0x0040 define INTARG1_EMPTY_MASK 0x0080 define INTARG3_EMPTY_MASK 0x0080 tdefine INTARG3_EMPTY_MASK 0x0000 tdefine INTARG3_EMPTY_MASK 0x4000 define INTARG3_EMPTY_MASK 0x8000 define INTEMP2_EMPTY_MASK 0x8000 if 0
idefine EVTEMPI_EMPTY_MASK 0x0400
idefine EVTEMPI_EMPTY_MASK 0x0400
idefine VLUBILEMPTY_MASK 0x1000
idefine 0DDWTA_EMPTY_MASK 0x4000
idefine 0DDWTA_EMPTY_MASK 0x4000
idefine RAULTSCP_EMPTY_MASK 0x4000
idefine RAULTSC #doffno MSTEMP1_EMPTY_MASK 0x0400 /* rogular system */ /* Mdefine sotart [11 */ /* FP Registerer •/ Usitine Fortgo ti Usitine Fortgo ti Usitine Fortgi ti Usitine Fortgi ti Usitine Fortgi ti Usitine Fortgi ti Teitine Fortgi ti /* System Massage */ tdefine matumpi 110 tdefine MagHead 114 tdefine MagBody 115 /* HASE USER */ 101(1)#1 [1] 101(1)#1 [1] 101(1)#1 [temp0]] 101(1)#1 [temp0]] 101(1)#1 [temp0]] 101(1)#1 [text2]] [1] 101(1)#1 [text2]] [1] 101(1)#1 [text2]]] 10 101(1)#1 [text2]] 10 101(1)#1 [text2]] 10 101(1)#1 [text2]] 11 100(1)#1 [temp1] 114 100(1)#1 [temp1] 114 100(1)#1 [temp1] 114 /* Event System */ /* regular event */ *define evHead 114 *dnfine evNody 115 /* LTLB */ define evtemp1 110 define LTBHDR 112 define VADDR 113 define PAUNTR 114

Thu Jul 6 10:16:34 1995 newreg.h

wdefine CPUSH(x,TYPE,CC) /
Instr memul TYPE CC lea SP, w-8, SP; \
Instr memul TYPE CC st x, SP; / / #define_CPOP(x,TYPE,CC) Instr_memu_TYPE_CC_Id__SP, #8, x; ~ ~ #define CFUSHX(x,TYPE,CC) memui TYPE CC st. x, M-8, SP lustrialu nov x, x; rdefine FREE_FRAME \ instr : \ instr : *define_GET_FRAME FUGH(RETLP) "define GET_RETIP POP(RETIP)

.....

iffndef LinCALL
iffndef LinCALL(function)
iffoculine LinCALL(function) iffoculine Linction, itemp0) if
instr labi lea DStart, itemp0, itemp0;
instr momu ld itemp0, itemp0;
instr labi ymp itemp0;
instr : lnstr : CALC_RETIP
endif

+Ifndaf RETURN
 dofine RETURN
 dofine RETURN
 listr laiu jmp RETUP; listr
 listr laiu jmp RETUP; listr
 listr ;
 endlf
endlf

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opcodes.h	Fri	Jun	23	12:44:25	1995
Mdefine OFCODE_LD			47		
"define ofCODE_ST			48		
"doffne OPCODE_FST			49		
Wdefine OPCODE_LDS			50		
*define OPCODE_LDSU			51		
Idefine OPCODE_LDSCND			52		
Wdefine OPCODE_STS			S		
<pre>#define OPCODE_STSU</pre>			54		
*define of CODE_STSCHD			55		
wdoffne OPCODE_FSTS			56		
*detine OPCODE_FSTSU			57		
<pre>#define OPCODE_FSTSCND</pre>			58		

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pointers.h	Fri	Jun	23	12:45:26	1995
"define P_READ	0×0				
Mdaflue P_RW	0×1				
"define P_EXUSER	0×2				
Mdefine P_EXSYS	0×3				
"define P_ENTERUSER	0×4				
#define P_ENTERSYS	0×5				
*define P_EXMSG	0×6				
Mdefine P_CONFIG	0×7				
rdefine P_KEY	0×8				
*define P_PHYSICAL	0×9				
*define P_EAROR	0 x.A				

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signaldefs.h Sun Aug 13 13:44:42 1995 define EVENT SIGNAL_FREENDLONE 0x1 define EVENT_SIGNAL_FREENDLONE 0x2 define EVENT_SIGNAL_FREENDLOND 0x3 define EVENT_SIGNAL_FREENDLOND 0x3 define EVENT_SIGNAL_INV_STORE 0x3 define EVENT_SIGNAL_INV_LOAD 0x3 define EVENT_SIGNAL_EVICT 0x9 define EVENT_SIGNAL_EVICT 0x1 define EVENT_SIGNAL_EVICT 0x2 define EVENT_SIGNAL_EVICT 0x20 define EVE

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eh.h Fri Jul 21 15:34:39 1995
vold add_eh_Job(...);

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1pt.h Thu Aug 3 16:34:54 1995

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#lindef LFT_H
#define LFT_H

#Ifndef Long64

rdefine LTURIASNN11 0x0 rdefine LTURIASNN21 0x1 ridefine LUCAD964 unsigned long readif readif readif readif readif readif

reise define LTLBNashvil 0x0LL define LTLBNashDefered 0x1LL finelude "studdfs.h'

#Ifndef NUMPHYSPAGES #define NUMPHYSPAGES 128 /*was 128*/ *endlf

+lfndef LPTSIZE 128 /*was 256*/ #define LPTSIZE 128 /*was 256*/ #endif

#define ts_AMSI 0

/ . 1.1" management ./

tynodof struct lpt_entry (int vpn; int ppn; int ppn; int status1; int status2;) LFTEntry;

typedef struct (
 Liffenty htab[LffSIZE];
 long sub_th[s[LfTSIZE];
 long numtls;
 long numtls;
 long numcles;
 long numcles:
 long numcles:
 long numcles:
 long numcles:
 long numcles:
 long numcles:
 long numble:
 lo

typedef LPTEntry *plPTEntry; typedet LPTable *plPT; #if IS_ANGI
LFTEALTY (Firty_Init(void);
UFTEALTY (Firty_Init(pLPT);
void UFT_Init(pLPT);
unt UFT_Lansert(pLPT table, int Vpn);
unt UFT_Insert(pLPT table, int Vpn);
unt UFT_Ioovup(pLPT table, int Vpn);
unt UFT_Ioovup(pLPT table, int Vpn);
unt UFT_Ionvup(pLPT table, int Vpn);
unt UFT_Ionvup(pLPT table, int Vpn);
unt UFT_Ionvup(pLPT table);
unt UFT_IONvup(pLPT t

.

LPTEntry LTTEntry_Init(): LPT_Init(): LPT_Init(): Int LPT_Lestchsh(): Int LPT_Insert(): Int LPT_Insert(): Int LPT_Iookup(): Int LPT_Iookup(): LPT_Inparse(); LPT_Unparse(): LPT_stats(): endif endif

Thu Aug 10 12:51:37 1995 pplist.h

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/• this code was written by Andy Schultz •/

HI IS ANSI void FFUJst_Init(pplist thelist, int start, int end); void FFUJst_peteopeiopplist thelist, int thepage); void FFUJst_putpage(pplist thelist, int thepage); void FFUJst_Init(); //which list, ist, end-/ FFUJst_Init(); //which list, ist, end-/ FFUJst_Init(); //which list, thepage// FFUJst_Initage(); //which list, thepage// FFUJst_Initiage(); //which list, thepage// FFUJst_Initiage(); //which list, thepage// FFUJst_Initiage(); //which list. / 'these are in pointer.m*/ 'if is_Aus; void 'creatoFointer(lut, int, int); telse void 'createPointer(); tendif typadef struct(Int first; Int last; PPLIst; typedef PPLIst; *define PFNULL -1
*define FAGE_SIZE 4096 a isw'si outtopa

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"define IS_AMST 0

ii IS_MSI
III FYM_lookup(Int vpn): /reduces PWW for that VPW*/
III FYM_lookup(Int vpn): /reduces PPM for the VPW*/
III FYM_rectalm_local(Int ppn): /reduces PPM for local or remote IIsu//
III FPM_rectalm_local(Int ppn): /reduce PPM for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Int(Int start): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
III FPM_Int(Int start): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
III FPM_Int(Int start): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Int(Int start): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Intens(I): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Intens(I): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Intens(I): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Int(I): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Intens(I): /'intuber of local pool*/
IIII FPM_Intens(I): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Intens(I): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Intens(I): /'intens PPW for local pool*/
IIII FPM_Intens(I): /'intens FPM for local pool*//
IIII FPM forens[I] FOM for local pool*//

ag.h Thu Aug 10 12:49:24 1995

ULong64 invalidate_ptr; /* stores a single yankbuffer ptr per cache line */ void F30de_untraintance_nous; void F30de_untraintury; SQNohrins.Linu(1); SQNohrins.Linu(1); SQNohrins.Linu(1); SQNohrins.Linu(1); SQNohrins.Loun(1); SQNohrins.Loun(1); Noted_setState(RSNode *node, ULong64 address); In: RACHING_setState(REntry *entry; ULONg64 address, Int newState); In: NackIng_unprese(REntry *entry); void BuckIng_unprese(REntry *BackIngHashTable); void BuckIng_unprese(REntry *BackIngHashTable); In: NackIng_addInvalidate(REntry *BackIngHashTable); Void BuckIng_unprese(REntry *BackIngHashTable); In: NackIng_addInvalidate(REntry *entry); ULONg64 AnackIng_addInvalidate(REntry *entry, ULONg64 address, ULONg64 Ptt); ULONg64 AnackIng_addInvalidate(REntry *entry, ULONg64 address, ULONg64 Ptt); III. BackIng_addInvalidate(REntry *entry, ULONg64 address, ULONg64 Ptt); III. BackIng_addInvalidate(REntry *entry, ULONg64 address, ULONg64 Ptt); III. BackIng_addInvalidate(REntry *entry, ULONg64 address); III. BackIng_addInvalidate(REntry *entry, ULONg64 address); III. BackIng_addInvalidate(REntry *entry, ULONg64 address); /* cache-line address (low 6 bits are zero) */ /* an ENode 1s on event node, recording information about an individual /* a software queue node maintains event chains for a particular cache line. It contains the cache-line state, invalidation information, etc. v. typudof attuct sqn { struct sqn *next; UiongA address; SQ_STATE state; Endo *evens; Endo *evens; Endo *evens; Endo *evens; Endo *evens; Endo *evens; /* an entry in the event table - contains the virtual page number, hend of the an SQNode list, and status information about the physical page which is used for backing */ /* line-state information. Just a bit vector */
typedef struct { memory event '/
typedic struct.linc_event_entry (
 typedic struct.linc_event_entry (
 u.onged houder;
 Woord address;
 Utonged abrea; void EHodeList_init(); EHode* ENodeList_pop(); void EHodeList_push(ENode *node); typedef struct request_entry { SQNode *head; 10 unsigned int px : 1; unsigned int pr : 1; unsigned int fr 1; unsigned int int : 1; unsigned int int : 1; SQ_STATE; SQ_STATE; FIFIDDEFE BACKING_SIZE
FIFIDE BACKING_SIZE 128
FendIf
FordIf tifndef NUM_NODES tdefine NUM_NODES tendif ULong64 vpn; Int status; MWord CF;) REntry;) SQNode;) ENude;

.

ENode 'BackIng_popEvent(REntry 'entry' Unong64 address); ENode 'BackIng_flrstWrlteEvent(REntry 'entry, ULong64 address); vold BackIngTable_unparse(Int n);

Int header_isWriteEvent(ULong64 header);

яqdəfs.h

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/* return line-state information for address •/
/* If address is NULL, returns whether page ppu has any events to it •/
int SSQGetState(vold *address, int ppn);

/* sets the flue state for address •/ Int SSOSetState(vold *address, int new_state, int ppn};

/* pop off the next event targetting address. If event buffer is NULL returns the invalidate pointer. */ vold * SSQDequene(vold *address, eventBuffer *eb, int ppn);

/* returns the first store targetting the address (writes in into the eb struct, accually) */ Int SSQGeFirstW(vold address, eventBuffer *eb, int ppn);

/* pushes a new event targetting the address. */ /* roturns flags which help caller decide whether to send a terpust message and stuff like that */ Int SSOBarpieucifiit header, void 'address, void 'epdat, void 'faulter, int ppn];

extern int sglock;

syscalls.h

Thu Aug 10 12:58:31 1995 /* return own data-segment pointer */ char* _getDP();

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/* given a thread context, return the parent of that thread context +/ $\rm Hel$, gotParent(int 'mytc);

/* relutiown thread context */ lift * _getSelfTC();

vold tUnparse();

vold "Fork(vold "thread(P, vold "DataPtr, vold "returnIP, vold "parent, Int text((Int); Int tSleep(Int "algnal_word, Int mask); vold "texame(Int numargs, vold "thread(P, Int dest_cluster, ...); Int hspam((Int numargs, vold "thread(P, Int dest_cluster, ...);

----; /* generate global thread information */
Int VSlot;
Int VSlot;
Int flags:
Int flags:
Int SCC;
Int SCC;
Int SCC;
Int SCC;
Int SCC; /* Information used for signal/sleep */
int signalbata;
int need_to_block;
int need_to_block;
int need_to_sloep;
int need_to_sloep; ч struct HContext {
 int fut_registers {
 int fut_registing {
 int fut_registint fut_registing {
 int fut_registing Thu Aug 3 01:10:49 1995 void threadContext *teopPending(struct ThreadContext *tc);
struct ThreadContext *teopPending(); vold tAddRunning(struct ThreadContext *tc);
struct ThreadContext *tcpRunning(); void HContext_init(struct HContext *context); void ThreadContext_init(struct ThreadContext * context); void ThreadContext_unperso(struct ThreadContext * context); in: ThreadContext_free(struct ThreadContext * context); tAddKlll(struct ThreadContext *tc); /* Information for a particular hthread context */ struct ThreadContext *PendingEnd; struct ThreadContext *Kill; struct ThreadContext *Killed; struct ThreadContext *Nunling; struct ThreadContext *NunlingEnd; struct ThreadContext *SIbling; struct ThreadContext *Children; Int occupled;
struct ThreadContext *Pending; /* A live thread context */ struct ThreadContext */ struct ThreadContext *Next; struct ThreadContext *Next; tUnparse(); struct ThreadContext *tPopKI11(); struct HContext hthreads[4]; struct ThreadContext 'tSelfTC(); struct "hreadContext "tAlloc(); struct GlobalThreadState (tmanager.h vold vo!d

vold *SYStFork(vold *IP, vold *DP, vold *retIP, int numargs, ...);

SYStExic(int returnvalue);

Int

void SYStUnparse(); int tschedule(); void tKill(struct Threadcontext '); void EputrsSteep(struct ThreadContext ');

sysfunc.h

Thu Aug 10 12:57:34 1995 /* make a configuration space pointer into thread slot '/ int "sysWakeCP(int slot);

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/* create a pointor from the raw bits */ int *sysSetPir(int bits);

/* revurn the home mode of the address */ Int sysGPRB(vold *address);

/* set blocks-status bits of address */
int sysPUTCSTAT(void *address, int new_bits);

/• acquire a lock •/ Int sysGetLock(vold •lock_addr);

/* release a lock •/
Int sysPutLock(vold *lock_addr);

vold mbarloadUpdate(int, void •, int, int);

vold sysSWSMessage(Int •); vold sysSendLine(char •, vold •, Int); vold sysSendInvalldateAck(vold •, Int); vold sysSendInvalldateA(Int, vold •, Int •);

vold update_ombc(); Int *9at_offsetptr_Into_ppn(Int, vold *);

Mifndef FALSE Idefine FALSE Pendif

"Ifndef TRUE "dafine TRUE 1 "endif

tsignal.h Thu Aug 10 12:59:31 1995
teaching T_CHILD_EXIT 0x100

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tdefine T_CHILD_EXIT 0x100 tdefine T_XTLL 0x200 tdefine M_FAULT 0x400 tdefine T_ALL_SIGNALS 0x000

Int SYStSlanal(struct ThreadContext 'target, struct ThreadContext 'waker, Int SYStSleeptint mask, Int 'buffer); vold SigTab_Init();

Appendix C

MARS Assembly Code

This chapter contains the assembly routines for the M-Machine runtime system.

/* place holders for system load pointers - this array is passed to the loader */
_SysCallStart::
 ptr r.0.1;
 ptr r.0.1; /* the following are offsets from the global thread state area for a vthread */
idefine CONFIG_CP 0x00000
idefine CONFIG_FASS 0x00008
idefine CONFIG_FASS 0x0010
idefine CONFIG_SCC 0x00018
idefine CONFIG_SCC 0x000018
idefine CONFIG_SCC 0x000020 -- address of last valid system
 -- stack address
 -- Starting address of
 -- local page table
 -- Starting address of system fault *M-Machine System Runtime v0.95\n'; *handler setup has falled\n'; -- Starting address of ltlb miss -- handler stack -- Starting address of system -- dispatch handler stack rdefine PAGE_SEG_LENGTH 16 define POINTER_LENGTH 6 idefine POINTER_LENGTH 5 idefine PAGE_TABLE_LENGTH 2 /* IN K. Multiply by 1024 to get bytes */ ч Instr lalu br Fall; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; M-Machine runtime system boot code. Contains code to initalize -- handler stack Sun Aug 13 13:28:30 1995 system variables, and start up system handlers. ł ; Yovgeny Gurevich 0.95 9/26/94 8/7/95 /* brase of the GTLB in configspace */ #define COWFIG_IN_GTLB_BASE 0x204000 r.0.0; r.0.0; r.0.0; r.0.0; r.0.0; r.0.0; r.0.0; _format_string1: asciz _format_acquire_falled: asciz _Sys_LPT_Start:: ptr ptr _Sys_SFH_Stack: ptr -Sys_LMH_Stack: ptr Sys_DN_Stack: ptr include 'newreg.h'
include 'helpmacros.h'
include 'codes.h'
include 'pointers.h'
include 'pointers.h'
include 'licent.h'> /* use virtual memory */ _SysStackEnd: Modification Date Modification Date None "define CALLFAIL Written by define VMEM Version boot.m Bugs: data;

/* NOTE: initially, 12 is set to the beginning of the data segment, and this conflets with the logical use of 12 as the SP. Therefore, make sure that once SP is written, 12 is no longer needed, by copying all of its usefulness to other registers or within a data word accessible by sstart or DStart. */ 12 --> ptr to beginning of data segment 13 --> ptr to end of entite area, including BSS segment */ instr flu empty fox0002; instr lalu wov 13, f1; instr lalu wov 13, f1; size, in bytes, of the system
 stack segment /* the first step is to set up memory and registers correctly */ /* the following are used because the runtime system links in its own copy of clib.o. where references are made to these two. */ __pcwr:p64 Msc_lowkeRC; __memx::p64 wmem_alloc; First, set up a location in system code space where we store away the system's data pointer for future use when returning from user code */ -- system's data pointer : /* store away pointer to system's USER data segment
/* and set DStart [15) to the beginning of USER */ ******************** Instr lalu lea 12, itemp0, DStart; Instr lalu lmm __YYSTEN_UDAT_PTR__, itemp0; Instr lalu leab IP, itemp0, itemp0; Instr memu st DStart, itemp0; Config_Global_Base := CONFIG_IN_GTLB_BASE; Beginning of System Boot code LOAD_FAR_LABEL(USER, 1temp0, 12) ____SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR___: ptr k.0.11; ____SystemStackSize := 0x1000; /* ON ENTRY ptr r.0.3; ptr r.0.4; ptr r.0.5; ptr r.0.6; ptr r.0.9; ptr r.0.9; ptr r.0.9; ptr r.0.11; ptr r.0.12; ptr r.0.12; ptr r.0.12; align 0 mod 8; Maln:: text; • •

/* find the system end point and make that the beginning of stack. */ /* this value is now origially given to us in 13, we saved it away into f1 and now we restore and use it

instr lalu empty #(ITEMP0_EMPTY_MASK);

boot.m Sun Aug 13 13:28:30 1995

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0; -- Sl2e of system's
-- stack
-- ptr to end of stack
-- last word of stack -- store address of stack and محسدار_syscall_setup) -- set up system call llbrary FCNLL(_physical_memory_setup0) -- just enough for handlers to use FCNLL(_handler_setup) -- set up physical memory on nodes -- set up virtual memory on nodes /* perform a C llbrary call, printing some information about the /* now SINCE STACK GROWS UPWARD we change the SP */ /* [lag the end of the system stack by writing 0x9999888 into last word */ LOAD_PAR_LABEL_SystsackEnd, itcomp0, DStart) instr laul lam 10x9999, itcomp1; instr laul shoru 10x8888, itcomp1; instr menu st itcomp0; runtime system */ instr lau wor %r, intarg1; instr lau wor AF, intarg2; instr lau wor DStart, intarg3; LOAD_FAL_LABEL(_SystackEnd, intarg4, DStart) PINTF(_format_string1,DStart) Instr lalu leg IRetVal, PD, cc1; Instr lalu ct cc1 br _sync_acquire_falled; instr lalu 1mm ____SystemStackSize, 1temp0; Instrialu lea SP, itemp0, itemp0; Instrialu lea Lemp0, 1-3, itemp0; Instrialu Imm __SystackEnd, itemp1; Instrialu lea DStart, itemp1, itemp1; Instrmemu st itemp0, itemp1; /* sot the size properly */ Instr lalu lah Ltempo, flo. [temp0; Instr lalu lah Ltempo, flo. [temp0; Instr lalu lam 100x97cd, SP; Instr lalu shoru 0x0000, SP; Instr lalu shoru 0x0000, SP; Instr lalu or 0x0000, SP; Instr lalu or [temp0, SP; Instr lalu or [temp0, SP; Instr lalu or [temp0, SP; /* now actually ready for a frame */ Instr lalu mov 10, RETIP; GET_FRAME FCALL [_physical_memory_setup1] Instr Ialu mov Itemp0, SP; Instr Ialu lea SP, 1-8, SP; Instr Ialu mov SP, AP; FCALL (_v1 rtual_memory_setup) /* check for return value */ instr falu mov fl. itemp0: PRINTF(BuildDate, DStart) FCALL(_user_thread_setup) Instr memu mbar; instr ; instr ; instr ; WIK VMEM

; /* case out on own mode number to execute node-specific code. /* this might be obviated when the loader can place code and data on differing nodes. For now, since all code and data is placed on each mode in the same manner, we have to case out in the code itself. */ instr lalu teq Itselva, 10, cc0; instr lalu teq ItsetVal, 10, cc0; instr lalu tet cc0 br _nodeOcode; instr ; instr ; instr ; /* terminate bootstrap on all nodes other than node0 */
instr ialu lmm %0x4444, intarg0;
FCALL(_SYStExit) data; __loader_falled_string: asciz "Loader Falled.\n"; instr lalu empty #(ITEMPO_EMPTY_MASK); instr lalu mov itemp0, itemp0; FCALL([_system_loader] Instr lalu leg ThetVal, NO, ccl; Instr lalu ct ccf br _loader_falled; Instr ; Instr lalu lag IRetVal, 13, cc0; Instr lalu ct cc0 br _nodalcode; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr lalu br _SYSTEM_LOADER_LOOP instr lalu leg IRetVal, #1, cc0; instr lalu ct cc0 br _node1code; instr ; Instr lalu ieg IRetVal, #2, cc0; instr lalu ct cc0 br _node2code; instr ialu br fail; FCALL (INIT_LID) _node0code: _SYSTEM_LOADER_LOOP; lnstr ; Instr ; lnstr ; lnstr ; lnstr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; ., instr ; lnstr ; ••• lnstr ; Instr ; Instr Instr Instr Instr __node1code: __node2code: __node3code:

FCMLL(_Linit) /* needs to be done after virtual memory setup */ FCMLL(_ccinit) /* print out debugging information on location of the yankbuf data structure */

fendl (

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-- mark active threads manually /* one thing to do is construct a cspace ptr to global thread state */
lnstr falu imm #1, itemp0;
lnstr falu ish itemp0, itemp0;
lnstr falu or interg0, itemp0;
lnstr falu or interg0, itemp0;
lnstr falu sceptr itemp0, itemp0; -- creating XM ptr ---- set up system THREAD4 - EH, LTLB, POMH, PIMH ----******************************* _shs_string1: asciz "Setting up System Handlers...\n'; text; CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(__getParentX, Itemp1) instr ialu leab IP, itemp1, Itemp1; instr memu st itemp1, 48, itemp0; CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(__getSelfTCX, ltemp1) lnstr lalu leab IP, ltemp1, ltemp1; lnstr memu st ltemp1, 18, ltemp0; /* Itemp0 is ptr to global thread state */ CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(_tUnparseX, itemp1) Instr lalu leab IF, itemp1, itemp1; Instr menu st itemp1, #8, itemp0; CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(_tSIgnalX, itemp1) instr lalu leab IP, itemp1, itemp1; instr memu st itemp1, #8, itemp0; * Initiating System Fault and Message handlers CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(_tForkX, itempi) Instr lalu leab IP, itemp1, itemp1; Instr menu st itemp1, #8, itemp0; Instr lalu imm #(0x7440), Intarg0; instr lalu shoru 40x0000, Intarg0; Instr lalu shoru 40x0000, Intarg0; Instr lalu shoru 40x0000, Intarg0; Instr lalu setptr Intarg0, Intarg0; instr lalu setptr itemp1, itemp1; Instr memu st Itemp1, #8, itemp0; *If VERBOSE_HANDLERSETUP PRINTF(_shs_string1, DStart) Instr Ialu mov VI, IRetVal; GET_RETIP Instr Ialu jmp RETIP; FREE_FRAME PUSH(Intarg0) GET_FRAME instr ; _handler_setup: rendi f -- creating XM ptr m CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_SysCallStart, itemp0, DStart) data; _scall_string1: asclz 'Sotting up syscall jump table\n'; Sun Aug 13 13:28:30 1995 CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(MSG_InvokaRPC, itemp1) Instr lalu lab itemp1, itemp1; Instr lalu lah itemp1, 14, itemp1; Instr lalu lah itemp1, 14, itemp1; Instr lalu lah itemp1, 14, itemp1; Instr lalu lah interg0, 60, interg0; Instr lalu or itemp1, intarg0, itemp1; Instr lalu or itemp1, intarg0, itemp1; ì CONSTRUCT_LONC_LABEL(vmem_alloc, itemp1) Instr lalu leab IP, Itemp1, itemp0; Instr memu st itemp1, #8, itemp0; CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(sysmalloc, itemp1) instr lalu leab IP, itemp1, itemp1; instr memu st itemp1, "8, itemp0; __sync_acquire_falled: PRINTF(_format_acquire_failed, DStart) CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(_tSleepX, itemp1) Instr lalu leab IP, itemp1, Itemp0; instr memu st itemp1, #8, itemp0; CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(_LEXIEX, Itemp1) Instr lalu leab TP, itemp1, itemp1; instr menu st itemp1, "8, itemp0; Setup of System Call jump table PRINTF(_scall_string1, DStart) instr lalu br _boot_fall; instr ; Instr lalu br _boot_fall; FREE_FRAME instr ialu br Fall; instr ; instr ; instr ; II VERBOSE_SYSCALLSETUP GET_FRAME lnstr ; instr ; Instr ; Instr ; instr ; _syscall_setup: _boot_fall: _cleanup:: boot.m tendi f text; text;

Instr lalu lea Itemp0, "CONFIG_CP, Itemp0;

. . .

/* now need to write threads flag -; that is in global thread state */
instrialu imm 1, ltemp0;
instrialu lsh itemp0, it6, itemp0;
instrialu or linesrg0, itemp0;
instrialu or themp0, itemp0; -- write CO IP -- write C1 IP write C2 IP -- Mark all hthreads -- Write 1024 into SCL /* set ip's for each of the threads in the 4 clusters */ LOAD_FAR_LANEL(FXUTY_IF, itemp0, DStart) instr lalu imm wox0700, intarg1; instr lalu lea intarg0, intarg1; intarg1; instr menu st ltemp0, 18, intarg1; instr lalu lea itemp0, 18, intarg1; instr lalu lea itemp0, 18, intarg1; instr lalu lea itemp0, 14, itemp0; instr meuu st itemp0, 14, itemp0; instr meuu st itemp0, 18, intarg1; instr meuu st itemp0, intarg1; -- Write 0 into SCC -- Write thread CP Instrmenu mov 10x0f, Intarg1; Instrialu lea Itemp0, "CONFIG_FLAGS, Itemp0; Instrmenu st Intarg1, 10, Itemp0; LOAD_FAR_LABEL(LTLB_IP, ltemp0, DStart)
Instr laul umm 0xx1000, intarg1, intarg1;
Instr laul laa lintarg0, Ittarg1,
Instr manu st ltemp0, *%, ittarg1;
Instr laul uea ltemp0, *%, ittarg1;
Instr lau uea ltemp0, *%, ittarg1; instrialu imm Tox2700, Intargi; Instrialu antinargo, Intargi, Intargi; Instrialu antinargo, Intargi; Instrialu lea itemp0, 84, Itemp0; Instrialu lea itemp0, 84, Itemp0; Instrialu lea itemp0, 98, Intargi; /* modifies THREADS flag in CONFIG SPACE */ LOAD_FAR_LABEL(DISPATCH_IP, 1temp0, DStart) COAD_FAR_LABEL(DISPATCH_IP, ltemp0, DStart) Instrialu imm Tox3700, intargi; Instrialu imm Tox3700, intargi; intargi; Instremenu st itemp0, 18, intargi; Instrialu ios itemp0, 14, itemp0; Instr memu st itemp0, 18, intargi; Instr memu st [0, #0x8, itemp0; Instr lalu lmm #0x400, itemp1; instr memu st itemp1, #0x10, itemp0; /* now modify local thread state */ POP(Intarg0) FUSH(Intarg0)

-- C0.12 <- stack ptr -- advance to C0.15 -- C0.15 <- data ptr -- dvance to C0.111 -- C0.111 <- DSTART /* store in configapace, in register SP (12) */
POP(ltemp0) -- general thread configspace pointer that we saved up -- write C3 IP -- C1.12 <- gtack ptr -- advance to C1.15 -- C1.15 <- data ptr -- C1.15 <- data ptr -- C1.111 <- D5TART /* IketVal 1s now pointer to beginning of sync fault handler stack */ CONSTRUCT_LONC_PTR(_Sya_SFH_Stack, intarg1, DStart) Instr memu st IRetVal, intarg1; . -- set to last word -- in the segment -- set to last word -- in the segment -- set to last word -- in the segment /* IRetVal is now pointer to beginning of itlb miss handler stack CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_SYs_LMH_Stack, intargi, DStart) instr memu st IRetVal, intargi; -- Cl.12 offset -- CO.12 offset ; . . C0 of slot 4 1s event handler C1 of slot 4 1s Ltb fault handler C2 of slot 4 1s message handler C3 of slot 4 1s message handler Generate some stacks and give them pointers . /* store in configspace, in register SP (12) */ /* now generate pointer to ltlb handler stack
Instr lalu 1mm #0x1000, intarg0; Instr lalu imm #(0x2000 - 0x08), intarg1; instr lalu lea IRctVal, intarg1, IRetVal; instr lalu imm #(0x1000 - 0x08), intarg1; instr ialu lea IRetVal, intarg1, IRetVal; Instr lalu Imm #(0x2000 - 0x08), Intargl; Instr lalu lea IRetVal, Intargl, IRetVal; Instr lalu Imm #0x0010, Incarg1; Instr lalu lea Itemp0, Intarg1, Intarg1; Instr memu st IRetVal, #24, Intarg1; Instr lalu imm MOX1010, Intargl; Instr lalu lea Itemp0, Intargl; Intargl; Instr memu st IRecVal, W24, Intargl; Instr memu st DStart, #48, Intarg1; instr memu st DStart, #48, intarg1; Instr Ialu lea Icempo, ¥4, Icempo: Instr memu st Irempo, ₱4, Intarg1; Instr ialu lea Icempo, ₱4, Itempo: Instr memu st Itempo, Intarg1; -- Dispatch Handler --instr lalu 1mm W0x2000, intarg0; Instr ialu 1mm #0x2000, Intarg0; Instr memu st DStart, Intarg1; Instr memu st DStart, Intarg1; /* stack for Event Handler */ FCALL (mem_alloc) FCALL (mem_alloc) FCALL (mem_alloc) PUSH(1temp0) POP(1temp0) PUSH(Itemp0) /* 30

/* IRetVal is now pointer to beginning of dispatch handler stack */

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CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_Sys_DH_Stack, Intarg1, DStart) Instr memu st IRetVal, Intarg1;

/* store in configspace, in register SP (12) */
POP(itemp0) PUSH (1temp0)

C3.12 offset ÷ Instr lalu imm "Ox2010, Intargl; instr lalu lea Itemp0, intargl, intargl; instr memu st IffetVal, "24, intargl;

Instr memu st DStart, #48, Intarg1; Instr memu st DStart, Intarg1;

-- priority 1 message handler --instr lalu imm #0x2000, intarg0; FCALL(mem_alloc)

-- set to last word -- in the segment 1nstr lalu lmm m(0x2000 - 0x08), intarg1; Instr lalu lea IRetVal, intarg1, IRetVal;

-- C4.12 offset /* store in configepace, in register SP (12) */ POP(itempO)

Instr lalu Imm #0x3010, Intarg1; instr lalu lea Itemp0, intarg1; instr memu st IRetVal, #24, intarg1;

Instr memu st DStart, #48, intarg1; instr memu st DStart, intarg1;

Instr lalu mov #1, IRetVal; RETURN

; _user_thread_setup: /* set the threadflags of all user thread slots to known and useful values CET_FRAME

Instr lalu Imm #(0x7440), Intarg0; Instr lalu shoru #0x0000, Intarg0; Instr lalu shoru #0x0000, Intarg0; Instr lalu shoru #0x0000, Intarg0; Instr lalu secptr Intarg0, Intarg0;

Instrialu inm VI, Itempo; Instrialu 18h Itempo; VI6, Itempo; Instrialu add Itempo, VI6, Itempo; Instrialu laa Intargo, Itempo; Itempo; Instrialu setptritempo, Itempo;

Instr lalu mov #0x11, Intarg1; Instr memu st intarg1, itemp0; -- set self to issuing and full in c0

Instrialu Imm #(0x7440), Intargo; Instrialu shoru #0x0000, Intargo; Instrialu shoru #0x0002, Intargo; Instrialu shoru #0x0000, Intargo; Instrialu setptrintargo, Intargo;

Instrial unm VI, itempo; Instrial ulaitempo; Vi6, itempo; Instrialu add itempo; vCONFIC_FIAGS, itompo; Instrialu uma intergo; itumpo, itumpo;

Instr lalu mov WOXO, Intarg1; Instr memu st intarg1, ItempO; -- set all to inactive and empty instr lalu setptr itemp0, itemp0;

Instr Lalu Imm #(0x7440), Intarg0; Instr Lalu shoru 40x0000, Intarg0; Instr Lalu shoru 40x0004, Intarg0; Instr Lalu shoru 40x0004, Intarg0; Instr Lalu setptr Intarg0, Intarg0;

Instr Ialu Imm VI, ItempO; Instr Ialu Ish ItempO; VIS, ItempO; Instr Ialu ad ItempO, VISONFIG_FLAGS, ItempO; Instr Ialu Iaa IntargO, ItempO; ItempO; Instr Ialu setptr ItempO, ItempO;

Instr memu st Intarg1, Itemp0; -- set others to InactIve Instr ialu mov VO, intarg1;

Instr lalu imm *(0x7440), intargo; Instr lalu shoru f0x0000, intargo; Instr lalu shoru f0x0000, intargo; Instr lalu shoru f0x0000, intargo; Instr lalu setptr intargo, intargo;

Instr lalu imm w1, itemp0; Instr lalu lah Ltemp0, w16, itemp0; Instr lalu add ttemp0, w16, VLemp0; Instr lalu lad itemp0, itemp0; Instr lalu setptr itemp0, itemp0;

Instr lalu mov Y0, intarg1; Instr memu st intarg1, itemp0; -- set others to inactive

Instr Ialu mov V1, IRetVal; RETURN

__physical_nemory_setup0: text;

GET_FRAME

/* load end of stack and align to page boundary */ LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_SysStackEnd, itemp0, DStart) instr lalu lea itemp0, #8, itemp0;

/* need to align to page boundary */ instr lau ush itemp0; %/ instr lau ush itemp0; %/ instr lau ush itemp1; %/ instr lau use itemp1; %/ cci; instr lau use itemp1; %/ cci; instr lau use cci lum %0x1000; itemp1; itemp1;

/* zero out low 12 bits */
Instriau lam Wrytfff, Itemp1;
Instriau shoru Woxffff, Itemp1;
Instriau and Itemp1, Itemp0, Itemp0; instr ialu setptr itemp0, itemp0; CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_Sys_Memory_End, Intarg1, DStart) Instr memu sts us, 1, Itemp0, Intarg1;

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this _Sys_Nemory_End is used as the base for internal physical-memory allocation until enough stuff is set up for the physical memory manager to operate. That is, the ls enough to start allocating stacks for the system threads, and so on. */ •

/* on node 3, address starts at 0x2000000 = 256 MB 77? */ ; /* Create start of address space for virtual memory
/* dependent on which node we reside! */ Instr lalu imm #0x1540, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru #10x0000, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru #10x0000, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru #10x0000, itemp0; Instr lalu setbtr itemp0, itemp0; Instr lalu leg IRetVal, 10, cc0; Instr lalu ct cc0 br _node0codeA; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr lalu log IRutVal, 1, cc0; Instr lalu ct cc0 br _nodelcodeA; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr lalu leg IRetVal, r2, cc0; Instr lalu ct cc0 br __node2codeA; Instr ; Instr ; Instr lalu leg IRetVal, #3, cc0; instr lalu ct cc0 br _node3codeA; instr ; instr ; lnstr ; _vmem_allocated: asciz "Returned: %p\n"; Instr lalu mov Itemp0, intarg0; Set up On-Node Virtual Memory instr lalu br fall; instr ; instr ; instr ; FCALL (_buddyPr1me) FCALL(_buddyInit) LIBCALL (Nodeld) virtual_momory_setup: GET_FRAME RETURN _nodeJcodeA: data; text;

Instr Ialu br _nodeAdone; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ;

/* on mode 2, address starts at 0x2000000 = 256 MB 777 */ _node2codeA:

FCALL (_buddyInIt)

Instr lalu Imm Y0X1540, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru Y10X0000, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru Y10X0140, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru Y10X0000, itemp0; Instr lalu setptr itemp0, itemp0;

Instr lalu mov Itemp0, intarg0;

FCALL (_buddyPr1me)

Instr lalu br _nodeAdone; Instr ; instr ; instr ;

_node1codeA:

/* on node 1, address starts at 0x2000000 = 256 MB 777 */

FCALL (_buddyInit)

Instr lalu lmm Y0x1540, Itemp0; Instr lalu shoru Y0x0000, Itemp0; Instr lalu shoru Y0x0100, Itemp0; Instr lalu shoru Y0x00000, Itemp0; Instr lalu secptr Itemp0, Itemp0; Instr lalu mov Itemp0, Intarg0;

FCALL (_buddyPr1me)

Instr !alu br _nodeAdone;
Instr ; instr ; Instr ;

.node0codeA :

/* on node 0, address starts at 0x1000000 = 256 MB 777 */

FCALL (_buddyIn1t)

Instr lalu Imm YOXI540, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru YOXODO, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru YOXODO, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru YOXODO, itemp0; Instr lalu shoru YIYOOO, itemp0; Instr lalu worlpr itemp0, interg0; Instr lalu worlpr itemp0, interg0;

FCALL(_buddyPrime) LIBCALL(CCInit) LIBCALL(SQInit)

_nodeAdone:

>ne: >* ok, write gtlb into config space */ instr laiu mov P_CONFIG, itemp0; instr laiu ash itemp0, POINTER_LENGTH, itemp0; -- Set up prot field instr laiu ash itemp0, PAGE_SEC_LENGTH, itemp0; -- add length field instr laiu ash itemp0, POINTER_ADDRESS, itemp0; -- Ger ready for instr laiu ash itemp0, POINTER_ADDRESS, itemp0; -- Ger ready for or ready for -- starting address

CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(Config_Global_Base, itemp1)

instr lalu add itemp1, itemp0, itemp0; instr lalu setptr itemp0, itemp0;

-- first entry CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(GLOBAL_PAGE_TABLE, Itempl, DStart) Instr menu id lempl, 18, Intarg1: -- first entr Instr menu sc Intarg1, 18, Itempo; Instr menu id Itemp1, 18, Itempo;

-- calculate base page to prime -- the physical memory manager -- Physical Page Manager -- Initialization ~ -- second entry /* load ond of stack and align to page boundary */ LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_Sys_Memory_End, itemp0, DStart) Instr laiu lea itemp0, 18, itemp0; Sun Aug 13 13:28:30 1995 /* need to align to page boundary */ Instr lalu ash itemp0, 152, itemp1; Instr lalu ash itemp1, 1-52, itemp1; Instr lalu deg itemp1, 10, cc1; Instr lalu cf cc1 imm 10x1000, itemp1; Instr lalu cf cc1 laa itemp0, itemp1, itemp0; PUST(DStart) lnstr lalu ikm __SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR_, ltemp0; lnstr lalu leab TP, ltemp0, DStart; lnstr memu ld DStart, DStart; Instrmenu mbar; GETTRAME VISI(DStart) Inntrialu mm.__SYSTEM_UUAT_FTW__, Itemp0; /* zero out low 12 bits */ Instr lau user #toxffff, itempl; Instr lau useru #toxffff, itempl; Instr lau useru #toxffff, itempl; Instr lau useru #toxf000, itempl; Instr lau and itempl, itemp0; itemp0; Instr lau usetptr itemp0, itemp0; Instr ialu 1sh itemp0, #10, intarg0; instr ialu 1sh intarg0, #-22, intarg0; * These are stubs and helpful system routines Instr menu 1d Itempi, 18, Intargi; Instr menu st Intargi, 18, Itempo; Instr menu 1d Itempi, 18, Intargi; Instr menu st Intargi, 18, Itempo; Instrmemu st intargi, "8, itemp0; PUSH (Intarg0) Instr Ialu mov SP, AP; FCALL (_PPM_InIt) SPOP(Intarg0) _physical_memory_setup1: CET_FRAME instr memu mbar; FCALL (_SYStS1 cep) SPOP(DStart) _vnem_setup_done: รเราบหม GET_FRAME RETURN RETURN _tUnparseX:: _tSleepX:: boot.m

PUSH(DStart) Instrialuium___SYSTEM_UDAT_PTM__, itemp0; Instrialuileab IP, itemp0, DStart; Instrmenuid DStart, DStart; Instrmenum and ; GET_BAME UUSH(DStart) LINST(DStart) LINST Lalu [mm__SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR_, [Lemp0; LINST Lalu [tabl IP, Lemp0, DStart; LINST menu id DStart, DStart; Instrmenu mbar; GET_RAME UUSH(DStart) Instrlalu imm_SYSTEK_UDAT_PTR_, itemp0; Instrlalu leab IP, itemp0, DStart; Instrmenu id DStart; DStart; Instrialu imm __SYSTEM_UDAT_FTR__, itemp0; Instrialu leab IP, itemp0, DStart; instrmemu id DStart, DStart; instr : instr ialu empty #(ITEMP0_EMPTY_MASK); instr ialu mov itemp0, itemp0; Instr lalu leab IP, itemp0, DStart; instr memu ld DStart, DStart; FCALL (_SYSgetSelfTC) FCALL (_SYStUnparse) FCALL (_SYStSignal) instr memu mbar; GET_FRAME PUSH(DStart) FCALL(_SYStExit) Instr ; Instr memu mbar; GET_FRAME FCALL (_SYSLFork) SPOP(DStart) RETURN SPOP (DSCArt) RETURN SPOP(DStart) SPOP(DStart) SPOP(DStart) RETURN RETURN ____getSelfTCX:: RETURN getParentX:: _tsignalX: __tForkX:: __tEx1tX::

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ialu leq intarg1, PDSB_INVALID, LCC1; menu ct LCC1 putcstaet intarg0, HBSB_INVALID, intarg0 lalu leq intarg1, BDSB_RENDONLY, LCC2; menu ct LCC2 putcstaet intarg0, HBSB_RENDONLY, intarg0 ialu leq intarg1, HSB_DIRTY, LCC3; menu ct LCC1 putcstat intarg0, HBSB_EXCLUSIVE, intarg0 lalu leq intarg1, HSB_DIRTY, LCC1; menu ct LCC1 putcstat intarg0, HBSB_DIRTY, intarg0; ialu leq intarg1, HSB_DIRTY, LCC1; menu ct LCC1 putcstat intarg0, HBSB_DIRTY, intarg0; ialu nv 12, intarg2; ialu nv 13, intarg2, intarg0, HBSB_DIRTY, intarg0; ialu ult intarg2, intarg0, HBSB_DIRTY, intarg0; ialu ct LCC2 br Fall; ialu ct LCC2 br Fall; ialu ct LCC2 mov intarg0; intarg0; ω Sun Aug 13 13:28:30 1995 PUST(DScart) Instr lalu imm__SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR__, ltemp0: Instr lalu leab IP, ltemp0, DStart; Instr memu id DStart, DStart; Instr Lalu Jmp RETIP; Instr moun gprb Intergo, Lccn; Instr lalu ct Lccl mov (temp0, Intergo); Instr lalu ct Lccl mov 1-1, Intergo); Intarg0; Intarg0; Intarg0; Intarg0; #8, intarg0; #8, intarg0; 18, 18, Ξ, __sysFLNE:: Instr Lalu jmp RETIP; Instr momu [lne Intarg0; Instr ; Instr ; FCALL (_SYSgetParent) instr memu mbar; SPOP(DStart) **GET_FRAME** Instr ; Instr ; RETURN Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr lnstr Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr "sysGPRD:: boot.m

-- this is an ACK to P1 -- this is an ACK to P1 -- destination node -- destination node -- yank buffer ptr -- destination node * the next words are filled with the cache line */ /* the next words are filled with the cache line */ /* message is cons'd up. Now just send it */ /* message is cons'd up. Now just send it */ makE_XM_PTN (MSC_corecurnitry) instr falu (sndipt !). (2. FMCIP, LCC3); instr lau et LCC3 jmp RETIP. Instr memu mbar; /* message is cons'd up. Now just send it */ /* message is cons'd up. //www.rwrw(MSC_construmyankFull) MAKE_XM_FTR(MSC_construmyankFull) falu fsndlpt #9, f2, FMCIP, LCC3; lalu ct LCC3 jmp RETIP; Instr memu sms MogDody. 18, Intarg0; Instr memu sms MogBody. 18, Intarg0; Instr memu sms MsgBody. 18, Intarg0; POP(Intarg0) Instr memu fine intarg0; Instr memu mbar; Instr memu mbar; Instr ialu jmp RETIP; contractyon the set empty 10x0014; Instr falu empty 10x0014; Instr lalu mov Intargy, FWC0; Instr memu ld Intargo, 18, FWC2; Instr memu ld Intargo, 18, FWC2; Instr memu ld Intargo, 18, FWC2; Instr memu ld Intargo, 18, FWC5; Instrimutoyo Instriation empty Jox0014; Instrial unovintargy, FWC3; Instrimenu Id Intargy, B, instr memu fine intarg0: instr memu mbar; instr memu fine intarg0; instr memu mbar; PUSH(lntarg0) PUSH(lntarg0) CALLFAIL lnstr ; Instr ; CALLFAIL ••• __sysPushDirty:: Instr lnstr Instr Instr Instr ______sysSendLine: : Instr Instr Instr Instr

Sun Aug 13 13:28:30 1995

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-- this is an ACK to Pl -- chis is an ACK to Pl -- this is an ACK to P1 -- yank buffer ptr -- destination node -- address -- header -- opdata -- faultcp -- faultcp -- address -- header -- opdata -- faultcp -- faultcp /* address */ SYSPUTLOCK[_ccdlrlock) Instr falu empty f0x00f4; Instr falu empty f0x00f4; Instr lalu mov Intarg0, FMC0; -- at Instr lalu mov Intarg1, FMC1; -- bt Instr lalu mov Intarg1, FMC1; -- f1 Instr lalu mov Intarg1, FMC1; -- f1 Instr lalu mov Intarg4, f2; Instr lalu ct LCC3 fmp RETTP; Instr lalu ct LCC3 fmp RETTP; instr Tail empty Pox0014; Instr Tail empty Pox0014; Instr Tail empty Pox0016; -- at Instr Tail mov Intarg1, FMC1; -- h Instr Jalu mov Intarg2, FMC2; -- ti Instr Jalu mov Intarg2, FMC2; -- ti Instr Jalu mov Intarg2, FMC1; -- ti Instr Tail wov Intarg4, (2; Instr Tail tendlpt 4, (2; FMC1P, LCC3; Instr Tail tendlpt 4, (2; FMC1P, LCC3; Instr Tail tendlpt 4, (2; FMC1P, LCC3; /* header */ listr falu empty fox0014; Instr lalu mov intarg1, FMC0; Instr lalu mov intarg2, FMC1; Instr lalu mov intarg0, f2; MARE_XM_FTR(SG_contvallate) Instr falu fandopt 12, f2, FMC1P, LCC3; Instr lalu ct LCC3 Jmp RETIP; PUSH(IntargO) Instr falu empty Mox34; Instr Ialu ewo Intarg1, FMCO; Instr Ialu mov Intarg2, f2; Instr Ialu mov Intarg3, FMC1; SYSPUTLOCK (_ccdlrlock) _sysSendInvalldate:: Instr : Instr : Instr : CALLPAIL CALLEAIL CALLFAIL Instr; Instr; CALLFAIL Instr Instr Instr Instr _____syahlackRW: 1

/* address */ /* dest node * */ /* header */ MAKE_XM_PTR(MSC_ccreturnLoad) instr falu fsndipt #10, f2, PMCIP, LCC3; instr lalu ct LCC3 jmp RETTP; MAKE_XM_PTR(MSC_ccreturnstore) Instr falu fsndipt #10, f2, FWCIP, LCC3; Instr ialu ct LCC3 jmp RETIP; /* perform the store locally */ instriation and intarg1. Wox1f. itemp0; instriation ttemp0, intarg0, itemp0; instriatu setptritemp0, itemp0; instr memu st intarg2, itemp0; instriation with a set of the set FMC2 ; FMC3 ; FMC4 ; FMC5 ; FMC5 ; FMC6 ; FMC8 ; FMC8 ; FMC8 ; Instr mewu 1d Intargo, 19, FM Instr mewu 1d Intargo, 18, FM Instr mewu 1d Intargo, 18, FW Instr mewu 1d Intargo, 18, FW Instr mewu 1d Intargo, 18, FM Instr mewu 1d Intargo, 18, FM Instr mewu 1d Intargo, 18, FM POP(Intargo) Instr mewu 1d Intargo, 18, FM POP(Intargo) Instr mewu 1d Intargo; SYSPUTLOCK(_codirlock) PUSH(Intargo) __sysReadAndSendX:: Instr Instr CALLFAIL instr ; instr ; CALLFAIL u64 0; Instr Instr _threadLock : . text; data;

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listr momu mbar; listr momu stscnd ct, 0, RETIP, Intarg0, LCC1; lustr lalu et LCC1 jmp RETIP; lumtr ; lustr ; lustr ; CALLFAIL Instr ; ..sysPutLock::

_sysSlgnalSleep:: GET_FRAME

/* EMPTY out 110 so that we are guaranteed to block as soon as EH starts running in response to a software 90b request '/ ' for this reason we MUST make sure that after 110 is emptied, no ono writes it in any further calls we make! '/ instr falu empty f(INTARG4_EMPTY_MASK);

-- free buffer ptr -- type of event SYSCETLOCK(generic_signal_eh2, _event_lockword) SYSCETUOCK(generic_signal_eh2, _event_but_ SUSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(.event_but_ftee, itemp0, DStart) Instr memu Jd Itemp0, itemp0; Instr memu st Intarg0, i0, Itemp0; -- t

CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_event_buf_end, intarg2, DStart) CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_event_buf_start, intarg3, DStart)

ialu ieq itemp0, intarg2, LCC1; ialu ct LCC1 mov intarg3, itemp0; lnstr Instr

memu st intarg1, 18, itemp0; lalu leq itemp0, intarg2, LCC1; lalu ct LCC1 mov intarg3, itemp0; Instr Instr Instr

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CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_event_buf_free, Intarg2, DStart) Instr memu st Itemp0, Intarg2;

SYSPUTLOCK (_event_lockword)

/* now here we are to try to engueue the event Into the hardware queue, only if a global state variable is unset */ constRUCT_LONG_PTR(_event_signalword, intarg0, DStart) instr menu suscend cf, i, intarg0, intarg0, LCC1; instr lalu cf LCC1 br _syssignalSleepDone; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ;

/* now can signal the event */ Instr lalu imm 00x7fff, intarg0; Instr lalu imm 00x7ff0, intarg1; LIBCALL(EventqAdd)

lnstr lalu mov Intarg4, Intarg0; RETURN _sysSignalSleepDone:

_sysHardwareSignalEH:: GET_FRAME /* now here we are to try to enqueue the event into the hardware queue, only if a global state variable is unset */ CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_event_signalword, intargo, DStart) instr menu starend cf, i, intargo, intargo, LCCI; instr ialu cf LCCI br _sysHardwareSignalEHDone; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ;

/* now can algual the event */
Instr lalu lmm #0x7fff, intarg0;

Instr lalu imm #0x7ff0, intarg1; LIBCALL(EventqAdd)

_sysHardwareSignalEHDone:

RETURN

_sysGetNodeId:: GET_FRAME LIBCALL (NodeId) RETURN __sysSendWake::

/* send a wake message to the home node of the context */ linstr falu empty f0xc030; linstr falu wov intarg1. FMC0; linstr lalu wov intarg2. FMC1; instr lalu mov intarg0. FMCDest;

/* set FMCIP appropriately */ MAKE_XM_PTR (MSG_tWake)

Instr falu fsndopt v2, FWCDest, FWCIP, LCCI; Instr lalu jmp RETTP; Instr lalu cf LCCI mov v0, intarg0; Instr lalu cc LCCI mov v1, intarg0; Instr ;

_sysSendSleep::

/* send a sleep request to the home node of a signal word */
instr falu empty 10xc070;
instr falu empty 10xc070;
instr lalu wor intargo, FMC0;
instr lalu cf Loci br fall;
instr lalu cf Loci br fall;
instr lalu mov intergo, FMC0st;
instr lalu mov intargo, FMC1;
instr lalu mov intargo, FMC2;

/* set FMCIP appropriately */ MAKE_XM_PTR (MSG_ES1 eep)

Instr falu fsndopt #3, FMCDest, FMCIP, LCCI; Instr laul upp RETTP; Instr laul uc fLCCI mov 10, intarg0; Instr lalu ct LCCI mov 11, intarg0; Instr ;

__sysSendSignal::

/* send a signal to the home node of a signal word */ instr falu empty N0xc030; instr lalu mov intarg1, FMC0; Instr lalu mov intarg2, FMC1; instr lalu mov intarg0, FMCDest;

/* set FMCIP appropriately */ MAKE_XM_PTR (MSG_tS1gnal)

Instr falu fsndopt W2, FWCDest, FWCIP, LCCI; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr lalu cf LCCI mov W0, Intarg0; Instr lalu cf LCCI mov W1, Intarg0; Instr ;

data; LTLB_IP: EVENT_IP:

p64 LTLB_HANDLER_START; p64 EVENT_HANDLER_START;

DISFATCH_IF: p64 DISFATCH_IANDLEK_START; CLOBAL_PAGE_TABLE:: U64 0x800000000000000; /* virtual page 0 */ U64 0x0000000000000000; /* mapped accross 4x1x1 */ U64 0x8000000000000000; /* 256 Pages/Node, total page length = 2^23 bytes */ U64 0x00000000000000; /* mapped accross 4x1x1 */ U64 0x000000000001202; /* mapped accross 4x1x1 */ /* 512 Pages/Node, total page length = 2^24 bytes */ H Sun Aug 13 13:28:30 1995 boot.m

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/* returns physical pointer into the backing page with the proper offset (takes the middle 6 bits of the VPN to calculate the proper offset. NOT the low 12 bits!) */ /* page 80006 is local2temote request directed at LTLB Thread */ -get_offsetptr_into_ppn:: /* intarg0: physical page number /* intarg0: virtual address with low 6 bits having the cache intarg1: virtual address with how 6 bits having the cache line offset ' ~inter into the backing page with the pr ' ~inter into the backing page with the pr /* page 80002 is lookup request directed at LTUB Thread */
instr laiu lmm #0x1700, itemp0;
instr laiu shoru #10x0000, itemp0;
instr laiu shoru #10x8000, itemp0;
instr laiu shoru #10x8000, itemp0;
instr laiu schrr itemp0, itemp0;
instr laiu schrr itemp0;
instr laiu schr itemp0; /* Intarg0: virtual address
/* Lookup the piysical page backing address in arg0 */
/* returns ppn in location _ltlb_data_for_MH
 */
/* may change this later
/* LOAD_PAR_LABEL(_ltlb_data_for_MH, IRetVal, DStart) SYSPUTOCK(lpt_lookvp_lock) Simst lalu jmp.RETIP; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_ltlb_data_for_MH, IRetVal, DStart) SYSPUTLOCK(lpt_lookup_lock) Instrialu Imm r0x1700, trump0; Instrialu shoru r0x0000, trump0; Instrialu shoru r0x0000 trump0; Instrialu shoru r0x6000, trump0; Instrialu shoru r10x6000, trump0; Instrialu settri trump0, trump0 Instrialu settrialu from brunc0; Instrialu cf Loci briant0; Instrialu cf Loci briant0; SYSGETLOCK(lptlookup_point1, lpt_lookup_lock) Instr Ialu Ish Intarg0, #12, Intarg0; Instr Ialu Ish Itemp0; Instr Ialu Ish Itemp0; #48, Itemp0; Instr Ialu or Intarg0, Itemp0; Intarg0; Instr lalu lsh intarg1, \$52, itemp0; instr lalu lsh itemp0, \$4.58 itemp0; instr lalu lsh itemp0, \$6, itemp0; instr lalu or intarg0, itemp0, intarg0; /* may change this later Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; instr ; instr ; instr ; instr lalu jmp RETIP _PPM_lookup:: end; -- block for LTLB to -- complete -- block for LTLB to /* page 80005 is reclaim_remote request directed at UTUB Thread */ instribution 0x1700, itemp0; instribution 0x1000, itemp0; instribution 0x00000, itemp0; instribution 0x0000, itemp0; instribution 0x0000, itemp0; instribution 0x0000, itemp0; instribution 0x000, itemp0; instribution 0x00, itemp0; instribution 0x000, itemp0; instribution 0x000, itemp0; instribution 0x000, itemp0; instribution 0x00, itemp0; i ; -- return -- return ******** ч /* ensures that only one process is calling on the PPM at any one time. $\|p_{L-1}(okup_{L}|ock):$ Instr lalu br Fall; instr ; instr ; instr ; complete M-Machine cuncles system Physical-Page Manager helper functions /* page 80000 Is unmap request directed at LTLB Thread */
Instr lau lmm r0x1700, itemp0;
Instr lau shoru #020000, Itemp0;
Instr lau shoru #020000, Itemp0;
Instr lau shoru #020000, Itemp0;
Instr lau schpr Henmp0; Itemp0;
Instr lau schpr Henmp0;
Instr lau schpr Henmp Sun Aug 13 13:29:11 1995 LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_ltlb_data_for_MH, IRetVal, DStart) SYSPUTLOCK(lpt_lookup_lock) Instr Ialu Jmp RETIP; LOAD_FAR_LANEL(_ltlb_data_for_MH, IRetVal, DStart) SYSPUTLOCK(Ipt_lookup_lock) Instr lalu ymp RETF; Hustr ; Instr ; ł SYSGETLOCK(1ptlookup_point4, lpt_lookup_lock) SYSGETLOCK(lptlookup_point3, lpt_lookup_lock) SYSGETLOCK(1pt.) ookup [polnt2], 1pt_1ookup_1ock) Yevgeny Gurevich 0.80 U6/21/95 U8/08/95 Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; finclude 'newreg.h'
finclude <11bcall.h>
finclude 'helpmacros.h'
finclude 'belpmacros.h' Version
Modification Date
Modification Date *Include *pointers.h* _PPM_reclaim_remote:: _PPM_local2remoter: define CALLFAIL u64 0x0; Written by cctools.m . PPM_unmap:: data; text;

-- block for LTLB to -- complete

-- return

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-- block for LTLB -- complete

-- return

-- just cache line addr

-- ppn -- protection bits -- protection bits

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Instr lalu setptr Intarg0, intarg0; instr lalu jmp RETIP;
ч /* generates the magic jump pointer to hook in with simulator */
whethe MAKE_MAGIC_PTM(x)
wheth all und with VEYSCAL << 12), itemp0;
instr laiu shoru Y0, itemp0;
instr laiu shoru Y0(xk asyst(f0000) >> 16), itemp0;
instr laiu shoru Y1(xk asyst(f1000) >> 16), itemp0;
instr laiu shoru Y1(xk asyst(f10), itemp0;
instr laiu setptr liemp0;
instr laiu setptr liemp0, itemp0; /* InitialIze the C library. So far, nothing to do */
Instr lalu jmp RETIP;
Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; instr lalu mov #(COSINE_DELAY / 5 - 1), itemp0; /* sets up the Jump pointers in the jump table */ /* call this once, before any uses of the C library */ /* Start is assumed to be the pointer to the USER */ /* need duta segment. */ Sun Aug 13 13:29:38 1995 MAKE_MAGIC_FTR(SIN_MAGIC) Instr Jalu Jmp Itemp0; /* hook to simulator */ finclude </home./mm/tools/msim/v1.5/yev/csmaglc.h finclude finome./mm/tools/msim/v1.5/yev/csmaglc.h finclude finowreg.h finclude slibcall.hs finclude slibcall.hs finclude finores.h finclude finores.h ...nln:: /* double sin(double x) */ Instr falu mov FpArg0, FpArg0; Instr lalu jmp HETIP; Instr : Instr : Instr : lalu nop; *define COSINE_DELAY 100 *define toADER_READY 1 #define SIN_DELAY 100 #define MALLOCTEST 1 Instr; Instr; lnstr Instr Instr; Instr; text; INT_LIb:: clib.m

-- validate format argument : -- fetch it in to make sure... -- hook to simulator _printf:: /* int printf(char *format, arg . . .) */
 /* assume Arg0 contains a pointer to the format string */
 instr memu mbar; __scanf:: /* Int scanf(char *format, arg . . .) */
 /* assume Arg0 contains a pointer to the format string
 args 1-5 contain pointers to memory addresses */ hook to simulator MAKE_MAGIC_PTR(COS_MAGIC) Instrialu jmp Itemp0: /* hook to simulator */ instr; Instriation extb ltemp0, 77, ltemp0; Instriatu extb ltemp0, 70, LCC1; Instriatu et LCC1 br _print_continue; Instriatu et LCC1 br _print[_oadloop; Instriatu et LCC1 ia Intarg0, W8, ltarg0; Instr menu ef LCC1 id Intarg0, ltemp0; Instrmemu mbar; Lood PAR_IAbEL(__cleanup, ltemp0, DStart) Instr lalu jmp ltemp0; Instr : Instr : : lalu sub tremp0, #1, tremp0; lalu nop; Instr momul Id Intary0, Itemp0; --Instr memu mbar; Instr memu Id AR, Itemp0; Instr falu mov Itemp0, Itemp0; MARE_MAGIC_PTH(PRINTE_MAGIC) Instr Jalu jmp Itemp0; Instr Talu wov Intarg0, Intarg0; MAKE_MAGIC_FTR(SCAME_MAGIC) Instr Talu Jmp Itemp0; • /* vold exit(Int status) Instr lalu jmp RETIP; instr lalu jmp RETIP: ialu nop; instr memu mbar; SPOP(Intarg0) _printf_continue: Instr ; instr; lnstr Instr Instr; lnstr; Instr; instr _kprintf: _exit::

-- validate format argument -- validate argument -- validate argument -- hook to similator -- hook to simulator -- hook to simulator 3 -- hook to simulator /* char "gets(char ') '/ // assume $\lambda rg0$ contains a pointer to the dest string '/ Sun Aug 13 13:29:38 1995 ______SGLTCDY:: /* Char *strcpy(char *, coust char *) */ Instr memu mbar; Instr lalu mov intarg0, intarg0; Instr lalu mov intarg1, intarg1; MARE_MAGIC_PTR(STREPY MAGIC) Instr lalu jmp ltemp0; -- ho Instr menu mbar; Instr Lalu mov Intarg0, Intarg0; MARE_MAGIC_FTR(GETS_MAGIC) Instr Lalu Jmp Leenp0; __g+tchar:://lnt getchar() */ Instrument mbar: MAXE_MAGIC_PTH(GETCHAR_MAGIC) Instr[alu jmp ltemp0; __putchar::// int putchar(int) ^/ instremou mbar: NAKE_MAGIC_PTR(PUTLIAR_MAGIC) instr lalu jmp ttemp0; Instr Lalu jmp RETIP; Instr; Instr; instr; Instrialu jmp RETIP; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr; Instr Ialu Jmp RETIP; /* string functions */ instr: instr: Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; lnstr; Instr; Instr; 111511 Instr; instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; lustr; Instr: Instra Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr: Instra Inst.r; Inst.r.; clib.m _gets::

-- validate file argument
-- validate format argument ______fclose:: /* int fclose(FILE *file) */ /* assume Arg0 contains a FILE pointer */ instrialu mov intarg0, intarg0; -- validate file argument MARE_MAGIC_FTM(FCLOSE_MAGIC) instrialujmp ltemp0; -- hook to simulator validate argument
 validate argument -- hook to simulator -- hook to simulator __fprint(:: /* int fprint(fill; *file, char *format, arg . . .) */ /* assume ArgO contains a pointer to the file */ /* assume ArgI contains a pointer to the format string */ . _stroht:: /* char *stroht(const char *, int c) instrmemu mbar; instrmemu mbar; instrialu mov intarg0, intarg0; instrialu mov intarg0, intarg1; MAKE_MAGIC_FTRIEPRINTF_MAGIC) instrialu jmp ltump0; instrialu Instr memu mbar; Instr laiu mov intarg0, intarg0; Instr laiu mov intarg1, intarg0; MAKE_MAGIC_PTR(IRCHR_MAGIC) Instr laiu jmp itemp0; Instr Lalu jmp RETIP; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instrialu jmp KETIP; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr; lnstr; Instr; Instr; instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; instr; instr; instr; Instr;

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Sun Aug 13 13:29:38 1995 clib.m

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Instr;

Instr;

instrialu jmp RETIP; lnstr; Instr; Instr;

_fseek::

/* hook to simulator Instr lalu mov Intargo, Intargo; Instr lalu mov Intargo! Instr lalu mov Intarg2, Intarg2; MARE_MAGIC_PTR(FSEEK_MAGIC) Instr lalu Jmp Lemp0; Instr; Instr; Instr; instr;

;

Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr; Instr; natr;

size_t element_size, size_t count_size, size_t count_size, size_t count, rargo contains pinter to the data '/ '' argo contains tille pointed-to data in bytos '/ '' argo contains tille pointed-to data in bytos '/ '' argo contains tille pointed' to validate argument '/ instr lalu mov intargo, intargo; /' validate argument '/ instr lalu mov intargo, intargo; /' validate argument '/ instr lalu mov intargo, intargo; /' validate argument '/ instr lalu mov intargo, intargo; /' validate argument '/ instr lalu mov intargo, intargo; /' validate argument '/ instr lalu mov intargo, intargo; /' validate argument '/ instr lalu jmp itcompo: /* hook to simulator size_t element_size, size_t count, FILE *stream) */ _[wrlte:: /* size_t fwrlte(vold *ptr, Instr lalu jmp RETIP; lnstr; Instr; Instr; instr; Instr; lnstr; Instr;

;

/* argo contains pointer to the data */
/* argo contains size of pointed-to data in bytes */
/* argo contains into of such elements to write */
/* argo contains (11a pointer */
/* argo contains _fread:: /* size_t fread(void *ptr, Instr; Instr;

lnstr;

instr ialu jmp RETIP; instr;

Instr;

Instr;

_bcopy:: /* char* bcopy(char *src, char *dost, int len) */
 /* copy from the src to the destination length number of bytes */
 instr memui lea intarg0, intarg2, intarg2; _bcopyloop:

Instr Instr	memu ialu	ld intarg0, itemp1; extb itemp1, intarg0, itemp1;	::	temp1 <- memword xtract single byte
Instr	ulalu	and intargl, #0x7, Itemp0;	;	alc Insb offset
Instr	lalu	Ish Itemp0, 112, Itemp0;	:	alc insboffset
Instr	lalu	or ltemp1, ltemp0, ltemp1;	;	et insb bits
Instr	memu	ld intarg1, #0, itemp0;	;	temp0 <- destword
Instr	lalu	Insb Itemp0, Itemp1, Itemp0;	ł	temp0 <- newdest
lnstr	memu	st ltemp0, #1, intarg1;	;	tore destword
Instr	lalu	lea intarg0, #1, intarg0;	!	theck bounds
Instr	ialu	<pre>Ile intarg2, intarg0, cc0;</pre>	;	theck bounds
Instr	lalu	ct cc0 jmp RETIP;		
Instr	lalu	cf cc0 br _bcopyloop;		
Instr				
Instr				
Instr				
7Ibcopy:: /	 char 	r* bcopy(char *src, char *dest, int le	r (ua	/
/	py fro	om the src to the destination length r	9qunn	r of bytes */
Instr	Ti utem 1	lea intarg0, intarg2, intarg2;	1	Imic
?Ibcopyloop				
Instr	memu	<pre>ld intarg0, itemp1;</pre>	1	temp1 <- memword
Incr	ulej	exth (temp], [ntard(), [temp];	:	wtract single byte

-- Itemp0 <- destword -- Itemp0 <- newdest -- store destword -- calc insb offset -- calc insb offset -- set insb bits -- check bounds -- check bounds Instr memu 1d Intarg1, W0, itemp0; Instr ialu Insb Itemp0, Itemp1, itemp0; Instr memu st Itemp0, W1, Intarg1; Instr lalu and Intarg1, W0x7, Itemp0; Instr lalu lsh Itemp0, W32, Itemp0; Instr lalu or Itemp1, Itemp0, Itemp1; Instr lalu lea intargo, #1, intargo; Instr lalu lla intarg2, intargo, cc0; Instr lalu ct cc0 jmp RETIP; Instr lalu ct cc0 br j1._bcopyloop; instr lalu ct cc0 br j1._bcopyloop; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr Instr Instr Instr;

_bcopydone:

Instr; Instr; __Sloader: /* vold* loader(FILE *file, int node, vold *text, vold *data) */
Instr lalu mov Interg0, Interg0: validate argument */
Instr lalu mov Interg1, Interg2: /* validate argument */
Instr lalu mov Interg2, Interg2: /* validate argument: */
Instr lalu mov Interg2, Interg3: /* validate argument: */
NARE_NGTC_FTW(LOADER1_NGGIC)

.

Instr;

clib.m Sun Aug 13 13:29:38 1995

4

__SHachCreate:: /* vold hashcreate(Int NumPhysIcalPages, Int NumMappings) */ Instr Ialu mov Intarg0, Intarg0; /* validate argument: */ Instr Ialu mov Intarg1, Intarg1; /* validate argument: */ MARE_MGIC_TRFIARIESTART_MGIC) /* hook to simulator */ Instr Ialu jmp Itemp0; ; . . Int node, int sharing_type) /* hook to simulator */ /* hook to simulator */ /* hook to simulator */ / hook to simulator __CCCShare:: /* Int ccshare(Int address, MAKE_MAGIC_PTR(CCSHARE_MAGIC) _____SCCINIt: /* vold ccinit(vold) */ MAKE_MAGIC_PTR(CCINIT_MAGIC) Instr Jalu jmp Itemp0; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instrialu jmp itemp0; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instrialy Jmp Itemp0; Instri Instri Instri Instri Instriate Jup Freep0: Instr Ialu Jmp RETIP; Instr: Instr: Instr; instrials Jmp RETIP; instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr; Instr; Instr; lnstr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; lnstr; Instr; Instr; instr; nstr; Instr; Instr; instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; lnstr; instr; Instr:

Instr Lalu Jmp RETIP;

/* hook to simulator */ _____SSQEngueue:: /* vold sqenqueue(int, vold*, int, vold*) */ MAKE_MAGIC_PTR(SQENQUEUE_MAGIC) Instr lalu mov intarg0, intarg0; instr lalu mov intarg1, intarg2; instr lalu mov intarg2, intarg2; instr lalu mov intarg2, intarg3; instr lalu mov intarg4; /* hook to simu instr lalu jmp itemp0; _____SSQnetState:: /* vold sggetstate(vold *address) */ MAKE_MAGIC_PTR(SQGETSTATE_MAGIC) _____SCCShareInfo:: /* Int coshareInfo(Int address) */ MAKE_MAGIC_PTR(CCSHAREINFO_MAGIC) __SCCPopShare:: /* int ccpopshare(int address) */
MARE_MACLEPRICCOPSHARE_MAGIC)
Instr lalu jmp Itemp0:
 Instr lalu jmp It _____SSQSetState:: /* vold sqdequeue(vold) */ MAKE_MAGIC_FTR(SQSEFSTWTWE_MAGIC) __SSQDequeue:: /* void sqdequeue(void) */ MAKE_MAGIC_PTR(SQDEQUEUE_MAGIC) Instrialu mov intarg0. intarg0: instrialu mov intarg1. intarg1: instrialu mov intarg2. intarg1: instrialu mov iteng0; Instr lalu mov incargo, incargo; Instr falu mov incargi, incargi; Instr lalu jmp icemp0; Instr Ialu mov Intargo, Intargo; Instr Ialu mov Intargl, Intargl; Instr Ialu mov Intarg2, Intarg2; Instrialy Jmp Itemp0; Instri Instri Instri Instri Instr; Instr lalu Jmp RETIP; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr Ialu jmp RETIP; instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr lalu jmp RETIP: Instr; Instr; Instr; instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr; Instr;

clib.m Sun Aug 13 13:29:38 1995

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/ hook to shunlator */ /* hook to simulator */ /* hook to simulator */ /* hook to simulator */ __SQUpdate: /* void squpdate(void *cache_buffer, int address) */ MARE_MOIC_PTR(SQUPDATE_MOGIC) Instr laiu mov intarg0, intarg0; Instr laiu mov intarg1, intarg1; Instr laiu mov intarg1, intarg1;/* hook to simulator */ / hook to simulator */ linstr lalu empty #INTARGO_EMPTY_MASK; instr lalu mov intarg0, intarg0; lictarg0 - numargs intarg1 - thread ip intarg2 - dest cluster # lustr laby Jmp Leompo; Instr: Instr: Instr: Instr: Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; Instr; instrialu jmp RETIP; Instriiustriinstri Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr lalu jmp NETIP; Instr; LIBCALL (_vm:mx) GET_FRAME lnstr : Instr : Instr : RETURN -/ h1ock:1 _malloc::

•/ Instr meany mbar;

LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_hexit, itemp0, DStart) Inst laiu leg Intarg2, 11, LCC1; Inst laiu et LCC1 mov itemp0, h1.RETIP; Instr laiu leg Intarg2, 12, LCC1; Instr laiu leg Intarg2, 12, LCC1; Instr laiu leg Intarg2, 13, LCC1; Instr laiu et LCC1 mov itemp0, h3.RETIP; Instr laiu et LCC1 mov itemp0, h3.RETIP; PUSH(Intarg0) PUSH(Intarg1) PUSH(Intarg1) Instr lalu Imm (0x4000, Intarg0; FCALG(_Mmlloc) Instr lalu Imm (0x4000 - 0x08), intarg2; Instr lalu Iam (0x4000 - 0x08), intarg2; Instr lalu Iam lang0, Intarg2; Instr laiu leq Intarg2, T1, LCC1; Instr laiu ct LCC1 mov DStart, h1.DStart; Instr laiu leq Intarg2, T2, LCC1; Instr laiu ct LCC1 mov DStart; Instr laiu ct LCC1 mov DStart, h3.DStart; Instr laiu ct LCC1 mov DStart, h3.DStart; Instr memu hfork intargi, intarg2, LCC1; Instr ialu cf LCC1 br _hspawn_done; instr ialu cf LCC1 mov W0, IRetVal; Instr lau leq Intarg2, 11, LCC1; Instr lau cc LCC1 mov intarg0, 11.5P; Instr lau leq Intarg2, 12, LCC1; Instr lau ct LCC1 mov intarg0, h2.5P; Instr lau leq Intarg2, 13, LCC1; Instr lau et LCC1 mov intarg0, h3.5P; Instr lau ct LCC1 mov intarg0, h3.5P; Instr ialu leg intarg0, #4, LCC1; Instr lalu ct LCCl br _hspawn_4_args; Instr ; instr ; Instr lalu leq Intarg0, #0, LCC1; Instr lalu ct LCC1 br _hspawn_0_args; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr lalu leq intarg0, "1, LCC1; Instr lalu ct LCC1 br _hspawn_l_args; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr lalu leq intargo, #2, LCC1; Instr lalu ct LCC1 br _hspawn_2_args; Instr ; instr ; instr ; Instr lalu leq Intarg0, #3, LCC1; Instr lalu ct LCC1 br _hspawn_J_args; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; POP(Intarg2) POP(Intarg1) POP(Intarg0) GET_FRAME _hspawn_0_args: PUSH(AP) Instr ; instr ; POP (AP)

Sun Aug 13 13:29:38 1995 clib.m

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Instr lalu lea AP, #24, AP; Instr memu ld AP, Intargo; Instr lalu leq Intargo, LL LCCI; Instr lalu leq Intargo, NL.Intargo; Instr lalu leq Intargo, r2, LCCI; Instr lalu leq Intargo, r2, LCCI; Instr lalu leq Intargo, r3, LCCI; Instr lalu et LCCI mov Intargo, NJ.Intargo; Instr lalu et LCCI mov Intargo, NJ.Intargo; PUSH(Iniarg0) PUSH(Iniarg0) PUSH(Iniarg1) Instr Jalu Imm W0x4000, Intarg0; FCALU(Imm10c) FCALU(Imm10c) Instr Jalu Imm (V0x4000 - 0x08), Intarg2; Instr Jalu Ima Intarg0, Intarg2; Instr Jalu Ima Intarg0, Intarg2; Intarg0; ucSH(Intarg1) puSH(Intarg1) puSH(Intarg1 mm 0x4000, Intarg0; Instr lalu mm (0x4000 - 0x90), Intarg2; Instr lalu lea Intarg0, Intarg2; Intarg0; FCAUL(_malloc) Instriated at a latarg2, *1, LCC1; instriated at ec.LCC1 movintarg9, *1, SP; Instriated at a log fintarg2, *2, LCC1; Instriated at a cLCC1 movintarg0, *2, SP; Instriated at a cLCC1 movintarg0, *1, SP; Instriated at a cLCC1 movintarg0, *1, SP; Instriated at a cLCC1 movintarg0, *1, SP; Instributed intarg2, 11, LCCI; Instribute ct.CCI movintarg0, 11, SP; Instribute ct.CCI movintarg0, 11, SP; Instribute ct.LCCI movintarg0, 12, SP; Instribute ct.LCCI movintarg0, 13, SP; Instribute ct.LCCI movintarg0, 13, SP; Instr Jalu br _hspawn_done; Instr Jalu mov W1, IRetVal; Instr falv br _hspawn_done; Instr falv mov w1, IRetVal; __hispawn_J_args: PUSH(AP) PUSH(Intarg0) POP(Intarg2) POP(Intarg1) POP(lntarg0) POP(Intargl) POP(Intarg2) POP(Intarg0) Instr : Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; (AV) HSU POP (AP) _hispawi_2_args:

POP (AP)

Instr Jalu Jea AP, #24, AP; Instr memu 1d AP, #8, Intarg0; Instr Jalu Jeq Intarg2, #1, LCC1;

Instr lalu leq Intarg2, *1, LCCl; Instr lalu c. LCCT mov Intarg0, h1 intarg1; Instr lalu c. LCCT mov Intarg0, b1. intarg1; Instr lalu et LCCI mov Intarg0, h2. Intarg1; Instr lalu et LCCI mov Intarg0, h3. intarg1; Instr lalu ct LCCI mov Intarg0, h3. intarg1; Instrial of U.C.C. movintargo, hilhdargo, Instrialus feq intarg2, *2, LCC1; instrialus LCC1 movintargo, h2, intargo, instrialus feq intarg2, *3, LCC1; instrialu et LCC1 movintargo, h3, intargo; memu 1d AP, #8, Intarg0; Instr

Instr lalu br _hspawn_done; Instr lalu mov #1, IRetVal; Instr ; Instr :

Instrialu Imm #0x4000, Intarg0; FCALL(_mallor) Instrialu Imm (0x4000 - 0x00), Intarg2; Instrialu lea Intarg0, Intarg2, Intarg0; Instr lalu leg Intarg2, 11, LCC1; Instr lalu cc LCC1 mov Intarg0, 11.SP; Instr lalu leg Intarg2, 12, LCC1; Instr lalu cc LCC1 mov Intarg0, 12.SP; Instr lalu cg Intarg2, 19, LCC1; Instr lalu cg LCC1 mov Intarg0, 13.SP; Instr lalu cc LCC1 mov Intarg0, 13.SP; PUSH(Intarg1) PUSH(Intarg2) PUSH(Intarg0) POP(Intarg2) POP(Intarg1) PUSH (AP) _hspawn_]_args:

POP(intarg0) POP (AP) Instr lalu lea AP, #24, AP; Instr menu ld AP, #8, Incarg0; Instr lalu leq ltarg2, #1, LCC1; Instr lalu ct LCC1 mov Intarg0, h1.Intarg0; Instr lalu leq Intarg2, #2, LCC1; Instr lalu leq Intarg2, #2, LCC1; Instr lalu leq Intarg2, #3, LCC1; Instr lalu leq Intarg2, #3, LCC1; Instr lalu et LCC1 mov Intarg0, h3.Intarg0; Instr lalu et LCC1 mov Intarg0, h3.Intarg0;

Instr memu 1d AP, *8, Intargo; Instr lalu eq Intargo, *1, LCC1; Instr lalu eq Intargo, *1, LCC1; Instr lalu et LCC1 mov Intargo, h1.Intarg1; Instr lalu et CCT mov Intargo, h2.Intarg1; Instr lalu et CCT mov Intargo, h3.Intarg1; Instr lalu et LCC1 mov Intargo, h3.Intarg1; Instr lalu et LCC1 mov Intarg0, h3.Intarg1;

memu 1d AP, #8, Intarg0; lalu leq Intarg2, #1, LCC1; lalu ct LCC1 mov Intarg0, h1.Intarg2; Inser Inser Inser Inser Inser Inser Inser Inser

lalu teq Intarg2, w2, LCC1; halu cLCC1 mov intarg0, h2 intarg2; lalu teq Intarg2, w3, LCC1; lalu ct LCC1 mov Intarg0, h3.Intarg2; lalu ct LCC1 mov Intarg0, h3.Intarg2;

clib.m Sun Aug 13 13:29:38 1995

5

Instr lalu hr unstr lalu in vi, lintval; instr : visition visitinary) visitinary) visitinary) visitinary) visitinary) visitinary) visitinary) visitinary) visitinary) visitian lalu in vox000, intarg2, intarg2; instr lalu ian riox4000 intarg2, intarg2; instr lalu ied intarg2, v1, LCCI i vortinary) vortinary

eventually, this needs to get threadlock and move to system level */ refer:: instr lau lsh interg0, 44, interg0; instr lau lsh interg0, 14, interg0; instr lau unov NP_RM, itemp0; instr lau ov NP_RM, itemp0; instr lau ov Interg0, 160, interg0; instr lau setptr interg0, 16, interg0; instr lau setptr interg0, 11, interg0; instr lau lsh interg0, 14, interg0; instr lau lsh iterg0, 160, itemp0; instr lau v tinterg0, 10, interg0; instr lau setptr interg0, interg0; instr lau setptr interg0, interg0; /* try to get own CP ptr and exit stuff */ instr ; Instr lalu empty *(ITEMP0_EMPTY_MASK); instr ; instrialu ini 0x77c0, intargo; instrialu imm 0x77c0, intargo; instrialu shoru 0x0000, intargo; instrialu shoru 10x0051, intargo; instrialu shoru 10x0000, intargo; instrialu secpti intargo, intargo; instrialu secpti intargo, intargo; /* returns own data ptr */ instr lalu jmp RETTP: instr lalu mov DStart, intarg0; instr ; instr ; Instrmemu hexit; Instr; lnstr ; instr ; instr : instr : RETURN ____getSelfTC:: ___getParent:: _hspawn_done: _____getDP:: __vexIt:: _hexlt:: fendi f 11 0 #1f 0

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clib.m Sun Aug 13 13:29:38 1995

Instr lalu mov ltemp0, ltemp0; Instr : Instr : Instr : Instr : Instr : Instr : Instr :

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rend1 [

data USER; data USER; -gin:: pid _rin; -coss:: pid _rin; -gius:: pid _rin; -gius:: pid _rin; -gius:: pid _strih; -gius:: pid _strih; -finint(:: pid _strih; -finint(:: pid _strih; -finint(:: pid _strih; -finint(:: pid _freek; -finint(:

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8

-- target string н Fri Jul 28 17:58:46 1995 Instr Jalu leg Intargl, itempl, ccl; Instr Jalu cf ccl br _arguprint_loop; Instr Jalu cf ccl add intargi, "1, intargl; Instr ; Instr ; _cloutup:: hast lalu mov INecVal, intarg2; instr lalu ish INecVal, r-J2, intarg1; (MINTF(return_string_text, DStart) data USER; ruturn_striny_text; andiz Program returns; 408x408x\n'; _user_ptinarga; asciz 'Arg %d; (%s)\n'; _argvprint_loop: instr memu id intarg3, 49, intarg2; instr ialu mov intarg2, intarg2; RRINTF(_usor_printargs, DStart) PUSH(Intarg0)
PUSH(Intarg0)
PUSH(Intarg1)
Inst falu mov Intarg0, Itemp1;
Inst falu mov Intarg1, Intarg1;
Instr falu mov 1, Intarg1; Instr Talu mov KO, Itemp0: Instr Talu mov KO, Itemp1; GET_FRAME PUSH(AP) PUSH(1n.ts.rg0) PUSH(1n.ts.rg1) Lustr 1.din mov SP, AP; FCALL(Lm31n) POP(Lin.trg1) POP(Lin.trg0) POP(Lin.trg0) Instr Ialu 111; GET_RETIP Instr Ialu jmp RETIP; FREE_EVAME Lustr : FCALL (1817_5YaL1b) FCALL (1817_5YaL1b) thelude 'newroy.h'
finchude <11beall.h>
finchude 'helpmacros.h' PUSH (Intarg0) PUSH (Intarg1) POP(Intary1) POP(Intary0) POP(Intarg1) POP(Intary0) crt0.m text; Maln:: #end] [11 0 : puis

/* once done with the softwareq queue, can block on a hardware event */ instr lalu br HARDWARE_EVEWT_WAIT; instr : // If there are any jobs to perform from the software job quoue, take care of them first! */ FCALL(_EH_SoftwareDequeueloop) -1 Instr lalu br Fall; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; _____event__intro: asciz "General Event Handler Installed\n'; _____event__error1: asciz "Unknown Event Type\n'; _____event__inform2: asciz "\tptr = %p\n\tdata = %lx\n\tCP = %p\n'; ____event_signalword:: Sun Aug 13 13:29:52 1995 Ceneral Event handler (running in v4-h0 on each node Yavyeny Curevich - 172995 VI.0
 Yavyeny Curevich - 1713/95 VI.5 /* signal arrived via software. */ Instriation of transformer Instriation of 0, framp0; Instriation of 0, intarg0; Instriation of 0, intarg0; Instriation of 0, intarg1; Instriation of 0, intarg2; Instriation of 0, intarg2; Instrip(_enstr_intro, 05tart); FKHTF(_enstr_intro, 05tart); 9 110 121 13 13 Instr lalu mov #0, RETIP; Instr lalu mov #0, AP; /* zero out temp regs */ rdeffine FAULT_SYNC_MISS_01 *deffine FAULT_SYNC_MISS_10 rdeffine FAULT_SYNC_MISS_N0 rdeffine FAULT_SYNC_MISS_N1 finclode "newreg.h" finclode "lbcall.h> finclode "helpmacros.h" finclode "pocodes.h" finclode "pointers.h" finctude 'ccdefs.h'
finctude 'signaldets.h' #define FAULT_BLOCK_RI #define FAULT_BLOCK_WI rdefine FAULT_BLOCK_WR EVENT_HANDLER_START:: *define VERBOSE_EH 0 GET_FRAME rdefine CALLFAIL SOPPRARE STORAL: lnstr ; Instr : event.m EVENT, WALT: data; text; •

-- hardware event types -- are 4-blus wide -- signal to look at -- software job queue +- move out event header /* unset the signal flag and let's look at the software job queue '/ SYSTUTLOCK(_event_signalword) instr lalu br EVENT_MAIT; instr lalu br EVENT_MAIT; instr instr : instr : /* prokage up arguments and call the C function 'EH_handle_bsm' */
Instr laip mov evBody, interg1; -- address ptr
instr laip mov evBody, interg2; -- data
instr laip mov evBody, interg1; -- cp ptr -- address ptr -- data -- cp ptr /* wait fot an event by blocking on the queue head */ instr lalu mov intarg0, intarg0; instr lalu mov evHead, intarg0; Instr laiu leq Intarg1, *FAULT_SYNC_MISS_01, cc1; Instr laiu cc cc1 br _SM.01; Instr laiu cc cc2 br _SM.01; Instr laiu cc cc2 br _SM.01; Instr laiu cc cc2 br _SM.00; Instr laiu leq Intarg1, *FAULT_SYNC_MISS_N0, cc1; Instr laiu leq Intarg1, *FAULT_SYNC_MISS_N0, cc1; Instr laiu leq Intarg1, *FAULT_SYNC_MISS_N1, cc2; Instr laiu leq Intarg1, *FAULT_SYNC_MISS_N1, cc2; Instr laiu cc cc2 br _SM_N1; Instr laiu cc cc2 br _SM_N1; Instr j: Instr j: Instr j: Instr j: ialu leq intarg0, intarg2, icct; --- *
ialu ct icct br SoFTANRE_SIGNAL;
ialu leq intarg1, *FAUT_BLOCK_RI, icc2;
ialu leq intarg1, *FAUT_BLOCK_WI, icc2;
ialu ct ucc2 br _BSM_MI;
ialu ct ucc2 br _BSM_MI;
ialu leq intarg1, *FNUT_BLOCK_WR, icc1;
ialu ct ucc1 br _BSM_MR; lalu lmm WOx7fff. intarg2
meanu and intarg0, WOx0f, intarg1; Instr Ialu mov evBody, Intargl; Instr Ialu mov evBody, Intarg2; Instr Ialu mov evBody, Intarg3; PRINTF(_event_error1, DStart) Instr lalu leq Intargi, Instr lalu teq Intargi, Instr lalu et LCC2 br $_$ Instr lalu et LCC3 br $_$ Instr lalu et LCC3 br $_$ Instr lalu et LCC1 br $_$ Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; instr lalu br EVENT_WAIT; PUSH(Intarg2) PUSH(Intarg3) PCALL(_EH_handle_bsm) SPOP(Intarg3) Instrialu mov SP, AP; PUSH(Intarg1) PUSH(Intarg0) HARDWARE_EVENT_WAIT: instr Instr; instr; Instr; Instr Instr Instr _____BSM_RI: ____BSM_WI: ____BSM_WR:

SPOP(Intarg2) SPOP(Intarq1)

text;

ovent.m Sun Aug 13 13:29:52 1995 2	
. TOT 1. (EVERTING) IN THE TARK	SPOP(Intarg0)
linet Falu et (CCL be EVENT_WAIT, CPOP(Intargo, ct, LCCL) linetr : Instr :	SYSPUTLOCK (sq) ock)
/* If (IRe(Va) & 0x4), that is a flag telling us that the issuing thread must be halted - because the bam was an icoche-miss. */ instribut add incargo, *4, itemp0; instribut log itemp0, *4, LCC1; instribut of Leemp0, *4, LEemp1, *4, LCC1; instribut of Leemp1, *4, LEemp1, *4, LEemp1, *4, LEemp1, *4, LEemp1,	Instrialu ct.f.Ctl br_SendCt Instrialu ct.LCCl Imm EVEWT Instrialu ct.LCCl br_BLP, F Instrialu cf.LCCl br EVEWT Instr: Instr: Instr:
<pre></pre>	data; sync_Inform1: asciz 'Sync 01 handle sync_Inform2: asciz 'Sync 10 handle sync_Inform3: asciz 'Sync N1 handle Lext; Lext;
Instr Ialu Ish ItempO, r-40, Intargi; extract cluster Instr Ialu and Intargi, TOXJ, Intargi; extract cluster	
/* wn must change the thread running state to NOT issue and then back to issue when data comes back. This means that we must lock some data structure before trying to gat the CP made for wallowthreadLock)	POSHINAAFGU Instrialu lea SP, NB, AP; LIDCALL(rintf) POP(Intarg0) POP(AP)
/* now we cons up the configspace ptr to the thread '/ Instr [alu]sh intarg0, w17, Intarg0;	inser laiu mov eveody, intere instr laiu mov evBody, intare instr laiu mov evBody, intare
liistr lalu Ham Y(2X/44U), itempo; Instr lalu shoru Y0X0000, itempo; Instr lalu shoru Y0X0000, itempo; Instr lalu shoru Y0X0000, itempo; Instr lalu setprr Intarg0, itempo; Instr lalu setprr Intarg0, intarg0;	CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_event_In) PUSH(AP) PUSH(Iasrg0) Instr Jalu Jea SP, M9, AP; LIBCALL(PTINt()
/• now offser to global thread state •/ instrialy imm #1, itemp0;	POP(Intarg0) POP(AP)
Instrialu Ish Itempo, ¥16, Itempo; Instrialu add Itempo, ¥8, Itempo; Instrialu ioanitergo, Itempo; Intargo; Instrianu Id Intargo; Itempo; current ruuning/(ull bits	Instr ialu br EVENT_WAIT; Instr ; Instr : Instr :
PUSH(IntargO) Instrialu Imm Wi, IntargO; Instrialu Imh IntargO, IntargO, IntargO; Instrialu Imh IntargO, M., IntargO; Instrialu V. IntargO, IntargO; Instrialu and IntargO, ItempO; SpOP(IntargO)	_SM_10: CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_sync_info PUBH(AP = 10) FUBH(Intarg0) Instr lalu lea SP, #8, AP; LIBCALL(Princt) POP(Intarg0) POP(AP)
<pre>/* kill the Missue bit for the faulting hthread */ Instr mean st ltempo, Intargo; SYSTUTLOCK(_threadLock) STOPT(Intargo) SPOPT(Intargo)</pre>	Instr lalu mov evBody, Intar Instr lalu mov evBody, Intar Instr lalu mov evBody, Intar
<pre></pre>	CONSTRUCT_LUNG_PTK(_eVent_IN PUSH(AP) PUSH(AR) PUSH(Intargo) Instr Ialu lea SP, 18, AP; LIBCALL(PT(Int[)

-- Important to unlock the data -- structure before sending a -- mensayo. In case you hlock -- and the PIMH needs to you sqlock SendCCHessage: -- and the PIMH needs to you sqlock EVENT_MATT, REPLP; IP, RETLP, RETLP; SWP_MATT; -- address ptr -- data -- cp ptr argl; -- addrens pt arg2; -- data arg3; -- cp ptr arg3; -- cp ptr Inform2, Intarg0, DStart) orm1, intarg0, DStart) ler/n'; ler/n'; ler/n';

orm2, intarg0, DStart)

-- address ptr -- data -- cp ptr argl; --- addreas ptr arg2; --- data arg3; -- cp ptr inform2, intarg0, DStart)

event.m Sun Aug 13 13:29:52 1995

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-- address ptr -- data -- address ptr -- data CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_event_Inform2, intarg0, DStart) CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_event_Inform2, Intarg0, DStart) CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_sync_inform3, intarg0, DStart) CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_sync_Inform4, intarg0, DStart) -- cp ptr -- cp ptr Intarg0 - header Intarg1 - target address Intarg2 - data Instr lalu mov evBody, Intargl; Instr lalu mov evBody, Intarg2; Instr lalu mov evBody, Intarg3; Instr lalu mov evBody, Intarg1; Instr lalu mov evBody, Intarg2; Instr lalu mov evBody, Intarg3; PUSH(INTAT90) PUSH(INTAT90) Instr lalu lea SP, 00, AP; LIBCALL(___Ptlntf) POP(lntat90) intarg3 - fault cp PUSH(IntargO) Instr Talu lea SP, W8, AP; LIBCALL(__prIntf) POP(IntargO) instrialulea SP, MB, AP; LINCALL(__printf) FOP(Intarg0) Instriatules SP, #8, AP; LIBCALA(__printf) Instr labu br EVENT_WAIT; Instr lalu br EVENT_WAIT; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr lalu br EVENT_WAIT; Instr ; PUSH(Intarg0) PUSH(Intary0) FOP(1nLarg01 POP (Intard0) FUSH (AP) PUSH (AP) Instr : Instr : Instr : FUSH (AP) _Send/CMessage:: POP (AP) PUSH(AP) POP (AF) (dv) dou Instr : Instr : (4A) 909 POP (AP) • : INUNS_ -SM_M2.

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/* incargo - configspace ptr /* incargo - configspace ptr /* update the hardware threadstate by decrementing the mbar counter '/ /nutstr lalu ish incargo, *.8, incargo; instr lalu jsh incargo, %, incargo; instr lalu ish incargo, %, incargo; instr lalu schr incargo, incargo; instr lalu schr incargo, incargo; instr menu schntargo, intargo; _____mbartoaddpdate:: ____mbartoaddpdate:: /* intarg0 - header word -- tells us which register and stuff '/ /* intarg1 - confignspace ptr into thread / / intarg1 - actual data to be written in thread's target register '/ instr memu mhu: instr memu wi intarg1, intarg1; -- store data into cp ptr instr memu si intarg1; -- cleared mbar-blt -- mask /* intarg1 = configspace ptr */ /* intarg1 = hoader word */ /* intarg1 = condition */ inter laiu tet (LCCI st intarg1, LCCI; inter laiu et LCCI st intarg1, thiarg1; -- dest register laiu et LCCI mm #0x6f(, itemp0; -- dest register instr laiu et LCCI net itemp0, itemp0; -- dest register instr laiu et LCCI net itemp0; -- dest register instr laiu et LCCI net itemp0; -- dest register instr laiu et LCCI net itemp0; -- dest register Instr [alu GapUy #0X40[0] Instr [alu GapUy #0X40[0] Instr [alu GapU pinLargo], FMC0] Instr meanu gprD inLargo], FMC1 Instr [alu Mov InLargo], FMC1] In /* try to create a dispatch IP and send a measage */
/* Generate XM ptr */ Instr. Lalu ct LCC1 and Intarg0, Itemp0, Itemp0; /* fp send */
lnstr falu Grad0 *4, FMCDest, FMCIP, ccl;
lnstr falu ct ccljmp RETIP;
lnstr i lalu ct ccljmp LTIP;
lnstr ; lnstr ; Instr lalu and Intargl, MOxf, Intargl; Instr lalu ish intargi, W3, intargl; lustr lalu or itemp0, Intarg1, Itemp0; Instr lalu jmp RET1P; Instr lalu setptr Itemp0, Itemp0; /* now calculate register offset */ /* Intarg1 contains node number! */ instr lalu mov itemp0, intarg1; Instr memu st Intarg2, Itemp0; instr memu st Intarg3, Intarg0; MAKE_XM_PTR (MSG_ccrequest) _mbarStoreUpdate:: mbarCCLoadUpdate:: CALLFAIL mbarLoadUpdate:: •/ instr

. .

ovent.m Sun Aug 13 13:29:52 1995

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/* we now need to activate the thread which was deactivated as a result of the activity 11((cache) miss....' instributed interget. 120, leanon; instributed interget. 120, interget. - get threadslot instributed instrict. SYRGETLOCK_JMARL_VAG_loop, _threadslot instributed instrict. SYRGETLOCK_JMARL_VAG_loop, _threadslot instributed instrict. SYRGETLOCK_JMARL_VAG_loop, _threadslot instributed instrict. Instributed instrict. Instributed interget. 130, interget. -- cluster /* now we cons up the configence ptr to the thread */ instributed interget. 130, interget. -- cluster /* now we cons up the configence ptr to the thread */ instributed interget. 130, interget. /* now we cons up the configence ptr to the thread */ instributed interget. 130, interget. /* now we cons up the configence ptr to the thread */ instributed interget. 130, interget. /* now we cons up the configence ptr to the thread */ instributed interget. 130, interget. /* now we cons up the configence ptr to the thread */ instributed interget. 130, interget. /* now offers to globol. 140000; instributed interget. 14000; instributed interget. 140000; instributed interget. 14000; instributed interget. 14

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strut;

Sun Aug 13 13:33:19 1995 lock.m

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/*lock procedures for use with buddy.c*/

#Include *newreg.h* #Include <11bcall.h>

data;

_____luddy_data_lock: u64_0x666;

text;

__buddysetLock::
 /*sets up the lock into the proper locked state*/
 /*no matten what it was hefore*/

instr meany mbar;

Instr memua lds ua, 1, Ltemp0, 10; Instr lalu Jmp HETTP; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ;

_buddylock:: /*splms until the lock is free, then locks and returns*/

instr memu mbar;

CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_buddy_data_lock, ltemp0, DStart) __huddyyuckii instr memu ldscnd ct, 1, ltump0, 10, cc3; instr jalu ct cc3 br _buddylock1; instr ; instr ; instr ;

Instrialu jmp RETIP; Instriinstriinstri

_buddyUnLock:: /*unlocks the lock and returns*/

Instr memu mbar;

CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_buddy_data_lock, Icemp0, DStart) Instr memi located ct, 0, Itemp0, 10, cc3; Instr ilui Jmp RETTP; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ;

end;

Sun Aug 13 13:30:19 1995 ltlb_event.m

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fluctude 'newreg.h'
fluctude 'helpmacros.h'
fluctude <10cal1.h>

LTLB fault handler

/*-----

text;

LTLA JANDLER START: INTET LAID move 0, HETLP; INTET LAID move 0, IU-0002; INTET LAID move 0, evtemp1; INTET LAID move 0, INTERG2; INTET LAID move 0, INTERG2; INTET LAID move 0, INTERG2;

-- Eupty 113, 114, 115 Instr Laby empty ##0xe000;

/* Walt for an LTLB miss, then call ltlb_body.c code */

valt_lilb_miss. then call itlb_boyy.c coue '/
walt_lilb_miss:
walt_lilb_miss:
 instr labu ucu lit, intarg0;
 instr labu mov lil, intarg1;
 instr labu mov lil, intarg2;
 instr labu mov lil, intarg1;
 instr labu mov lil, intarg1;
 instr labu mov lil, intarg2;
 instr labu liter;
 instr labu;
 ins ÷

-- Bupty 113, 114, 115 [alu br walt_ltlb_miss; [alu setptr ltemp0, ltemp0; [alu empty wt0xe000; meanu st lketVal, rtemp0; Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr

Labu by fall;

Instr Instr Instr Instr

end;

----- lock word on cache-coherence directory
-- synchronizes access to the codir data structure Sun Aug 13 13:34:51 1995 Instr lalu br Fall; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; tSpawn handling doesn't deal well with large argument lists. Initialize all necessary registers and data structures and
 start walting for a message to arrive M-Machine runtime system Message Handler code
 Handles p0 and p1 messages arriving at mode
 How mostly stude which call functions written in C asciz "Message Handler Installed/n"; Yevgeny Gurevich 0.05 06/11/95 Instr Talu mov 00, RETTP; Instr Talu mov 00, Teemp0; Instr Talu mov 00, Intemp0; Instr Talu mov 00, Interg0; Instr Talu mov 00, Interg1; Instr Talu mov 00, Interg1; 0.10 07/18/95 0.20 08/08/95 PRINTP(_MH_Intro, DStart) instr lalu mov WO, AP; Wait for incoming message linclude 'newreg.h' linclude 'linclude 'nelmacros.h' linclude 'opcodes.h' linclude 'opcodes.h' linclude 'opcodes.h' linclude 'stanldefs.h' linclude 'stanldefs.h' DISPATCH_HANDLER_START:: message_event.m Nodification Date Modification Date Vaision
 Nadification Date _ltlb_data_for_MH:: u64_0; Idefine CALLFAIL MSG, NEZTRESSAGE: 10 1910 164 0; · Written by _codi clock:: Verston Version MH_INLFO: _sqlock:: data; toxt;

 Jump to dispatch IP
 arg count (ignored now)
 return address (scading node)
 reterenced addr (VADDR_REG) · NACK message arriving (this tells us to resend the request by enqueing a -- XM IP for message -- empty f1,f2,f4 . Instr lalu empty (INTARG4_EMPTY_MASK); Instr falu mov (2, Interg4 Instr lalu mov MsgBody, Interg0; Instr lalu mov MsgBody, Interg1; Instr lalu mov MsgBody, Interg2; PUSH(Interg0); PUSH(Interg0); tristr lalu mov MogHead, luemp0
falu empty #0x0016; SPOP(Intarg0) Instr lalu br MSG_NEXTMESSAGE; Instr Talu jmp Ltemp0; Instr Talu mov MsgBody, [1; Instr Talu mov MsgBody, [1; Instr Talu mov MsgBody, [2; Instr Talu mov MsgBody, [4; job with the event handler instr ; instr ; instr ; Instr lalu mov SP, AP; PUSH(Intarg3) FCALL(_ccNackRW) SPOP(Intarg0) Cache-Coherence Code PUSH(intarg1) SPOP(Intarg0) PUSH(Intarg2) SPOP(Intary0) SPOP(Intary0) SPOP(Intarg0) SPOP(intarg0) SPOP (Intarg0) _message_arrlved: CALLFAIL CALLFAIL MSG_CCNaCKRW: : MSG_CCNaCkR0:: text;

2 · Dirty line being pushed (evicted) back to home node - executes on home node ************** * YANK ACK coming hack to home node (this is a 'long' ack - with dirty line) · YANK ACK coming back to home node (this is a 'short' ack - no dirty line) Sun Aug 13 13:34:51 1995 instrialu empty K(INTARGZ_ENPTY_MASK); instrialu mov 12, Intarg2 instrialu mov MsgBody, Intarg0; Instrialu mov MsgBody, Intarg1; PUSH(Intarg0) MSG__CCreturnDirty:: instr lalu mov MsgBody, intarg0; PUSH(intarg0) Linetrialu mov SP, AP; FEALL(_CretournEvicted) SPOF(intargo) mSC_NEXTMESSAGE; instr lalu br MSC_NEXTMESSAGE; CALLAVIL lnstr lalu mov MsgBody, Intarg0; PUSH(Intarg0) MSR.geneturnyanke: Instr Lalu mov MegBody, Intarg0; Instr lalu br MSG_NEXTMESSAGE; Instriation MSC_NEXTMESSAGE; Instriation MSC_NEXTMESSAGE; Instriations Instrikted a MacimicsSACE; Instriktur: CALLFAIL INVALIDATE message arriving at P0 Instr lalu mov SP, AP; FCALL(_ccreturnyankFull) Instr ; instr ; instr ; Instr Lalu mov SP, AP; PUSH(Intargl) FCALL (_ccInvalldate) SPOP (Intargo) SPOP (Intargi) message_event.m MSG_ccreturnyankFull:: SPOP(intarg0) MSG_ccinvalidate:: CALLEATI,

-- received acknowledgement with the entire cache line ACK(R) -- received acknowledgement with the entire cache line /* header */ * REQUEST for a cache line coming in to a p0 MH Instr lalu empty #(INTARGI_EMPTY_MASK); Instr falu mov [2, Intarg2; Instr lalu mov MsgBody, Intarg0; Instr lalu mov MsgBody, Intarg1; PUSH(Intarg0) instr lalu empty #(INTARG4_EMPTY_MASK); MSG_CCTETUTNIOBAG:: Instr lalu empty #(INTINGI_EMPTY_MASK): Instr falu mov f2, intarg2; Instr falu mov f2, Intarg4 ialu mov MsgBody, Intarg1: instr lalu mov MsgBody, Intarg0; Instr lalu mov MsgBody, Intarg2; Instr lalu mov MsgBody, intarg1; THE TAIL AND WE REQUIRE THE TAIL AND REAL AND WE AND THE TAIL WOUNT AND THE TAIL WAS AND THE TAIL AND THE TAIL (CARADONS TO THE TAIL (CARADONS TO THE TAIL) AND THE TAIL AND TAIL AND THE TAIL AND Instr lalu br MSG_NEXTMESSAGE; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; CALLFAIL Instr Jalu br MSG_NEXTMESSAGE; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; instr lalu mov SP, AP;
FCALL(_ccreturnStore)
SPOP(intarg0) FCALL(_ccreturnYank) SPOP(Intarg0) PUSH(Intargo) MSG_ccreturnStore:: CALLEAIL CALLFAIL WSG_ccrequest:: ACK (X)

1 alu lmm f8. ltemp0; /* Increment OMBC constant */
1 alu lmm f(p_corp); < < 1) | (0xf << 9)), lintarg1;
1 alu shoru #(x0000, intarg1;
1 alu shoru #0x000, i /* increment OMBC constant */ -- data ptr -- threadlp Sun Aug 13 13:34:51 1995 -- numargs; /* making a call to fork */
/* fork(lp, data, return, numargs, argl, arg2, etc) */
Instr falu mov MsgBody, Intarg3;
 -- numa /' address '/ /' header '/ Anatr Fally mov SP, AP; Linetr memu SE LULATGO, 48, SP; Linetr memu SE LULATGO, 48, SF; /· this is where we are to store the parentTC ·/ Linet Fally Ion SP, 48, SF; 7* save current stack for rultioval later '/ hustr late mov SP, interg4; Histi Talu mov Tutarg3, Tremp0; Histi Talu Teq Itemp0, #0, LCC1; Histi Talu di LCC1 br _done_tspawn_loop; Thread Spawn message arriving on target node Inst Ialu mov RsgBody, Intarg1; Inst Ialu mov RsgBody, Intarg2; ConsTNUCT_LONG_LABEL(_EEXIEX, Intarg2) Inst Ialu leab IP, Intarg2; Intarg2; · Update the outgoing message buffer counter Instrialu ish intarg3, V3, Itemp0; Instrialu sub IO, Itemp0; Instrialu ies SP, Itemp0, SP; Instrialu ies SP, V=48, SP; Instrialu ies SP, V=48, SP; Instr Falu mov MsgBody, Intarg0; Instr Falu mov MsgBody, Intarg1; PUGH(Intarg0) lustrialu br MSG_MEXTMESSAGE; instrialmstrialmstri CALUFAIL lustr Falu mov SP, AP; FCALL(ccreturnLoad) SPOP(Intarg0) /* set up stack */ message_event.m MSG_1nvokeRPC++ MSG_tspawn++ lustr Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr i na t r _update_ombc:

/* now the last message word is the target of a signal */ lnatr laiu mov intary0, intargi; -- the dataword for -- the signal is the -- actual child?" instr laiu mov MsqRody, intarg0; -- the word to signal Message for a sleep entry to be made arriving at the
 signal_word's home node Mossage for a thread to be wakened arriving at the
 thread's home node Instr Jalu of LCC1 sub Itemp0, #1, itemp0; /* a wake message arriving for a node */
instr lalu mov MsgBody, intarg0;
instr lalu mov MsgBody, intarg1; Inser Jalu Teq (Lemp0, #0, LCC1; Inser Talu of LCC1 br __tepawm_loop1; Inser memu st NegMody, #8, SP; Inser Talu sub Ltemp0; #1, Itemp0; Inser : MSG_tSleep:: /* a TC asks to be put to sleep */ Instrialu mov MsgBody, intarg0; _done_tspawn_loop: instrialu lew Af, #32, SP; instr memu st MsgBody, #-32, SP; Instr lalu mov MsgBody, Intarg0; FCALL(_tSlgnalX) Instr Jalu br MSG_NEXTMESSAGE; Instr lalu br MSG_NEXTMESSAGE; FCALL(_tPork%) SPOP(Intarg1) Instr falu mov intarg1, SP; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; instr lalu mov SP, AP; PUSH(Intarg1) Instr; Instr; Instr; FCALL (_SYSTWake) PUSH(Intarg0) PUSH(Intary4) SPOP(Intarg0) SPOP(Intarg0) instr ; nstr ; Instr ; u64 0; _tcpawn_loop1: MSG_tWake:: _rval_loc: text; data:

m

-- signal_word

-- result of tsleepremote -- tc involved If wigot a continuation message, this means that we need to reavisen a thread. But since we are a PI MM, we cannot wait for any locks. Need to add a job to the eh queue '/ instrialu mov MsgBody, intarg0; -- to instrialu mov MsgBody, intarg1; -- data [instrialu mov SF, AP; USH(intarg1)]
 USH(intarg1)
 USH(intarg1)
 USH(intarg1)
 USH(intarg1)
 USH(intarg1)
 USH(intarg1)
 USH(intarg1)
 USH(intarg1) Sun Aug 13 13:34:51 1995 MSC (Signal): /* a signal (or this word arrives - must handle 15 -/ listic fally nov MsgBody, Intarg0; -- te -- data mask ************************ A signal message arriving at signal_word's
 Home node. Asking for a new signal entry to be made PUSH(Intarg2) CONSTRUC_LONG_PTR(_rval_loc. intarg3, UStart) PUSH(Intarg3) FCALL(_SYStS1expRemote) CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_rval_loc, Intarg3, DStart) . Response to a MSG_tSleep message wherein , a thread is told that it may waken immediately Instrialu leq Intary0, 10, LCC1; Instrialu et LCC1 brigG_JNEXTMESSAGE; Instrialu et LCC1 empty T0x0010; Instrianu et LCC1 ld Intarg1, FMC1; Instrialu et LCC1 mov Intarg1, FMC0; MAKE_XM_FTK(MSG_L51eepContinuation)
Instr falu [sndlpt r2, f2, FMCIP, LCC1; instr lalu ct LCC1 br MSG_NEXTMESSAGE; instr ; instr ; instr ; cALLFAIL Instr Talu mov MsgBody, Intargl; Histr Talu mov MsgBody, Intarg2; PUGH(Intarg1) Instr Jalu br MSG_NEXTMESSAGE; Instr : Instr : Instr ; Hustr Talu mov SP, AP; PUSH(Intarg1) MSG_ttSleepContInuatIon:: message_event.m 5P0P(Intarg2) 5P0P(Intarg2) 5P0P(Intarg2) 5P0P(Intarg2) 5P0P(Intarg1) SP0P(Intarg1) PUSH(Intarg0) SPOP(Intargl) •

Instr [all mov MsgBody, Intarg1; PUSH(Intarg0) Instr [alu mov SP, AP; PUSH(Intarg1) PCMLu(_SYSES[gna1] SP0P[Intarg1]

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Instrialu br MSG_NEXTMESSAGE; Instriinstriinstri

SPOP(Intarg1)

end;

passfail.m Thu Jan 19 15:06:54 1995 1
/
. User pass, fail exit routhes • Author: Steve Keckler • Author: Steve Keckler • Modified to glabel lated by Marco Fillo April 1st 1994
rluciude '/home/ww/apps/stdhead/regdef.h' tdefine PASS_CODE 0xaa idefine FAIL_CODE 0xff idefine SYSFAIL_CODE 0xdf
ł e.x.t.;
User Pass coutine: halts simulator when called.
раяя : : Раяя : : Раяя : :
Instr Ialu nop;
Instriation not: Instriations:
instrialu nop; Instrialu nop;
Instrialu nop:
lustr lalu nop; İnstr lalu nop;
instrialu nop;
instrialu nop; Instrialu nop;
Instrialu nop;
instrialu nop; instrialu nop;
Instr Jalu nop:
instrialu nop; Instrialu nop;
Instr lalu nop;
lnstr lalv nop; Instr lalv nop;
Instr Jalu nop;
Instructure Dep: Instructure Lalu nop;
Instriatu nop:
lustr falu nop; Lust tsto mon white role to form.
hist falu br Halt:
Instr lalu nop;
instriatu nop; Instriatu nop;
listr Jalu nop;
User Full routine: halts simulator when called.
/ • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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 passfail.m
 Thu Jan 19 15:06:54 1995
 2

 Pretr laip roop: Instr laip roop:

•••

end;

Thu Jun 29 11:06:18 1995 pointer.m

 $\ell^* {\rm pointer}$ creation procedures for use with buddy, $c^* \ell$

Instrialu Jmp RETTP; Instr; Instr; Instr;

"Include 'newceg.h*
"Include sllbcall.h>

*define PPUISTTEST 0

*11 PELISTTEST

data;

/*__fake_phys: 064_0x333_(30);+/ _fake.phys: _____064_0x333;

LOXUL

/'expects a pointer to the fake'/ /'physical memory in intargo'/ ...IndtFakers

lnstr memu mbar; GET_FRAME

CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_fake_phys, intarg1, DStart) Instr momun st Intarg0, #0, intarg1;

RETURN

/'uxpucts: address in Intarg0 (int)'/ size in intarg1 '' /' or foreaction in intarg2 '' /'ake vursion for use in tasting'/ /'Pplist code'/ _createfointer::

Instr memu mbar;

GET_FRAME

CoNSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_[dake_phys, Intarg1, DStart) Instr memu 1d Intarg1, v0, Intarg2; Instr Ialu 1ea Intarg2, Intarg0, Intarg0; Instr Ialu setptr Intarg0, INetVa1;

RETURN

Velse Lext;

_____createfoluter:: /*expects: address in intarg0 (int)./ /* size in intarg1 +/ /* protection in intarg2 +/

Instr mean mbar;

Instr Jalu Jah Intarg2, VG, Intarg2; Instr Jalu or Intarg1, Intarg2, Intarg1; Instr Jalu Ish Intarg1, VS, Intarg1; Instr Jalu or Intarg1, VS, Intarg0; Instr Jalu or Intarg0, Intarg0; Instr Jalu souptr Intarg0, Intarg0;

/*expects a pointer in intargo*/
/*resets it to its starting address*/
/*and returns in in iketVal*/ Instr Jalu leab Intarg0, #0, IReEVal; instr latu setptr intarg0, IRetVal; instrialu jmp RETIP; instriinstriinstri; Instr lalu jmp RETIP; Instr ; Instr ; Instr ; Instr memu mbar; instr memu mbar; instr lalu 111; _resetPointer:; _setPointer:; _breakpoint:: #end1f

lnstr lalu jmp RETIP; lnstr ; instr ; instr ; _alloc:: #1f 0

/*expects a size in itarg0*/
/*just a wrapper for __vmemx*/

PUSH(AP)

GET_FRAME

/*Condom the SP*/ instr lalu lea SP, -8, SP;

Instrialu lea SP, #8, AP; LIUCALL(_vneax)

/ .opun./

instrialu lea SP, M8, SP;

SPOP(AP)

GET_RETIP

instr ialu jmp RETIP; lnstr; lnstr; lnstr;

¥endif end;

--1 kdnflne SFTUP_FOIRTER(x) construct_Lows_LnkL(x,intArg0) for lab the DStart, intArg0, intArg0; /* data address '/ / inter labu lab DStart, intArg0, intArg0; /* data address '/ / inter mewu id intArg0, intArg1; /* data value '/ inter mewu id intArg0, intArg1; /* generate pointer '/ / inter mewu zi intArg1, intArg0; // generate pointer '/ / Sun Aug 13 13:36:29 1995 GET_FRAME GET_FRAME LOND_ENU_LANE:L_getParent_pir, ltemp0, DStart) Linst lalu jmp ltemp0; Linst : ____gerSalfTV:: GET_FRAME LAND_FAR_LABEL(_getSelfTV_ptr, itemp0, DStart) Instr jaiu jmp itemp0; Instr ; (ADD_FAR_IABEL(_tSleep_ptr, ltemp0, DStart)
Instr lalu jmp itemp0;
Instr ; ì HWT_SynUb:: - Initialize the library of pointers. Instr lalu jmp RETIP: lnstr ; instr ; lnstr ; Listerp. Print and the construction of the con finclude 'pointers.h'
finclude 'helpmacros.h' #Include <!!bcall.b> "Include "newrog.h" lnstr ; CALC_RETIP lustr ; cALC_RETIP CALC_RETIP GET_FRAME allgn 0 mod 8; _tSleep_ptr:: _tExlt_ptr:: Instr ; RETURN RETURN syscall.m ...get.Parent : : data USER; _tsleep:: text; text;

LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_tUnparse_ptr, Itemp0, DStart) Instr Jalu Jmp [temp0; Instr ; LoAD_FAR_LABEL(_cSignal pic, llionpi0, DStart) Instr lalu jmp [tcmp0; Instr ; GET_FRAME LOAD_FMR_LABEL(_tFork_pur, Itemp0, DStart) LOAD_FMR_LABEL(_tFork_pur, Itemp0, LOAD_FMP lau jmp itemp0; lustr ; LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_EExit_ptr. itemp0, DStart) instr jalu jmp itemp0; instr ; IntargO - numargs Intarg1 - thread lp Intarg2 - dest node * instr lalu mov w1, FMC3; instr lalu mov w1, FMC4; Instr memu mbar; Instr; CALC_RETIP instr ; CALC_RETIP instr ; CALC_RETIP CALC_RETI P _tUnparse:: GET_FRAME GET_FRAME GET_FRAME **GET_FRAME** RETURN RETURN RETURN RETURN RETURN Instr • . _tsignal:: _tspawn:: _tExit:: _tFork::

/' problem is that tspawn should really be a system mode function '/ system mode function '/ : 2 /* when malloc returns, demote the ptr into a KEY-only ptr */ FCALL(_sysPtrDemota} /* num args */ /* data ptr */ /* throad 1p */ /* dest nodu 1 */ -- sleep ptr Sun Aug 13 13:36:29 1995 * try to allocate momory for a signalword */ /* load up arguments */ instr lalu lea AF, 124, itemp0; instr lalu lea AF, 124, itemp0; instr lalu nov 11, itemp1, instr0, LCC1; instr mean ct LCC1 id itemp0, 18, FMC3; instr nalu nov 12, itemp1, instr0, LCC1; instr nalu nov 12, itemp1, instr0, LCC1; instr nalu le itemp1, instr0, LCC1; instr nalu nov 14, itemp1, instr0, LCC1; instr nalu nov 14, itemp1, instr0, itemp1; instr nalu nov 14, itemp1, instr0, itemp1; instr nalu nov 15, itemp1, instr0, itemp1; instr nalu 110 itemp1; inst CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_rpcx, ltemp0, DStart) instr meanu id itemp0, FMCIP; /* purform an RPC */ Instr lalu mov IntargO, FMCO; Instr lalu mov DStarf, FMCI; Instr lalu mov IntargO, FMCDnat; Instr lalu mov IntargO, FMCDnat; /* now move it for later use */ instr lalu mov intarg0, intarg1; PUSH(AP) PUSH(Intarg0) Instr Talu mov #0×8, Intarg0; FCALL(_malloc) linet falu mov 11, FMC5, linet falu mov 11, FMC5, linet falu mov 11, FMC7, linet falu mov 11, FMC9, linet falu mov 11, FMC9; instr falu empty #0xc070; PUSH(Intarg1) SPOP(lntarg0) (4V) 404S syscall.m

/* ltympo is free at this point, so are intargl, intarg2, etc instriatuium 0xx76c0, itempo; instriatuiu aboru 0x0000, itempo; instriatu shoru 0x0051, itempo; instriatu shoru 0x0051, itempo; instriatu shoru 0x0051, itempo; instriatu shoru 0x0061, itempo; /* det own CP */

;

Instriment 1d LempO, ItempO, Instrialy imm #0x2000, Intargi; Instrialy 1%h intargi, "3, Intargi;

Instr

/* intargi is TC */ intu the neargy, vo, iccl; tau ef iccl empry 10x0100; talu ef iccl mov incargi, PNC3; talu ef iccl mov incargi, PNC3; talu ef iccl mo 10, iccl; PNC0081; falu ef iccl ine 10, 00, iccl; talu ef iccl ine 10, 00, iccl; talu ef iccl ine 10, 00, iccl; talu ef iccl ine vo, 10, iREVal; talu ef iccl mov 10, iREVal; talu ef iccl mov 10, iREVal; lalu lle intarg0, *1, LCC1; aluct LCC1 omov 10x0000; laluct LCC1 omov 10x0000; laluct LCC1 mov intarg2, FMC3; alauct LCC1 mov lntarg2, FMC9s, FMC1P, LCC2 laluct LCC1 ine 10, 10, LCC2; laluct LCC1 br _L2pam_continue; laluct LCC1 card LCC2, LCC3; laluct LCC1 conv V0, TRetVa1; laluct LCC3 mov V1, TRetVa1; laluct LCC3 mov V1, TRetVa1; lalu !!e intarg0, Y2, LCC1; falu ct LCC1 empty 10x0600; lalu ct LCC1 emoty 10x0600; lalu ct LCC1 mov intarg1, PMC5 lalu ct LCC1 mov intarg2, PMC65 lalu ct LCC1 inte 10, 10, LCC2; lalu ct LCC1 br _tspam_continue; lalu ct LCC1 cond LCC2, LCC3; lalu ct LCC1 emov 10, IRetVa1; lalu ct LCC1 emov 10, IRetVa1; lalu ct LCC1 mov 11, IRetVa1; lalu lle Interg0, *1, LCC1; falu et LCC1 empry 10X0C00; lalu et LCC1 emov Interg1, FWC6; lalu et LCC1 mov Interg2, FWC7; lalu et LCC1 mov Interg2, FWC7; ialu et LCC1 inte 10, LUC2; lalu et LCC1 br _LSpam_continuo; lalu et LCC1 br _CC3 prov LCC2, LCC3; lalu et LCC1 mov 40, IRREVa1; lalu et LCC1 mov 40, IRREVa1; lalu et LCC3 mov 41, IRREVa1; Iniv ile intarg0, M4, LCC1; Laiu ct LCC1 moupty NOXB00; Iniu ct LCC1 moupty NOXB00; Iniu ct LCC1 mov Intarg1, FWC7; Alaiu ct LCC1 mov Intarg2, FWC8; Laiu ct LCC1 findiote U9, FWC0eat, FMC1P, LCC2 laiu ct LCC1 int 10, 10, LCC2; laiu ct LCC1 hr _tsphm_centlinuo; -- sleepword /. 34 Jef // Instr lalu loa tremp0, intargl, itemp0: instr menu ld itemp0, itemp0; instr lalu lsh itemp0, w4, itemp0; instr lalu lsh itemp0; v4, itemp0; instr lalu lmm P_KEY, intargl; instr lalu or intargl, w60, intargl; instr lalu or intargl, temp0; instr lalu secptr itemp0; instr lalu secptr itemp0, intargl; /* SYSPUTLOCK (_threadLock) SPOP(Intarg2) PUSH(Intarg2) lnstr lustr Instr lnstr Instr Instr Instr instr Instr Instr Instr lustr Instr Instr lnstr Instr lnstr Instr Instr Instr lnstr Instr

Sun Aug 13 13:36:29 1995 gyscall.m

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Instr Talu et LCC1 ceand LCC2, LCC1, LCC3; Instr Talu et LCC1 mov t0, TRetVal; Instr Talu et LCC3 mov t1, TRetVal;

lnstr - Talu mov MO, TRetval; SPOP(Intarg1) RETURN

..'Spiwn_continue: ..'Spiwn_continue: what we have spawned off a thread, call tSleep to what for the result to come hack... ' SPOP(Intargo) Instriatu mov '0, intargi; -- signal word FCALL(tSleep) FCALL(tSleep)

end;

/· don't make coples, just store pointers to different parts of the stringt intergo is the pir to the entire input string '/ LOAD_FAR_IANEL(_LD_argo, iteme), DStart) ··· itempi contains arge CONSTRUCT_LOATC, PTR(_LD_argo, intargi, DStart) ··· intargi contains -· intergi contains ч /* Intargl contains the ontire "command-line". It must be parsed, pointers into the different arguments created, and an argc calculated "/ CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_LD_commandline_string, intarg0, DStart) Sun Aug 13 13:37:51 1995 Instr memor st Intarg0, #8, Intarg1; Instr Talu add Itemp1, #1, Itemp1; _LLP_heillo_string: asciz *M-Machine Loader v0.20\n*; PRINTF(_LD_hello_string, DStart) ÷ p64 _LU.commandllne_string; p64 _LU.commandllne_string; p64 _LU.commandllne_string; p64 _LU.commandllne_string; p64 _LU.commandllne_string; _U0_lp_string: asciz 'IP = 0x0x/n'; _U0_cp_string: asciz 'CP = 0x0x/n'; p64 _LD_commandline_string; asciz 'Enter Filename > '; PRINTF(_LU_prompt, DStart) _LD_printargs: asciz 'Arg &d: (%s)\n'; ptr k.0.0; ptr k.0.0; ptr k.0.0; *include `newreg.h'
*include `helpmacros.h'
*include <11bcall.h> _lf0_ccommandline_string: asciz • LIBCALL (______gets) "include "pointers.h" / * system loader */ _LD_Input string: asciz *as*; asciz 'r'; ptr r.0.0; ptr k.0.0; GET_FRAME sysloader.m asciz . _system_loader:: ____Sys_User__EP; ___Sys_User__CP; __Sys_User__SP; u64 0; . brol_file: _LP_fllename: _LD_fllemode: In Junt Link LD_prompt: _LD_argc: _LD_argv: data: text;

-- name address -- mode address -- open [1]e store handle -- allocate 16K for user code -- allocate 128K for user code -- Intarg2 <- word -- 3 Isbits -- Intarg3 contains -- string{index} -- next argv string -- store BACK into -- source string /* now loop THROUGH THE INPUT STRING, reading out characters and storing new string starting points into argvi */ ; /* nice thing to do now is to store the argo back in, and also succe the first argo into _LD_fluoname ·/ CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_LD_argo, intarg0, DStart) inst memu st itempi, intargo; CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_LD_flioname, intarg0, DStart) LOND_FNR_LNBEU(_LD_argv, intarg1, DStart) LUBCALL(_strcpy) lalu leq Intarg3, w12, cc0; lalu leq Intarg3, w1, cc1; lalu cc cc1 br _done_argcloop; lalu cc cc1 br !temp0, w12, ltemp0; lalu cc cc0 or ltemp0, w0, ltemp0; lalu cc cc0 lnsb Intarg2, ltemp0; lalu cf cc1 br _argc_loop; lalu cf cc1 br _argc_loop; memu ct cc0 st intarg2, lntarg0; -- sto CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_LD_f11ename, Intarg0, DStart) CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_LD_f11emode, Intarg1, DStart) LIBCALL(__f0pen) memu of col lea intarg0, r1, intarg0; memu ot co0 st intarg0, r8, intarg1 lalu ot co0 add itemp1, r1, itemp1; CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(_LD_bad_opening, itemp1) instrialuileabil: itemp1, itemp1; instrialuictualjup; luemp1; instrialuictua; CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_LD_argv, Intarg], DStart) Instr lalu mov 1, Intarg1; LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_LtD_NULU,PTR, itemp0, DSrart) LOAD_FAR_LABEL(_LtD_load_file, itemp1, DStart) instr lalu log itemp0, itemp1, ccl; Instriment 1d Intargo, Intarg2; Instrially and Intargo, M0x7, Itemp0; Instrially exthintarg2, Itemp0, Intarg3; /* name of file is in filename buffer */
/* open the file */ instr lalu lsh Intargo, #3,intargo; FCALL(vmem_alloc) Instr lalu Imm ##0x4000, Intarg0; /* have completed the copying */ /* first, decide in linkage generate IP generate CP generate Stack */ _argvprint_loop: _done_argcloop: lnstr Instr instr Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr Instr instr _argc_loop:

/* set the 1p type to user execute ptr */

 -- key ptr to go on USER stack
 -- set user stack ptr
 -- push system SP on user SP asciz "Return from user code complete.\nSystem Stack Pointer= %p\n'; -- Get rid of user TOC and -- set DSCart to USER data /* If execution reaches this point, something is really wrong:'/
instr ialu br sysfall;
instr ;
instr ;
instr ;
instr ;
instr ; -- set user RETIP back -- to system code /* need to construct intarg0 (argc) and intarg1 (argv) '/ LOAD_FAR_LABEU(_LD_argc, intarg0, DStart) CONSTRUCT_LONC_PTR(_LD_argv, intarg1, DStart) /* now this is keyonly, make physical again */ /* construct key-only Stack pointer '/
/* kill protections and make it key-only '/
instr lalu lsh SP, 14. /* now SP is the actual saved stack ptr. */ CONSTRUCT_LONG_LABEL(_RETURNCODE, RETIP) Instr lalu leab IP, RETIP, RETIP; /* now just need to jump to user code */ SP; SP; Intarg0, SP; Instriated in St. W. SP. Instriated in St. W. SP. Instriated in St. W. SP. Instriated in W0x0000, Intargo: Instriate shore W0x000, Intargo: Instriate shore W0x000, Intargo: Instriate shore W0x000, Intargo: SP: Instriate shore W0x000, Intargo: SP: Instriate shore W0x000, Intargo: SP: Instr lalu lea Itemp1, #0x10, DStart; Intargo, SP; -- restore system AP /* now can print something nice */ Instr memu mbar; Instr lau 111; /* SP la still user stack ptr */ POP(Intarg0) Instr Ialu setptr SP, Itemp2; Instr Ialu mov AP, SP; Instr lalu mov Intarg0, SP; Instr memu st Itemp2, SP; instr lalu jmp itemp0; POP (DStart) _RETURNCODE: data; _LD_return_strlng: POP (RETIP) instr ; instr ; POP (AP) lnstr ; text; CONSTRUCT_LOPPG_PTR(_Sys_User_CP, ltempl, DStart) Instr memu st Intargl, itempl; -- store in sys data segment CONSTRUCT LOUG_PTH(_Sys_User_IP, itemp1, DStatt) Instr memor st IRetVal, itemp1: -- store in sys data segment -- set to last word -- in the segment -- 16K bytes for user data -- 128K bytes for user data /* arguments to _LD_load_file are the FILE*, and the IP and CP */ LOND_FNR_IABEL(_LD_load_file, intarge, DStart) LOND_FNR_IABEL(_Sys_loser_IP, intarg1, DStart) LOND_FNR_IABEL(_Sys_loser_CP, intarg2, DStart) CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_Sys_loser_CP, intarg2, DStart) CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_SysCallStart, intarg1, DStart) /* now need to decide where to place the text and data segments */ /* Itemp0 is an argument to the loader: */ Instribulum w10x4000, intarg0; -- 16K bytes for user data Instribulum intarg0; w1, intarg0; -- 120K bytes for user data FCALL(vmen_alloc) -- initially, AP points to -- first word on user stack -- request 16384-byte stack Hest [a]u [5] [ReUval, 4, [KeUval; Hust [a]u [5] [A] [ReUval, v_4, [ReUval; -- k]]] AW protection [hst [a]u wy E_EXUSSK, [Lemp]; [hst [a]u [5]h [Lemp]; [60, [Lemp]; [hst [a]u [5]h [Lemp]; [60, [Lemp]; [hst [a]u [2]h [Lemp]; [FeUval] [[ReUval]; [-- set EXUSEW protection [hst [a]u [2]h [[reuval], [ReUval]; []eUval]; -- set EXUSEW protection [hst [a]u [2]h [[reuval], [ReUval]; []eUval]; -- set EXUSEW protection [hst [a]u [2]h [[]eUval]; []eUval]; []eUval]; -- set EXUSEW protection LoAD_FAk_LABEL(_LD_load_file, intarg0, DStart)
LIBCALL(__fclose)
-- close user executable 2. RecVal now contrains a ptr to heginning of user stack '/ POP(HtuenpU) -- restore USER IP FOP(Htuenpl) -- restore USER CP Sun Aug 13 13:37:51 1995 PUSH(Itemp0) -- save IP CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_LD_Ip_string, intarg0, DStart) Instr Jalu mov Itemp0, intarg1; , /* return value is either HULL ptr or entry IP LOND_PARLADEL(LINULL_PTR, ILCMPD, PTR, ILCMPD, DStart) instr lalu legitumpo, IRecVal, ccl; instr lalu cr ccl br _LD_bad_objectfile; -- restore IP -- save CP -- save IP Instr Falu Imm **(0x4000 - 0x08), Itemp0; Instr Falu Lea IRetVal, Itemp0, IRetVal; /* save system values on system stack */ /* Bot up a user stack */ Instr Lalu Tam #0X4000, Intarg0; FCALL(vnem_alloc) instrialy mov IRetVal, intargl; Instrialu mov IRetVal, AP; instr ; instr ; instr ; /* open complete. */
PUSH(Intarg2) LIBCALL (SysLoader) PUSH(IRetVal) FUSH (DStart) POP(ltemp0) PUSH (RETLP) (JV) HSO.

2

sysloader.m

Sun Aug 13 13:37:51 1995 sysloader.m

lierr falu mov SP, Intargi; PRINT("LOLreturn_string, DStart) Instr falu mov ML, IRetVal; RETURN

_lD_bad opening: /* error opening the data file $\star/$ data;

LD_Jod_open_strings: asciz "Ector opening '; .LD_bad_open_strings: asciz '.Nn';

Lext

PRINTF(_LU_bad_opon_stringa, DStart) PRINTF(_LU_filename, DStart) PRINTF(_LU_ad_open_string), DStart) PRINTF(_LD_ad_open_string), DStart) PREVNEN

_tb_bad_objectfile: /* error opening the data file */ ${\rm data}_{\rm st}$

..LD_bad_open_stringc: asclz 'Error reading '; ..LD_bad_open_stringd: asclz '.\n';

text;

PHINTF(_LU_bad_open_stringc, DStart) PHINTF(_LU_bad_open_stringd, DStart) PHINTF(_LU_bad_open_stringd, DStart) Instr lalu mov 00, IRetVal; RFTURH

; bria

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Sun Aug 13 13:37:13 1995 vmem.m

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VIN ET . T

Yevgeny Gurevleh

August 26, 1994

ModIfled: 08/08/95

This fille contains the following virtual memory management functions: vmem_allec: allocates a range of bytes and returns a new segment ptr vmem_deallec: deallocates a virtual memory segment.

These functions are merely stubs for the buddy list virtual memory

allocator

Thelude <libeall.h> *Include "newreg.h"

#define VERBOSE_ALLOC 0

data;

_mem_alloc_string:

_mum_alloc_m3_string: asciz 'Bitmask to check 0x%x%x is 0x%x%x\n';

_mem_notok_strlng: asclz *Segment not ok\n*;

*define VERBOSE_ALLOC 0

text;

/* this routing is used for internal physical memory allocation before the Phy and VSN are up and running. Use sparingly to just help jumpstart phy and VSN are up and running.

GET FRAME mem_alloc::

1. Uses DStart pointer to access _Sys_Memory_End and update It. Needs to synchronize on _Sys_Memory_End because more than one system/user process may be modifying it at a time

Arga: Intarg0 = length in bytes of requested segment

Returns :

returns Physical (change to R/W later) pointer to allocated space DStart[_Sys_Memory_End] */ Mod1 fles

FUSH (DSTATC)

Instr lalu lmm __SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR___ itemp0; Instr lalu leab IP, luemp0, DStart; Instr memo ld DStart, DSCart;

Instr Jalu nev Intarg0, Intarg1;

/* Intarg1 now contains number of bytes to allocate. */
/* [Irst read in pointer from _Sys_Memory_End.
Will need to sync on it. */

fendl f

/* need to calculate a size for the pointer, and also align it to the correct boundary */ /* arg2 contains pointer to all memory. Need to find closest aligned chunk of size intargi */ /* MUST check arg3 to sres if alignment is right. To this end, must ensure that for an in-word-segment request, the m+3 low-order address bits of arg3 are zero. */ instrialu mov k-1, mstemp1 ; instrialu lah mstemp1, itemp0, mstemp1; instrialu lah mstemp1, mstemp1; instrialu lah mstemp1, mstemp1; instrialu lah mstemp1, mstemp1; -- number of bytes to allocate /* how do you find requested segment size? Assume is zero, and continue shifting out the requested size until is zero. Use a CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_Sys_Momory_End, Intarg0, DStart) -- segment size Instr lalu leq Intarg3, 10, cc1; Instr lalu dc cc1 br shift_loop, r1, Intarg3; Instr lalu cf cc1 lsh Intarg3, r-1, Intarg3; Instr lalu cf cc1 add Itemp0, r1, Itemp0; counter */ instr laiu mov intarg1, intarg3; instr laiu sub intarg3, *1, intarg3; instr laiu sub intarg4, itemp0; Instr ; Instr ; shift_loop:

PUSH(Interse) PUSH(Itemp0) PUSH(Itemp0) PUSH(Itemp1) Instr lalu mov Intarg2, Intarg1; Instr lalu mov Intarg2, Intarg2; Instr lalu mov Intarg2, Intarg2; Instr lalu mov Metemp1, Intarg3; Instr lalu now Metemp1, Intarg4; Instr lalu now Metemp1, Intarg4; CONSTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_Mem_alloc_m1_strlng, Intarg0, DStart) Instrialules SP, 19, AP; LIBCALL(_print) SPOP(Intarg0) PUSH(Intarg0) SPOP(lntarg4) SPOP(lntarg3) SPOP(lntarg2) SPOP(lntarg1) SPOP(lntarg1) SPOP(lntarg0) PUSH(Intarg0) PUSH(Intarg1) PUSH(Intarg2) PUSH(Intarg3) "If VERBOSE_ALLOC SPOP(mstempl) (A V) HSNA SPOP (AP) SPOP(ltemp0)

Sun Aug 13 13:37:13 1995 vrnem.m

2

/* zero out interror with not of bitmask and then lea twice! */ Instriation not metempl; metempl; Instriation and Intarg2, metempl; Intarg2; Instriation setptrintarg2, Intarg2; house fails and musicmply intacgs, musicamply fusit fails for musicamply 10, cd3 fusit fails cd or is winnerf.ok; PUSH (as Cenp 1) Instr Instr Instr

/ new beginning of segment is blumask */ Instr lalu add mstemp1, #1, mstemp1; Instr lalu lea Intarg2, mstemp1, Intarg2; SPOP(mstemp1) PUSH (mstemp1)

SPOP (mstemp1)

/* create correct seglength field and protections */

PUSH(Intarg1) Instr lalu lea Intarg2, Intarg1, Intarg1;

/* Intarg1 now contains pointer to end of allocated memory */ instr memor stsu cf, 1, intarg1, intarg0, cc1;

SPOP(Incard1)

Instr lalu Ish Intarg2, #10, Intarg2; Instr lalu Ish Intarg2, #-10, Intarg2;

Instr lalu 1mum #0x9, mstemp1; Instr lalu 1sh mstemp1, #60, mstemp1;

instr lalu lsh itemp0, #54, itemp0;

-- create Phys bltmap -- create Phys bltmap -- destroy length and -- prot flelds.

create correct seg length
 new ptr bltmask

Instr Lalu or Itemp0, mstemp1, mstemp1, Instr Lalu or Intarg2, mstemp1, Intarg2; Instr Lalu setptr Intarg2, Intarg2; instrialu ct ccl br _return_mem_alloc;

Instr; Instr; Instr;

CONISTRUCT_LONG_PTR(_mem_alloc_error_string, intarg0, DStart) Instriatu lea SP, 08, AP; LIBCALL(...printf) SPOP(Intarg0) PUSH(Intary0) PUSH(AP)

Instr falu nov *-1, intarg2;

SPOP(AP)

__return_mem_alloc: __return_mem_alloc protect to return pointer to alloc'd memory. For now, no protect not and just return intag2 '' /' need to clampe its size to not ovacrun7??'/ instr lait mov intarg2, iRetVal;

-- * pages to dealloc -- * pages to dealloc -- bytes in segment asciz 'wmem_alloc:\terror allocating memory - stsu falled.\n'; -- flrst vpn M -- seg length : _vmem_alloc_m3_string: asciz 'vmem_alloc:\tbjtmask to check 0x4x4x is 0x4x4x\n'; asciz 'wmem_ulloc:\UAllocating %d hytes of memory...\u.'. _wmem_alloc_error_string: _vmem_alloc_segment_string: asciz 'vmem_alloc:\trequested Segment Size: 4d\n'; The segment deallocation routine
 actually removes backing store for the pages within the
 segment. Then frees the actual segment itself. instr lalu 1sh intarg0, r4, intarg3; instr lalu mov H. itcarg3, r-58, intarg3; instr lalu mov H. itcarg3, r-58, intarg3; instr lalu 1sh itcarg6, intarg3; instr lalu lim w4096, itcmp0; instr lalu it intarg3, itemp0, cc1; instr lalu ct cc1 mov H1, intarg1, e-1; instr lalu cf cc1 lsh intarg3, r-12, intarg1; ---/* deallocate a segment of virtual memory */ Instr Ialu Imm __SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR___ Itemp0; Instr Ialu Ieab TP, Itemp0, DStart; Instr memu Id OStart, DStart; _____vmem__notok_string: _____asciz ^vmem__alloc:\tsegment not ok\n'; Instr lalu Ish Intarg0, #10, Intarg2; Instr lalu Ish Intarg2, #-22, Intarg2; intarg0 = segment ptr Modifies : internal BuddyList ____ None Returns : Instr memu mbar; Args: SPOP(DStart.) PUSH(DStart) _vmen_alloc_string: GET_FRAME RETURN vmem_dealloc:: • text; data:

_dealloc_loop1:

7. this removes the VPN-PPN mapping in the TLB */ /* eventually is will also result in the mapping being removed from the local page table. */ Instr lalu imm Y0x1700, itemp0; Instr Jalu shoru #0x0000, ftemp0; Instr Jalu shoru #0x8000, ftemp0; Instr Jalu shoru #0x8000, ftemp0; Instr Jalu seturi ftemp0, ftemp0; Instr Jalu seturi ftemp0, ftemp0;

Sun Aug 13 13:37:13 1995 vrnem.m

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instr news st intarg2, itcmp0; instr falu sch intarg1, 11, intarg1; instr falu (eq intarg1, 10, ect; instr falu ef ect br .dealloc_loop1; instr falu ef ect add intarg2, 11, intarg2; instr ; instr ; instr ;

FCALL (_buddyFree) SPOP(DStart)

RETURN

The segment allocation routine
 Does not provide backing store.

vmen_alloc::

/* allocates a segment of virtual memory using buddylists */ Instr wemu mbar;

GET_FRAME •

Args:

Intarg0 = length in bytes of requested segment returns Virtual R/W pointer to allocated space Returns

Internal BuddyList LPT

Modifies :

:

PUSH (DS CAFE)

Instr Jalu Imm __SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR__, Itemp0; Instr Ialu Ieab IP, Itemp0, DStart; Instr memu Id DStart, DStart;

FCALL (buddyAlloc)

/* the following initializes the data in the segment to deadbeef values '/ instr lau ish Retval, 44, intarg2; -- seg length instr lau ish intarg2, 154, intarg2; -- seg length instr lau ish intarg2, 15,14, intarg2; -- bytus/word instr lau mov 11, itemp0; instr lau mov 11, itemp0; instr lau sub intarg0, intarg1; -- number of words instr lau wov intarg0, ittarg1; -- number of words instr lau wov intarg0, ittarg1; -- delay -- delay -- delay lalu 11e intarg1, 10, cci; lalu cf cci 1mm intarg1, 1tcmp1; lalu cf cci br_Duddv_lop1; lalu cf cci br_Duddv_lop1; lalu cf cci shoru MOXABed, 1tcmp1; mwun cf cci shoru MOXABed, 1tcmp1; mwun cf cci shoru MOXABed, 1tcmp1; lalu cf cci shoru MOXABed, 1tcmp1; lalu cf cci shoru MOXABed, 1tcmp1; lalu cf cci shoru MOXABed, 1tcmp1; IT INTTIALIZE_SEGMENT _laddy_loop1: Instr lnstr Instr Instr Instr Instr

rendl f

_teturn_wmem_alloc: SPOP(DStart)

Instr lalu jmp RETIP; FREE_FRAME GET_RETIP instr; * Debugging routine to print out the buddylist internal

data structures.

GET_FRAME vmem_buddyPP::

/* Arga:

/ + SINON PUSH(DStart) Instrialu Imm __SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR___, itemp0; Instrialu leab IP, itemp0, DStart; Instrmemu id DStart, DStart;

/* compiler linkage */

FCALL (_buddyPP)

SPOP(DStart)

GET_RETIP Instr Talu Jmp RETIP; FREE_FRAME Instr; AS FAR AS I CAN SEE, THIS IS DEFUNCT - Yev

The malloc call (sysmalloc)

Not clear whether we can substitute calls to vmem_alloc all of the time

align 0 mod 8; __malloc_base::

ptrk.0.0; align 0 mod 8; sysmalloc::

/* as it is written, this code is not reentrant! */

instr memu mbar;

/· system malloc llbrary ·/
// intarg0 contains number of bytes to allocate ·/ GET_FRAME

PUSH(DStart)

Instr lalu inun __SYSTEM_UDAT_PTR__, Itemp0;

vmem.m

Sun Aug 13 13:37:13 1995

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liiste Falu Toak IP, Leompu, DSEart; Liiste memu Id DStart, DSEart;

CONSTRUCT LARM, LANDAL, MAILIOC_baras, Leonpo) Luci I alto Lado IC, Leonpo, Leonpo: Luci I alto Lado IC, Leonpol, Leonpol; RUSH Leonpol RUSH Leonpol RUSH Leonpol RUSH Leonpol

CONSTRUCT_LONG_FTR(_sysmalloc_string, intarg0, DShart) Instr lalu ish itempi, w-12, intarg1; Instr lalu mov itempi, intarg2; FUSH(intarg0) IUSH(intarg0) Instr lalu lee SP, WR, AP; LUBSALI(__Print) SPOP(intarg0) SPOP(AP)

SPOP(Intarg0) SPOP(Itemp1) SPOP(Itemp0)

EUSH(Itempi) Insir [alu lea Itempi, Intargo, Itempi; -- advance top of mem Insir memu st Itempi, Itempo; -- save back in base

Instr Jalu mov Itempl, Intarg2; Instr Jalu Ish Itempl, W-32, Intarg1; CONSTRUCT-LOWG,FTR(_SYSmalloc_string, Intarg0, DStart) PUSH(Intarg0) PUSH(Intarg0) PUSH(Intarg0) Instr Jalu Isa SP, WR, AP; LIMCALL(_ptint() SPOP(AP) SPOP(AP)

SPOP(lRetVal) SPOP(DStart)

GET_RETIP Instr Jalu Jmp RETIP; FREE_FRAME Instr;

end;

-- return original base

Appendix D

MARS C Code

.

This chapter contains the C source files for the M-Machine runtime system.

Mon Jul 10 16:56:49 1995 buddy.c

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Buddy.c

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An attempt to write a buddyllst manager in C for use in the runtime aystem author: Andrew Shultz date:6/14/95

finclude <stdlo.h>

/*!daflna NULL createfointer(0, 0, P_KEY)*/ *!nclude '/home/mm/apps/runtime/v2.0/yev/pointers.h*

wdefine FOOL_SIZE 50
/* #define ARRAY_SIZE 52 */
#define ARRAY_SIZE 30

int buddyFree(); int buddyInsert(); vold * buddyAllocate(); vold • buddyAlloc(); buddyPrintList(); buddyInlt(); int_buddyPrime(); ; () gaybbrid

/*these are in pointer.m*/
void * createPointer();
void * setPointer();
void * resetPointer();

struct Frog(struct Frog *next; Int address;

typedef struct Frog *frog;

/*data structures have to be external to the procedures?*/ /*should these be stat1c?*/

/*lock data structure? lock commands?*/ /*separate in an assembly language file*/

/*painter to pool*/ frog poolPtr;

/*pointer to used*/ frod usedPtr;

struct Frog pool [POOL_SIZE] ; /.usoil 'o' fall'/

frog freeArray[ARRAY_SIZE]; /*array of free*/

/*array of dirty*/ frog dirtyArray[ARRAY_SIZE];

vold *ook, *eep, *pbht;

malu()

puddyThit(); buddyPrime(resetePointer(48, 4 P_RW)); buddyPrime(resetePointer(32, 4, P_RW)); buddyPrime(resetePointer(32, 4, P_RW)); ook = buddyAlloc(7); pbht = buddyAlloc(7); pbht = buddyAlloc(7); buddyFree(eep); buddyFree(eep); buddyFree(eep); buddyFree(pbht); printf(*Done with Testing\n*); printf('Initializing Buddylist\n');

.

() 44 Vppnq

/*pretty print the data structures*/ Int 1;

printf('\nPretty Printing Buddylist Arrays\n');

puddyLock();

for(1=0; I<AkRAY_SIZE; I++)</pre>

printf('Free chunks of size %d:\n', 1+3); buddyPrintlist(freeArray[1], 0);

for(1=0; 1<ARRAY_SIZE; 1++)

printf("Dirty chunks of size &d:\n", 1+3); buddyPrintlist(dirtyArray[1], 0); ~

printf('Used frogs:\n'); buddyPrintlist(usedPtr, 1);

/* printf("Pool of frogs:\n");
buddyPrintlist(poolPtr, 0); ..

puddyUnLock() ; _ buddyPrintlist(theList, size)

frog theList;

/*print out the list starting at the list*/
if (the list == NULL)

print('End\n');

else

1f(s1ze)

printf("Pointer: %p\n", theList->address); else

print((*Address: %x\n*, theList->address); buddyPrintlist(theList->next, size);

_

buddyIn1c()

2 print('freeArray: %p, dirtyArray: %p\n', freeArray, dirtyArray); tendif for(i=0; i<ARRAY_SIZE; i++)</pre> Mon Jul 10 16:56:49 1995 printf("No frogs for priming: YAHHHHHH!\n"); /*buddyInsert should handle unlocking*/ temp=>address = {int)ptr & addrmask; size = ((int)ptr & sizemask) >> 54; /*again, perform the lock somehow*/ buddyLock(); pool[POOL_SIZE-1].next = NULL; pool[POOL_SIZE-1].address = 666; /*pull a frog our of the pool*/
if (poolPtr == NULL)
{ /-lock somehow. not sure how / pool[1].next = &pool[1+1];
pool[1].address = 666;
wiff VERBOSE /*set up the pool as a list*/ for(l=0; l<POOL_SIZE-1; 1++) freeArray[1] = NULL;
dirtyArray[1] = NULL;
if verDose temp = poolPtt; poolPtt = poolPtt->next; /*set up the pointers*/ poolPtr = pool: usedPtr = NULL; printf('.'); wend! f printf(...); Int buddyPrime(ptr) buddySetLock(); print(('\n'); #endlf buddyUnLock(); return(0); printf('\n'); frog temp; Int size; **MIL VERBOSE**) #If VERBOSE #If VERBOSE vold * ptr; buddy.c Int 1; fendl f _ _ Fendl (

```
nrw = poolPtr;
poolPtr = new-pnext;
new-prext = NULL;
temp-next=new!
mask = if mask <1 + 2; /*to flx zero start, but one less'/
new-address = (remp-vuddress + mask);
new-address = (remp-vuddress + mask);
freeArray[1-1] = tump;
l--;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         size = 1; pos = 1 - 3; /*to fix it in the zero-indexed array*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    1 = pos;
while((freeArray[1] == NULL) & (i<ARRAY_SIZE))</pre>
return(buddyInsert(temp, size, freeArray));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      return(buddyAllocate(temp, 1+3));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 buddyUnLock();
printf(*Just no memory at all!\n*);
return(NULL);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      /*buddyAllocate should unlock*/
temp = ftceArray[pos] =
temp-shext;
ftceArray[pos] = temp-hext;
return[buddyAllocate[temp, s1ze]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       temp = freeArray[1];
freeArray[1] = temp->next;
1f(poolPtr == NULL)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1f(freeArray[pos] != NULL)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   size = size >> 1;
                                                                                                       Int I = 0, mask, pos;
frog temp, new;
                                                   vold • buddyAlloc(size)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            while (size != 0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             1 f (1==ARRAY_SIZE)
                                                                                                                                                                                  slze == 8;
                                                                                                                                                               if (size < 8)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   puddyLock();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        while(i>pos)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1...;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        :++
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            size--;
                                                                        Int size;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ~
                      _
```

Mon Jul 10 16:56:49 1995 buddy.c -

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temp = [recArray[1]; freeArray[1] = temp->next; return[buddyAllocate(temp, 1+3)];

Int huddyFree(ptr)
vold • ptr;

~

frog temp, old; _

~

Int size;

ptr = resetPointer(ptr); /*reset it using leab*/ temp = usedPtr; puddyLock();

If (tomp == NULL) /*nothing to free. shouldn't happen*/

printf('Huh? I don't have nothin' to free!\n'); buddyUnLock(); return(0); _

lf(temp->address == (1nt)ptr)

slip = {(temp-baddross & sliemask) >> 54); temp-baddress = temp-baddress & addrmask; useditr = temp-bnext; return(buddyInsert(temp, size, dIrtyArray));

~

temp = temp->next; while(temp != NULL) old = temp;.

1f(temp->address == (int)ptr)

slze = ((temp->address & slzemask) >> 54); temp->address = temp->address & addrmask; old->next = temp->next; return(buddyInsect(temp, slze, dirtyAtray)); _

old = temp; temp = temp->next;

-

prlnt('Ack, couldn't find It(\n'); buddyUnLock(); return(0);

_

Int buddyInsert(putIn, slze, array) Int size; [rog* array; frog putin;

frog left, right, oldleft; int mask, temp, pos = size - 3;

~

print('array: %p\tpos = %d\t, array[pos] = %d\n', array, pos, array[pos]); •/ array[pos] = right->next; right->next = poolPtr; poolPtr = right; return[buddyInsert(putIn, size + 1, array)]; mask = mask << slze; temp = putIn->address ^ mask; /*that's XOR*/ /* lf(right->address > putIn->address) left->next = putin; putIn->next = right; if((int)right->address == temp) arraylpos] = putIn; putIn->next = right; if((int)right->address == temp) if(right->address > putInt->address) putIn->next = NULL; array[pos] = putIn; buddyUnLock(); return(1); left = array[pos]; oldleft = array[pos]; right = array[pos]; ![(left == NULL) left = right; right = right->next; while(right != NULL) puddyUnLock (); oldleft = left; return(1); mask = 1;_

left->next = right->next; right->next = poolPtr; poolPtr = right; return(buddyInsert(putIn, size + 1, atray)); classific + right; oldleft ->next = right; putIn ->next = poolPtr; poolPtr = putIn; return(buddyInsert(left, size + 1, array)); lf((lnt)left->address == temp) lf(oldleft == array[pos]) array[pos] = rlght; puddyUnLock() ; return(1); else -

```
slze = slze; /*leave this out, and DEATH!!*/
slze = slze; /*leave this out, and DEATH!!*/
/*some sort of write-after-vrite ercor, or what?*/
/*hnumunammanumunammanumunammanumun*/
/hnumunammanumunammanumunammanumun*/
/hnerog->address = (lnt)createPoInter(theFteg->address,
slze, P_HW);
       Mon Jul 10 16:56:49 1995
                                                                                                                                                                                                           [I((old)eft == array[pos])
    array[pos] = r!ght;
    else
    oldeft->next = right;
    putIn->next = poolPtr;
    poolPtr = putIn;
    roolFtr = putIn;
    routurn(buiddyInsect(left, sIze + 1, array));
    routurn(buiddyInsect(left, sIze + 1, array));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  theFrog->next = usudPtr;
usudPtr = theFrog;
buddyInLock();
feturn(setPointer(theFrog->address));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            vold • buddyAllocato(thoFrog, size)
frog theFrog;
int size;
                                                                                                                             left->next = putin;
putin->next = NULL;
lf((int)left->address == temp)
                                             oldleft = left;
left = right;
right = right->next;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              )
buddyUntock();
return(1);
buddy.c
                                                                                                                 -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 _
```

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ч /* clrcular buffer of pointers to yankbuffers. This allows up to 10 invalidations to be active per mode. May have to increase this number, although running out of yankbuffers is not a critical error, although you can keep iNACKing requests until ones free up '/ int "yankBufList[10] = (&yankBuff0]. Thu Aug 10 21:02:49 1995 /* assembly procedures '/
void MSG_send_MackRO(void *address, int header, int opdat,
void MSG_send_MackRW(void *address, int header, int opdat,
void MSG_send_MackRW(void *address, int header, int opdat, vold ccrequest_l(vold *, int, int *, int); vold ccrequest_st(vold *, int, int, int *, int); vold ccrequest_st(vold *, int, int, vold *, int, int); vold ccyankloody(int *); Heme-node end of the memory-coherence protocol 4 yankBuf [14], &yankBuf[21], &yankBuf[28]. &yankBuf [35], &yankBuf[7], Int ...yankBufEnd = & (yankBufList[9]); Int ...yankBufFree = & (yankBufList[0]); int ...yankBufCur = NULL; ; /* lock on the coherence-directory
extern int ccdirlock; /. bulggnder der delag 10 4/ 9ysfunc.h ccdefs.h cc_funcs.h sqdefs.h slgnaldefs.h rif VERHOSE Vdefine Vprintf printf /* helper functions */ #define VERBOSE_YANK 0 vold add_eh_job(...): *Include cstdlo.h> define VERBOSE 0 Int yankBuf[70]; #define Vprintf 1nt yankLock; cc_home.c rinclude Vinclude *include finclude. finclude. fend f felse

void ccrequest(void *address, int header, int opdata, int *faultCP, int node) (
/* a request for a line is coming in */ /* TODO: cover case when event caused by own node AND condition is no longer valid (i.e. event was read to invalid line but the line is no longer shared X and is OX) That is, when we have the line locally now, whereas we didn't at the time the event /* from the opcode, determine which kind of sharing is required $^{\prime}/$ Vprintf('ccrequest(%p, ..., %d) called.\n', address, node); printf("0x%x: unknown opcode in ccrequest\n", opcode); break; /* need to implement the remaining cases for synchronizing memory operations */ ccrequest_ld(address, header, opdata, faultCP, node); ccrequest_st(address, header, opdata, faultCP, node); void ccrequest_ld(void *address, int header, int opdata, int *faultCP, int node) { print(f'éyankLock = &p\n', &yankLock); print(f'éyankBufcur = %p\n', &yankBufcur); print(f'éyankBuffree = %p\n', &yankBuffree); print(f'ýankBuffree = %p\n', yankBuftlist); / ******************************** ******************************** shareInfo = SCCShareInfo(address); opcode = (header >> 56) & $0 \times ff$; sysGetLock(&ccdlrlock); ******************* switch (opcode) (Home node messages case OPCODE_ST: case OPCODE_FST: int ppn; int 'phys_ptr; case OPCODE_LD: Int shareInfo; Request(line) void ccinit() { Int opcode; break; break default:

was generated. */

/* share info returns number of sharers of the line in high halfword and type of sharing in low halfword */ if ((share info 6 0zf) == CC_EXCUNSIVE) (

	ceyankline(address, heador, opdata, faultCP, node, sharchifo);) else [[((sharchifor & Oxf) == CC_TNASTT101) [/• line is renotinoino which mana an Ancr ha ranuast •/	<pre>////////////////////////////////////</pre>	<pre>/* following function must unlock ccdir */ systackRW(addross, heador, opdata, faultCP, node);) else {</pre>	/• modify directory for exclusive sharing of the cache line •/ /• can we make coshare also auromatically perform a putcstat of the line to readonly 70 •/	<pre>1f (SCCShare(address, node, CC_EXCUUSIVE) == 3) (</pre>	return;) sveplinterandrose ash invalin)	<pre>pprotections.protection.prot</pre>	address); sysPutLock(&ccdIrlock); return;	<pre>phys_ptr = get_offsetptr_info_ppn(ppn, address); / following function must unlock ccdir */ sysReadAndSendX(phys_ptr, address, opdata, node, header); /</pre>	/ /ccdlrlock >> yanklock 	/* perform the necessary sends of invalidation messages for addresss '/ void ccyankline(void *address, int header, int opdata, void *faultCP, int node, int shareinto) (/* ccdiflock is held upon entry '/	<pre>int *yank_buffer; int sharing_nodeld;</pre>	Vprintf(*yankiine: need to yank line %p with shareinfo %ix\n", address, shareinfo);	<pre>sysGetLock(&yankLock):</pre>			sysPutLock (&yankLock); sysPutLock(&ccd1rlock); return;	/* set yank_buffer to point to the next available yank_buffer we can use */ 	Addry Dollar - Address - Addre
cc_home.c Thu Aug 10 21:02:49 1995 2	/* sharing is already exclusive, so try to yank lines back from those already sharing */	/* the following function must remember to unlock codirlock */ cryankine(address, header, opdata, faultor, node, shareinfo); also if ((shareinfo & ox() == CC_FRANSITION) (Vprint('ecrequest_ld: sending NackRO to %d because %p is transitioning\n'. nude, address);	/• the following function must remember to unlock ccdiflock */ systackBoldadress, header, opdate, faultCf, nodel;) also (/ modity directory (or readonly sharing of the cache line */ / can we make coshare also automatically perform a purcestat	of the line to readonly ?? •/ [[sccEarefaddress, node, CZ.READONLY] ==]) ([* this should nover harmon! */	<pre>print((</pre>	<pre>/* demote local line to readonly since another node now will share it with us */ sysPUTCSTAT(address, BSB_READONLY);</pre>	/* (find the physical page backing this line so that we can safely read it out now. Can't (irst read virtually and then set to readenly because line may go dirty in the meantime if it was readwrith ", ", powup(address); (for a productess);	<pre>it (pon = -1) { print(************************************</pre>	/ /* calculate the correct cache-line address */ phys_ptr = get_offsetptr_into_ppn(ppn, address);	<pre>/* the following function must remember to unlock the ccdir */ syaReadAndSendRO(phys_ptr, address, node, header);) </pre>	vold ccrequest_st(vold *address, int header, int opdata, vold ccrequest_st(vold *address, int header, int opdata,	Int sharehnfo; fut ppm: lnt. ppm:	systetlock (scultiock);	sharelnfo = SCCSharelnfo(address);	/* shareInfo returns number of sharers of the line in high halfword and type of sharing in low halfword */ if (reasonation 4 0001 × 11 0/ if (reasonation 4 0001 × 11 0/	<pre>/ sincing = with a with a with a constraint of the set of the</pre>	(*) Control to the sector with the control of the sector of the secto

/ following function must unlock codirlock '/

/* send an invalidate message to a sharing mode, passing the yaik buffer address and the address which is to be invalidated over '/ / TODO: problem here is that we send out messages while m SCCShare[address, -1, CC_TRANSITION); /* pop the sharing information and send out invalidate messages for each node currently sharing the line */ having codic locked! ./ Vprint(['yankline: sending invalidate to %d for %p\n', sharing_uodeid, address); /* just to overwise the pointer in the circular buffer with and int to make stream never try to follow it until the youkbuffer is freed for reuse */ /* now that we have a yankbuffer we can use, fill it */ Thu Aug 10 21:02:49 1995 : /* number of invalidation ACK's expected */
yank_buffor[0] = (shareInfo >> 16) & 0xff; node number of original requesting node ccyankBody(yank_buffer); sysPurLock(&ccdlrlock); sysPutLock(&yankLock); sysGetLock(&yankLock); [f (yankBufFree == yankBufEnd) yankBufFree = & (yankBufLlst[0]); sysPutLock (&yankLock) ; yank_buffer[0] -= 1; yank_buffer[2] = (Int)address; yank_buffer[3] = header; yank_buffer[4] = opdata; yank_buffer[5] = (int)faultCP; yankBuffur = yankBufFree; /* the four event words */ (inc*)yankBufFree = -2; 1f (yankleufcen == NULL) return; yank_builter[1] = node; sysPutLock(&yankLock); else yankBuffree..;) else (return;) else (while(1) (cc_home.c

```
[1] (charting_nodedd == sysGatModedd()) {
    / if you need to send an invalidate message AND you are
    / if you need you have to send that message co. then linvoke the
    invalidation routine directly linstead of performance
    a mensagersend. This is NOT yuit a performance optimization:
    a mensagersend. This is NOT yuit a performance optimization:
    a mensager while other linvalidations still remain to
    besend: ''

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   /* we need to look at the counter because there may be multiple sharers
for a readonly line */
int phys_ptr;
int ppn;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    sysSendInvalldate(sharing_nodeld, address, yank_buffer);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Vprintf("ccreturnYank: got return for address %p\n", yank_buffer[2]];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ccInvalldate(address, yank_buffer, sharIng_nodeid);
sysGetLock(&ccdIrlock);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            vold ccreturnyankFull(int 'yank_buffer) {
    /* an ACK in response to an invalidate mensage has come back to the
    home node, bearing a dirty line to be reinstalled '/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                /* more invalidations must come back, so we're done for now */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             pe
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             only
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         /* we don't need to look at the counter because there may one sharer for a dirty (exclusive) line at a time. '/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     /* find the local backing page frame for the address '/
ppn = PPM_lookup(yank_buffer[2]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               phys_ptr = get_offsetptr_into_ppn(ppn, yank_buffer[2]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   VprIntf(*ccreturnYankFull: got return for address %p\n*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       sysPutLock(&ccd1rlock);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                /* calculate cache-line address */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /* store the message locally */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ccyankBody(yank_buffer);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           yank_buffer[0] == 1;
1f (yank_buffer[0] == 0) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         sysPutLock(&yankLock);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            sysPutLock(&yankLock);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          syaSMSMessage (phys_ptr);
ccyankBody (yank_buffer);
sysPutLock (&yankLock);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               yank_buffer[2]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             sysGetLock (&yanklock);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               sysGetLock (&yankLock);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             /* all done */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ) else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     int *phys_ptr;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ^
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       int ppn;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ) else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ~
```

Thu Aug 10 21:02:49 1995 cc_home.c

4

/ Yanklock Is held upon entry '/ vold cryankhody(Int. *yank_buffer) (

We can now set the state of the line here back to read/write */ sysPUTUSTAT(yank_buffer[2], BSB_EXCLUSIVE); /* all remote holders of the line have relinquished it.

/* now we need to enqueue a 'request' message with the event handler to be handled later.

Remember that event REQUEST needs to set the codir status of the line from transitioning to invalid */

Workaround is /* cuir't do the following because of a compiler-bug. Workaroun to enqueue just the yankbuffer pointer and have the routine read words out individually. */ /* add_eh_jofferWir_SIGNAL_REQUEST, 5, yank_buffer[2], yank_buffer[1], yank_buffer[4], yank_buffer[5],

Vprintf('ccyankBody: executing for %p <%d>\n', yank_buffer[2], yank_buffer[1]); add_eh_job(EVENT_SIGNAL_REQUEST, yank_buffer);

/* (ree up the yankbuffer and return to circular buffer */
yank_buffer[0] = -1;
yank_buffer[1] = -1;
yank_buffer[2] = -1; *yankBufCur = yank_buffer; yank_butter[3] = -1; yank_butter[4] = -1; yank_butter[5] = -1; 1f (yankBufCur)

printf(.....ecyankBody: ERROR. yankBufCur expected to be non-null\n');

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/* now update the yankbuffer stuff */
1f (yankBufCur == yankBufEnd)
yankBufCur = k(yankBufList[0]);

else yankBufCur++;

1f (yankBufCur == yankBufFree)
yankBufCur = NULL;

/* TODO: must create a new state called CC_TRANSITION2 to be used for purposes of making the created work better (see below). The reason 10 that we need to have a state similar to CC_TRANSITION in that external requests to the line will could in MCKS, but also so that a line which was returned and firty to us will not wait for an ACK to a yank to come back (so CC_TRANSITION means that some ACKs are still experied, but CTRANSITION means that no ACK a state still experied, but CC_TRANSITION means that no and ACK a not not not but why hixfulture requests to the line anyway! */

extern int "event_buf_cur; vold event_buf_advance();

_

vold ccEventReqnost() {
 /* event lockword is locked upon entry */

int header; int opdata; int *faultCP; int node; vold *address;

address = (vold *)(event_buf_cur[0]); event_buf_cur[0] = 0xf11d; event_buf_advance();

header = (lnt) (event_but_cur(0)); event_but_cur(0) = 0xf11d; event_but_advance();

opdata = (int)(event_buf_cur(0)); event_buf_cur(0) = 0xf11d; event_buf_advance();

faultCP = (int *)(event_buf_cur[0]); event_buf_cur[0] = 0xf11d; event_buf_advance();

node = (int) (event_buf_cur[0]); event_buf_cur[0] = 0xf11d; event_buf_advance();

/* get ccdlrlock and change line from transitioning to something else -/ sysGetLock(&ccdirlock); SCCShare(address, -1, CC_INVALID);
sysPutLock(&ccdlrlock);

Vprint('ccEventRequest: calling ccrequest(%p, ... , %d)\n', address, node);

/* now we can try the request which caused the whole invalidation business over again because no more nodes are sharing the line any more */ ccrequest(addimes.heuder.opdata.faultCP.node);

vold ccreturnEvicted(vold *address) (

/* a node has pushed on us a dirty line of theirs. This line should be installed locally again. If the line is transitioning, then we already sent out an invalidation and should wait for the invalidation to come back. Otherwise, we simply remove the node from sharing list for the line */

Int *phys_ptr; int ppn, shareinfo;

Vprintf('ccreturnEvicted: got return for address %p\n', address);

sysGetLock (&ccdlrlock);

ppn = PPM_lookup(address); phys_ptr = get_offsetptr_lnto_ppn(ppn, address);

/* store this line locally because it was dirty from whoever sysSMSMessage(phys_ptr); sent it to us */

Thu Aug 10 21:02:49 1995 cc_home.c

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sysPutLock(&ccdlrlock);

~

٣H ------Thu Aug 10 12:27:28 1995 order is sglock >> sventLockward notu: need to prove that process can't hold eventLockword and later try for sqlock!! Requesting-mode and of the memory-coherence protocol ********************** NACK(R) - got a nack to a readonly line request ****************** line_state = SSQGetState(address, ppn); /* resend load request */ 3505et5tate(address, 0x8, ppn); requesting node message-handlers ppn = (header >> 4) & 0x[f[f[; switch(line_state & 0xff) (linclude pointers.h linclude sqdefs.h linclude scdefs.h linclude scgaldefs.h linclude sggaldefs.h linclude opcodus.h linclude eh.h sysGetLock (&sqlock); Mdefine Vprintf kprintf #Include <vararga.hs
#Include *cc_funcs.h*
#Include *sysfunc.h*</pre> Int line_state; int *bufftr; int ppn; eventBuffer ob: thelude subdia.te update_ombc(): cc_request.c rdeflue VERBOSE 0 Wdefine Vprintf Fendif CASA 0X8: IL VERBOSE Volse

/* signal invalidate so that the line will eventually be invalidated '/
SSQsetState(address, 0x0, ppn);
SSQsetState(address, 0x0, ppn);
if (bufPt = (int*)SSQDsqueue(address, NULL, ppn);
if (bufPt == NULL) { /* If several of the first events were readonly, must find the (irst store attempt ior this line and use that one as the request '/ SSQOEFIESWIGATERS, 66b, ppn); bufPtr = (int*)SSQDEqueua(address, NULL, ppn); sysfurLock(&sqlock); add_eh_Job(EVEVT_SIGNAL_INV_STORE, node, addreas, bufftr, ppn, &eb); eb.heador = header; eb.opdata = opdata; eb.edutCp = faultCp; add_eh_job(EVEWT_SIGNAL_INV_LOAD, node, address, bufPtr, ppn, &eb); sysPutLock(6aqlock); add_eh_Joh(EVENT_SIGNAL_INVALIDATE, 4, node, address, bufPtr, ppn); systemt.lock(isqlock); add_eh_fob(EVENT_SIGNAL_RESENDSTORE, 4, header, address, opdata, faultCP); sysPutLock(ksqlock); add_eh_job(EVENT_SIGNAL_RESENDLOAD, 4, header, address, opdata, faultCP); kprintf(*ccNackRO: signal invalidate bufftr is NULL!\n'); printf("ccNackRO: unknown state: 0x3x\n", line_state); /* signal invalidate and resend load */
SSQSetState(address, 0x8, ppn);
bufPtr = (int *)SSQDequeue(address, NULL, ppn); ********************** /* signal invalidate and resend store */
SSQSetState(address, 0x10, ppn); /* resend store request */
SSQSetState(address, 0x10, ppn); /* set state to 0x14 */
SSQSetState(address, 0x14, ppn);
sysPutLock(&sqlock); /* set state to 0x10 */
SSQSetState(address, 0x10, ppn); sysPutLock(&sqlock); sysPutLock(&sqlock); sysPutLock(&sqlock); Case 0x9: Case 0x10: break; hreak; break; case 0xd: case 0x14; break; break; break; case Oxa: case Oxe: break; case 0x18: break; case 0x1c: case 0xc: default

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Thu Aug 10 12:27:28 1995 cc_request.c

2

MACK(X) - qot a mack to an exclusive line request

vold ccMackRW(vold 'address, int header, int opdata, • [aultCP, int node) { Int

Int line_state; int "bufftr; eventBuffer eb; Int ppn:

sysGetLock (&sglock);

ppn = (header >> 4) & 0xfffff;

line_state = SS(GetState(address, ppn); switch(line_state & 0xff) (

case 0x8: /* resend load request */ /* resend load request */

SSQSetState(address, 0x8, ppn);

systemiclock(isqlock); add_ed._job(EVEWT_SIGNAL_RESENDLOAD, 4, header, addresa, epdata, faultCP);

break;

case 0x9: case 0x10:

/* resend store request */
SSQSetState(address, 0x10, ppn);
sysPutLock(&sqlock);

add_eh_jou(EVENT_SIGNAL_RESENDSTORE, 4, header, address, opdarta, faultCP);

break;

case Oxa: CASE UXE:

/* slgnal livalidate */ SiOsetState(address, 0x0, ppn); SiOsetState(address, 0x0, ppn); SiOsetState(address, 0x0, ppn); systitucax(iaqt0sx); add_oh_job(EVENT_SIGNAL_INVALIDATE, 4, node, address, bufPtr, ppn); break;

case 0xc:

/* signal invalidate and resend load */ SSGReiStaciadates, 0x8, ppn): bufft: = intr)SSORequeue(addreas, NULL, ppn); sysfutLork(6sqlock);

eb.header = header;

eb.opdata = opdata; eb.faultCP = faultCP;

add_eh_job(EVENT_SIGNAL_INV_LOAD, node, address, bufPtr, ppn, &eb);

/* compiler bug prevents the following code */ /* add_eh_lofteverTrSIGAM_INVLOAD, 6, node, address, bufftr, header, opdata, faultCP); */

break:

case 0xd:

CASE 0x14:

/* slynal luval(date and resend store */ StGPA:Stre(adtress, 0x10, ppn); StGPA:EltaW(address, 0xb, ppn); buffvr = (lnt *)SSQDequeue(address, NULL, ppn);

systemLock(&sqlock); add_eh_job(EvEML_INV_STORE, node, address, bufPtr, ppn, &eb);

break;

/* sub state to 0x9 */ CADE 0X18:

If (ppn == -1) (
 /* then we don't have this line (or any line in this page, for that
 matter) locally. Therefore, can simply ACK this invalidate
 matter)
 sysSendInvalidateACK(bufPtr, node); /* we need to [Ind what the physical page backing this line is because the invalidation message does not tell us */ ppn = PPN_IOOkup(adfees); /* an invalidate message has come in. It tells us which cache line to invalidate and which yankbuffer per to use when returing the invalidation. Also, the node which asked us to do the invalidation in the first place */ unknown state: 0x%x/n°, llne_state); ********************** * Invalidate() - home node is asking us to invalidate a line vold ccInvalldate(vold *address, vold *bufftr, int node) (Vprintf("ccInvalidate: got msg for %p\n", address); : (udd SSQSetState(address, 0x9, ppm); sysPutLock(6sglock); /* set state to 0xd */
SSQSetState(addross, 0xd,
sysPutLock(&sq)ock); sysPutLock (&sqlock); kprintf('ccNackRW: sysGetLock(&sqlock); Int line_state; int new_state; int sq_return; int ppn; break; break; break; case 0x1c: default:

.

return; _ /* otherwise. now given the ppn, we can look in the sq hash table to find out what the state of this line is */ line_state = SSQGetState(address, ppn);

return;

/* so keep on going */

cc_request.c Thu Aug 10 12:27:28 1995

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needed later since VprIntf('ccInvalIdate(%p): sending ack + line\n', address); Vprintf("ccInvalidate(%p): invalidating now...\n", address); vold ccteburnload(vold *address, int header, int mode) {
 /* a readorly line has come back for us to install locally '/
 Int line_state, aq_retrun; /* a simplo ack will do */
Vprintf("ccInvalidate(%p): sending ack\n", address); /* remember, this automatically unlocks sglock */
sysSendLine(phys_ptr, bufPtr, node); /* remember, this automatically unlocks sqlock */
sysSendInvalIdateAck(bufPtr, node); new_state = -1;
print('ccinvalidate: new_state set to -1!\n'); /* store the yankbuffer ptr because it will be we cannot do the invalidation right away '/ SSDEnquaue(1, address, bufPtr, NULL, ppn); systuciock(faqlock); Vprint('ccInvalidate(%p): line_state is 0x%x/n'. If (new_state == 0) {
 /* we can invalidate right now */ SSQSetState(address, new_state, ppn); address, line_state); switch(line_state & 0xff) (new_state = 0x14; new_state = 0x1c; new_state = 0xc; break; new_state = 0xd; new_state = 0xe; new_state = 0; Int 'phys_ptr;) else (break; break; brock; break; break; case 0x18: break; case 0x10: Case 0x0: CASE 0X9: case 0xa: Case 0x8:) else (default _

add_eh_job(EVENT_SIGNAL_INV_STORE, node, address, bufPtr, ppn, &eb); break: sysPutLock(&sqlock); add_eh_job(EVENT_SIGNAL_INVALIDATE, 4, node, address, bufPtr, ppn); /* we had gotten a NACK for an X line and were waiting for this read ack to come back */ SSQSetState(address, 0x10, ppn); /* we were wairing for this read to come back so that we can install the line */ MSG_Install_RO(address, header, node); /* just waiting for this ack to come back because we already installed the line */ SS25Estate(address, 0x0, ppn); systetLuck(#sq10ok); /* need to signal invalidate and resend store */ sysPutLock(&sqlock); add_eh_job(EVENT_SIGNAL_RESENDSTORE, 4, address, eb.header, eb.opdata, eb.faultCP); SSOCetFlrstW(addruss, &eb, ppn); bufPtr = SSODwqueue(address, NULL, ppn); systutLock(&sqlock); bufPtr = SSQDequeue(address, NULL, ppn); SSQGetFirstW(address, &eb, ppn); SSQSetState(address, 0x10, ppn); SSQSetState(address, 0x0, ppn); ppn = (header >> 4) & 0xfffff; switch(line_state & 0xff) (sysGerLock(&sqlock); eventBuffer eb; int ppn; update_ombc(); vold *bufPtr; break; break; break; case 0x18: Case 0x8: case 0xc: break; case 0x9: case 0xa: case 0xd: case 0xe: ~

Thu Aug 10 12:27:28 1995 cc_request.c

4

more software entries...\n', ppn); In _state = SSQGetState(NULL, ppn); /* the NULL tells you to get informatio /* now check if page is marked for eviction. If it is, and no more overast remain to that page, it may be evicted */ if (110x_gates & 02100) (kprint(f'sclinstall_MO_Done: page %d is marked for eviction. Checking 1f no on just whether any software events /* the softwareq gueue pointer for that page entry is NULL, so we can begin evicting the line. Since we are the PHM, we can't do nils ourceales - the EH has to be told to do this. "/ kprintf(ccinatalL_NO_Deno: all clear. Frage may be evicted/n'); target that line remain */ sysPutLock(sglock); add_eh_Job(EVENT_SICNAL_INVALIDATE, 4, node, address, bufPtr, ppn); print('error: install_ro: unexpected state (%d) for line %p\n', line_state, address); sysPutLock(&sqlock): print((**** ccreturnioad: unknown line state of %p (%d)\n'. systutiock(ksqlock); add_eh_fob(EVEVT_SIGNAL_EVICT, 1, ppn, ((int)address >> 12) & 0x3fffffffff); 7* get a KO response. Now withing for the X responser SSQRESEnter(address, 0X14, ppn); systeticnek(6sqlock); break; vold ccInstall_R0_Done(vold *address, int node, int ppn) (bufftr = (1nt *)SSQDequeue(address, NULL, ppn); llne_state = SSQGetState(address, ppn); SSQSetState(address, 0x0, ppn); SSQSetState(address, 0x0, ppn); eturnload: unk address, lin-_state); break; switch(line_state & 0xff) { if (!line_state) (sysPutLock (Asqlock) ; . return; /* NO MOFE EVENTS Int line_state; Int 'bufPtr; саяе 0×14: саяе 0×9: саян 0×а: r oturn; сляе 0x18: саяе 0x1c: break; case 0x10: -CARR 0XC: case 0xe: case 0xd. default: default: _ ~ whitch 5 -

MSC_Install_RO(void "addrens, int header, int node) (/ install the readonly line identified by VA address. sciock is already locked by us. '/

Int ppn; Int 'phys_ptr; eventBuffer eb; Int dequee_status; Int line_state; Int 'bufPtr;

ppn = ((header >> 4) & 0xfffff);

/* get the catchellne which contains the address go that we can store the contents of the wessage into the physical page '/ hys_pre = get_offsetpre_into_ppn(ppn, address);

/* perform sms's to physical memory and flush that line */ sysSMSMessage (phys_ptr);

/* set status bits to readonly */
sysPUTCSTAT(address, BSB_READONLY);

sysPutLock(&sqlock);

/ dequeue entries from the software queue and satisfy them, one at a time. Unlocking between each satisfication allows other threads to add new events, to keep things moving smoothly and minimizing spurious messages */ sysGetLock(&sqlock); while (1) (

/* dequeue the next event to this address */
dequeue_status = (int)SSQDequeue(address, &eb, ppn);

switch(dequeue_status) (

case 0:

phys_ptr[((int)eb.address >> 3) & 0x7]); mbarLoadUpdate(eb.header, eb.faultCP, 0, ccInstall_R0_Done(address, node, ppn); /* ro_done will also unlock the sq */ case OPCODE_LD: returns default: return; case 2:

) break;

Leturn;

cclnstall_R0_Done(address, node, ppn);

_ /* otherwise, we have a problem since the line is given to us readonly. This is where we skip all stores 7 */ S /* extract the opcode from the header and decide which operation to perform. For a readonly line, only a LD is a valid operation */ case offcult_LD; /* when a llne comes back, try putcstat invalid and see what the status bits already are. If they are read/write or dirty, that means that the llno is still here, and we simply do the requests without needing to recopy the line •/ ppu = ((header >> 4) & Ox(fiff); phys_ptr(((lnt)eb.address >> 3) & 0x7));
sysPutLock(&sqlock); /* usually, the first store event was performed remotely at the none node as well, so this means that the line is dirty only If one more write event is going to be handled by us within this installation. Dirty_count keeps track and helps us set starus to DIRTY instead of READWRITE. We COULD have set starus to dirty regarines of dirty event when it isn't always so. So this is a bit of an optimization " /* this is the checking that we perform to make sure that we don't already holds a more recent copy */ if ([line_grate == BSB_TEXD0HLY)] { ([line_grate == BSB_TEXD0HLY)] { /* perform sms's to physical memory and flush that line */ Thu Aug 10 12:27:28 1995 print[('ceReturnStoru: duplicate %p comes/n', address); è phys_ptr = pet_of[setptr_hto_ppn(ppn, address); mbarlood0bdate(eb.hoader, eb.faultCP, llne_state = sysPUTCSTAT(address, BSB_INVALID); switch ((eb.header >> 56) & 0xff) (eventBoffer eb; Int line_state, new_state, dequeue_status; systemers s co physical memory a systemers of (phys.ptt); aya(UTV:ThT(address, PSB_EXCIUSIVE);) elde (/• TODO •/ int ppn; int *phys_ptr, *bufftr; int dirty_count = -1; sysGetLock(&sqlock); break; break; default: break; update_ombc(); cc_request.c default: ---~

kprintf('ccreturnStore: all clear. Page may be evicted\n'); /* again, as in the readonly installation in the previous function, we ask the EH to do the eviction. */ add_eh_job(EVENT_SIGNAL_EVICT, 2, ppn, ((int)address >> 12) & 0x3ffffffff(); /* otherwise, we have a problem since the line is given to us readonly. This is where we skip all stores 7 $^{\prime\prime}$ mbarLoadUpdate(eb.header, eb.faultCP, 0, *(int*)eb.address); /- degree entries from the software queue and satisfy them '/ degrees_status \approx [lnt)5500equeue(address, éeb, pm); swltch ((eb.header >> 56) & 0xff) (
/* extract the opcode from the header and decide which kprintf('ccreturnstore: bufPtr ls NULL!\n'); 11ne_state = SSQcetState(address, ppn);
11 (line_state & 0.xi) (
 bufftr = (lnt ')SSOpeueue(address, NULL, ppn);
SSQSetState(address, 0x0, ppn); sysputLock(&sqlock); add_eh_job(EVENT_SIGNAL_INVALIDATE, 4, node, address, bufftr, ppn); ; /* If the dirty count is > 0, putcstat dirty
if (dirty_count > 0)
sysPUTCSTAT(address, BSB_DIRTY); /* no more event to dequeue: we are done */
/* must unlock the sq */ /* store into the physical address */
(int)eb.address = eb.opdata; sysPUTCSTAT(address, llne_state); dlrty_count = 0; /* just to be safe */ sysPutLock(&sqlock); mbarStoreUpdate(eb.faultCP); operation to perform. */ if (!line_state) (if (bufPtrr == NULL) { sysPutLock(&sglock); swltch(dequeue_status) (raturn; dlrty_count++; case OPCODE_ST: case OPCODE_FST: case OPCODE_LD:) else (break; ~ break;) else (return; default ~ while (1) (default: case 0:

/* since this is executing within an eventhandler slot, we don't have to worry about new events to this page sneaking in */ /* In order to evict this page, we need to do the following: ummp the page using ppm_unmap. Then pucests all individual lines within the page to BSR_INVALID, and ship back any dirty ones */ /* afterwards, remember to reclaim the page by returning it to
the page pool with PMM_reclaim_remote(ppu) */ Thu Aug 10 12:27:28 1995 PPW_unmap(vpn); base_addreas = sysSetPtr((P_RW << 60) | (vpn << 12)); dest_node = sysGPKB(base_address); Int 1, Ilme_state; int 'base_address, 'base_physaddr; int dest_node; break;) break; cc_request.c ----, est % ~ ~ -

9

. ч /* add a new jeb curry word luto an event buffer. Infortunciely, this is sillored specifically for the number much sevent buffer. May need to modify this so take an extra argument to decide which buffer this word is being added to '/ int "add_ab_entry(int arg, int "temp_htr) (/* this buffer should be used by user thread slots only */
int event_bob_buffer1551;
int event_but_cur = event_pob_buffer;
int event_but_cur = event_job_buffer;
int event_but_free = event_job_buffer;
int event_but_start = event_job_buffer; General Event handler (running in v4-h0 on each node /* this buffer is used by the EH to recirculate its own /* several jub helffers are needed although only one is Thu Aug 10 15:36:26 1995 /* must make another buffer for the MH's to use */ events. /
int event_Job_Juffar2[129];
int event_Job_Juffar2[129];
int event_Juffar2.
int event_Juffar2;
int event_Juffar2;
int event_Juffar2] = event_Job_Juffar2];
int event_Juffar2];
int event_Juffar2] = event_Job_Juffar2];
int event_Juffar2]; employed in the current implementation */ extern struct GlobalThreadState tProcesses; Yevgeny Gutevich - 1/29/95 v1.0
 3/13/95 v1.5
 3/13/95 v1.5
 7/21/95 v2.0 ll (temp_ptr == event_but_end)
temp_ptr = event_job_butfer; threitude *signaidefs.h*
tinclude *opcodes.h*
tinclude *eh.h*
tinclude *tmanager.h* #If VERBOSE
#define Vprintf kprintf Include <varatgs.h>
Include systumc.h'
Include 'sc_funcs.h'
Include 'sc_funcs.h'
Include 'scdefs.h' int event_lockword = 0; *temp_ptr = arg; <stdlo.h> #define VERBOSE 0 relse Mdefine Vprintf t.emp_ptress #Include eh.c f ond f

swltch(type) {
 caue EVEYT_SIGIAAL #POUNST's
 caue EVEYT_SIGIAAL #POUNST's
 buffut = vv_arg(ap, lut *);
 buffut = vv_arg(ap, lut *);
 temp_but_free = add_eh_entry(buffer[3], temp_but_free);
 temp_but_free = add_eh_entry(butfer[3], temp_but_free);
 temb_but_free);
 temp_but_free);
 temp_but_fre next_arg = va_arg(ap, Int); /* node */ temp_buf_free = add_eh_entry(next_arg, temp_buf_free); next_arg = va_arg(ap, Int); /* address */ temp_buf_free = add_eh_entry(next_arg, temp_buf_free); /* again, as noted above, this is tailored specifically to user-threads adding events to the first event buffer. In the current implementation, event the message handlers add events using this proc, but that should change - either have separate procs for the different buffers, or make this function take an ourst argument which tells it which buffer void add_eh_job(va_alist) print('fatal error: out of event buffer space\n');
/* do something intelligent here ? */ temp_buf_free = add_eh_entry(type, temp_buf_free); next_arg = va_arg(ap, int); /* bufptr */ event_buf_free = temp_buf_free; adding a request to an event handler temp_buf_free = event_buf_free; case EVENT_SIGNAL_INV_LOAD: case EVENT_SIGNAL_INV_STORE: /* eventlockword >> sqlock ??? */ type = va_arg(ap, int);
sysGetLock(&event_lockword); 1f (event_buf_free) (
 eventBuffer; int type; int num_args; int next_arg; int *buffer; int *temp_buf_free; return NULL; return temp_ptr: va_start(ap); hreak va_list ap; va_dc1 _ -

lf (temp_ptr == event_but_cut) (

Thu Aug 10 15:36:26 1995 eh.c

2

temp_bott_free = add_eh_entry(next_arg, temp_but_free);

temp_buf_fiee = add_eh_entry(next_arg, temp_buf_free); next.arg = va_arg(ap, int); /* ppn */

ebuf(ur = va_arg(ap, eventBuf(er *); com__ub(_from = add_eb_mtrry(ebuf(er->hoador, 'somp_ub(_free); com__ub(_from = add_eb_mcnrry(ebuf(er->opdata, temp_ub(_free); temu.uu(_free = add_eb_mentry(ebuf(er->faultCr), temp_ub(_free);

event_but_free = temp_but_free;

next_arg = va_arg(ap, Int); temp_but_free = add_eh_entry(next_arg, temp_but_free); num_args = va_arg(ap, int); while (num_args) (break; default:

event_buf_free = temp_buf_free; num_args--; break;

) elso

printf('eventBuffree is NULLIAN'); _

sysPutLock (kevent_lockword);

va_end(ap);

_

/* finally, do the special signalling of the EH to make sure it is make and can take software events "/ sysHardwareSignalEH(); /* this is a helper function for reading out events. Again, may need to modify this to allow taking events from the different event /. General

vold event_buf_advance() (

event_buf_cur++;
lf (event_buf_cur == event_buf_end)
event_buf_cur = event_job_buffer;

/* In this loop, the EH pops software jobs from its queue and processes them. This will need to change so that the EH reads not one, but all three of its queues. (Only code for one has been written) */ void EN_SoftwareDequeueLoop() { Int function; Int node_id, line_state, line_status, ppn; vold 'vaddr;

/* run through the software queue and do what you are supposed to */ (event_buf_cur == event_buf_free)) (
/* you are done processing */ If ((!event_buf_cur) || struct ThreadContext 'tc; vold *yank_buffer; vold *faultCP; Int header; while (1) (Int opdat;

/ TODO:

before you return, try examining the watermark of watlable remove backing pages and perform selective evictions if things are getting tight. This means examining the event table, looking for entries whose software queue pointers are null as likely candidates for eviction. "

return; _ /* pop off the next event and dispatch */
function = (int)event_buf_cur{0}; event_buf_advance();

cache line */ /* need to invalidate a local cac node_id = (int)event_buf_cur(0); switch (function) (
case EVENT_SIGNAL_INVALIDATE: event_buf_advance();

vaddr = (void *)event_buf_cur[0]; event_buf_advance();

yank_buffer = (vold*)event_buf_cur[0];
if (yank_buffer == NULL) {
 kprintf("EH: yank_buffer is NULL!\n");

event_buf_advance();

ppn = event_buf_cur[0]; event_buf_advance(); Vprintf('EH: performing invalidate of %p\n', vaddr);

sysGetLock(&sqlock); llne_state = SSQGetState(vaddr, ppn);

/* zero out the need-to-Invalidate bit */
SSQSetState(vaddr, line_state & 0x1b, ppn);
line_status = sysPUTCSTAT(vaddr, BSB_INVALID);

/* both sysSend's will unlock the sq */
if (line_statu: == RSB_DTRTY) {
 int *phys_ptr;

phys_ptr = get_offsetptr_into_ppn(ppn, vaddr); /* ppn = PPM_lookup(vaddr); */

sysSendLine(phys_ptr, yank_buffer, node_id);

) else

sysSendInvalIdateAck(yank_buffer, node_ld);

case EVENT_SIGNAL_RESENDSTORE: case EVENT_SIGNAL_ERESENDLOAD / /* resend a load or store request for a remote line */ header = (int)event_buf_cur(0); event_buf_advance(); break;

vaddr = (vold *)event_buf_cur[0]; event_buf_advance();

opdat = (Int)event_buf_cur{0}; event_buf_advance();

Thu Aug 10 15:36:26 1995 eh.c

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faultCP = (vold *)event_buf_cur(0); event_buf_advance();

SendCCMessage(header, vaddr, opdat, faultCP);

CARRY EVENT STORAL INV STORE: break

vaddr = (vold *)event_buf_cur(0); event_buf_advance(); yank_buffer = (vold *)event_buf_cur[0]; event_buf_advance();

ppn = event_buf_cur[0]; event_buf_advance();

Vpilmtf('EH: performing invalidate + resend store req of %p\n', vaddr):

llne_state = SSQGetState(vaddr, ppn); sysGetLock(&sqlock);

SSQSetState(vaddr, llne_state & Ox1b, ppn); llne_status = sysPUTCSTAT(vaddr, BSB_INVALID); /* zero out the need-to-invalidate bit */

/* ppn = PFM_lookup(vaddr); */
phys_ptr = get_offsetptr_lnto_ppn(ppn, vaddr);

sysSendLine(phys_ptr, yank_buffer, node_id);

sysSendInvalldateAck(yank_buffer, node_id); 9 0150

header = (Int)event_buf_cur(0);

event_buf_advance();

opdat = (Int) event_buf_cur[0]; event_buf_advance();

faultCP = (vold *)event_buf_cur(0); event_buf_advance();

SendCCMessaye(header, vaddr, opdat, faultCP);

break;

CASE EVENT_SIGNAL_REQUEST:

/* retry a request (this is on the home node) after invalidations have completed */

ccEventRequest(); hreak: CASE EVENT_SIGNAL_EVICT:

/* evict a shared vitual page to free up a backing page */ header = event_buf_cut[0]; event inf_advared(); opdat. = avent_but_cur(0);

event_buf_advance(); kprintf('eh.c: signal to evict page {%d -- %d}\n', opdat, header); ccEvictPage(header, opdat); /* ffor his requested that a new process be added to the pending list ... */ panding list ... */ rddPending(struct "ThreadContext *)event_buf_cur[0]); event_buf_advance(); /* put a thread to sleep */
tc = (struct ThreadContext *) event_buf_cur(0); tc->need_to_wake = TRUE; tc->signalData = event_buf_cur[0]; /* perform thread scheduling */
tSchedule(); 1f (tc->VSlot == -1) {
 struct ThreadContext *cur; 1f (!found)
tAddPendIng(tc); event_buf_advance(); break; CASE EVENT_SCHEDULE: tPutToSleep(tc); Int found; case EVENT_SLEEP: case EVENT_FORK: tSchedule(); break; hreak; break; break;

event_buf_advance();

tSchedule();

break; case Even*LLL: / remove this thread from the running list and add it to the kill list */

tKlll((struct ThreadContext *)event_buf_cur{0]); event_buf_advance();

tSchedule();

break; default:

function); break;

_

.

4

Int FH_handle_hem(int header, void *address, int opdata, void *cp_ptr) (Int sq_return; Int ppn;

ppn = (header >> 4) & 0xffff;

Prefrict(FER_hamlle_hams out of physical pages. Must recirculate this event.n'); 'event_bat_free2 = bander; /* no physical pages were available •/ /* this is not a completed implementation. Basically, we try to to recirculate the event in an internal buffer (no checking of this huffer in coded in Softwarebequeueloop yet) and try to evict pages print('EN_handle_bsm: stale mapping found for %p\n', address); /* try to include code to look for pages to evict here...*/ / If returned -1, then the vpn did not match in the event table. This means we have to perform a page lookup sq_return = SSQEnqueue(hoader, address, opdata, cp_ptr, ppn); 1f (sq_return == -1) (event.but_ftea2...; event_but_ftea2...; ft (event_but_ftea2 = event_but_ead2) ovent_but_ftea2 = (lnt)address; .event_but_ftee2 = (lnt)address; it (event_but_free2 == event_but_end2)
it (event_but_free2 = event_job_butfer2;
event_but_free2 = opdata; 1f (wont_but_free2 == event_but_end2) event_but_free2 = event_job_butfree2; *vent_but_free2 = (int)cp_pt; event_but_free2 + [[{event_buf_free2 == event_buf_end2)
 event_buf_free2 = event_job_buffer2; /* need to find new mapping */
ppn = PFM_lookup(address); In the meantime */ event_buf_free2++; event_buf_free2++; systettock (4sqlock) ; 1f (ppn != -1) 1 ((ppm v= -1) (locally */ return -1; _

if (event_but_ree2 == event_but_end2) event_but_rree2 == event_but_end2) event_but_rree2 == event_but_end2; event_but_rree2 == event_but_end2) event_but_rree2 == event_but_end2) event_but_free2 == event_but_end2) event_but_free2 == event_but_end2) i event_but_free2 == event_but_end2) *event_buf_free2 = header; event_buf_free2++;

printf("ppm %d is locked down, recirculating %p\m", ppm, address);

event_buf_free2++;

If (event_buf_free2 == event_buf_end2)
event_buf_free2 = event_job_buffer2;
sysPutLock(ssqlock);

return -1;

>> clac (/* this in an optimization which would be nice to perform : to notice that if the request was for a code line, to fetch in other lines past it since chances are, they will be needed gooner or later. '/ /* for now, we don't do this */

/* finally, return the result of enqueueing the latest event */ return sg_return;

(* To 10: *) (* To 10: *) (*) It there was a real mapping in the page table. Uhis means that the event table entry is just stale. So this means that we need to overwrite it somehow (SSQEEVPn(address, ppn) perhaps) and keep on going since the entry is truly valid */

) visw {
 /* if ppu = -1, that means that either there are no pages left,
 or no pages AT THE TIME THE MISS OCCURED */
 or no pages AT the TIME MISS OCCURED */
 vs owe can try to perform a PPM_mapl(vpn) and see If we get
 a real backing page back. If not, that means that we are
 truly out of physical pages, so need to recirculate
 and purform page welction again '/

) niss if (sq_rreture == -2) {
 / pays is locked - cannot add new software events to it '/
 / the means we have to reciculate again ... '/

#if 15_AMS1
int LPT_InserfpLFT table, int Vpn, int Ppn, int status2) (((vpn >> 24) & 0xffL) |
(((vpn >> 16) & 0xffL) << 8) |
(((vpn >> 8) & 0xffL) << 24) |
((vpn & 0xffL) << 24) |
((vpn & 0xffL) << 15))</pre> /* 0x114af. /
/* 0x153L 79 ... */
/* 0x0253L 79 ... */
/* 0x0252L 129 55 */
0x482L /* 64.20 */
/* 0x05251. */
/* 0x05251. */
1f (!(result % 2)) return result;
] /* valid entry, add to temp buffer '/
vpusientrien] = table->htabl[].vpn;
ppns(entries] = table->htab[1].ppn;
table->htab[1].ppn = -1;
entries..; for (1 = 0; 1 < LPTSI2E; 1++)
table->htab(1).vpn = LTLBHashMll; /* get rid of deleted entries */ result = (int)1 • (long 1; long entries = 0; int vpns(LPTSIZE]; int ppns(LPTSIZE]; int status1(LPTSIZE]; int status2(LPTSIZE]; #If IS_ANSI vold LPT_clean(pLPT table) Velse vold LPT_clean(table) pLPT table; char globalClean = 1; continue; else {) else (return; ~ ~ #end1f *endlf #1f 0 _ ~ _ ч Thu Aug 3 16:05:31 1995 Int I; for (1 = 0; 1 < brTSIZE; 1...) (table=>htab(1) = LFTEntry_Init(); table=>table_Inits(1) = 0; table=>table_Inits(1) = 0; /. print((TiPT_Init %d completed\n', 1); '/ (((Vpn >> 24) & 0x(fL) << 16) | (((Vpn >> 16) & 0x(fL) << 24) | ((Vpn >> 8) & 0x(fL) | ((Vpn >> 8) & 0x(fL) |) ^ 0x134aL; 1f (!(result.% 2)) reburn tesult; else reburn result; 0.vpn = LTL843/h411; - .ppn = -1; - .L's removed: • 0.strk1s1 = 0xataaaaaaaaaaa; • .statu92 = 0xataaaaaaaaaaa; /• vpn ^ 0xb525L; •/ Int_result = 0;
if (!!) {
 /• Initial position probed •/
 /* wif IS_ANST int LPT_calchash(int vpn, long 1) table-snumulis = LPTSIZE; table-snumdels = 0; table-snumcleans = 0; table-snumcleans = 0; table-snumlockups = 0; table-snumleers = 0; LPTEntry LPTEntry_Init() Int LPT_calchash(vpn, 1) Int vpn; *include *pplist.h* *define myprintf printf #1f IS_ANSI LFT_Init(pLPT table) Winclude saddlb.hs LPTEntry e; "Include setals." result = ("include 'lpt.h' roturn o; relse LPT_Int(table) pLPT table; rendl(lpt.c long 1; *endlf _ felse _ -_

```
2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       /* creates a new vpn-ppn mapping in this
node's hash table '/ /* teturns i on success, or 'I for failure '/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  if (table->htab[j].vpn == LTLBHashDeleted)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /* remove the vention mapping from hash table '/
results the pan on success, -1 on failure '/
int 1:
Thu Aug 3 16:05:31 1995
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               myprintf('LFT_Insert: Hash Table Overflow.\n');
                                          Int LPT_Insert(table, Vpn, Ppn, status1, status2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     table->numdels--;
table>btabl[].vpn = vpn;
table>btab[].ppn = fpn;
table>btab[].status1 = status1;
table>htab[].status2 = status2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           table->table_hits[]]++;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     wif IS_ANSI
Int_LFT_remove(pLFT_table, int Vpn)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       table->numiters..;
f = LFT_celchash(Vpn, 1);
f a= LFTSIZE;
f ( (table->htabl(), vp
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        table->numnils--;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           while (1 t = LFTSIZE) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  relse
Int LFT_remove(table, Vpn)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            table->numlookups++;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             recurs 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1 0100 (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ÷
                                                                                    Int Ppn;
Int status1;
Int status2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              return -1;
                                                                                                                                                                                      long 1:
                                                       ptPT table;
                                                                                                                                                                                                    \lim_{t \to 0} f_i
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              pLPT table;
                                                                     Int. Vpn;
 lpt.c
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Int Vpn;
                                                                                                                               10000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Fendl f
                              10100
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1 [buow
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      11 0
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      _
```

```
return (Int)-1;
) else if (table->htab(j).vpn == LTUBHashDeleted) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         / was an fprintf to sterr /
printf("tePL_lookup for 11d: Hash Table Overflow.\n",
ceturn (Insigned long)Vpn);
return (Ins)-1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            /* lookup a vpn-ppn mapping in LPT for the map */
/* vPN may NOT be 0 or 1 */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   myprintf('LPT_remove: Hash Table Overflow.\n');
                                                                                                                                                                                                           1...;
) else if (table->htab(j).vpn == Vpn) (
table>-htab(j).vpn = UTUMLashDeleted;
table>-numdels..;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    if (table->htab[f].vpn == LTLBHashWil) (
    /* could not find it: */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          return (ln1)-1/
return (ln1)-1/
) else [f (table->htab[j].vpn == Vpn) (
return table->htab[j].ppn;
) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     #If IS_ANSI
pLPTEnery LPT_findEnery(pLPT_cable, int Vpn)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           1 = table->htab[j].ppn;
table->htab[j].ppn = -1;
return 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     #1f IS_ANST
Int LPT_lookup(pLPT table, int Vpn)
                                 /* return -1 on error */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Int LPT_lookup(table, Vpn)
pLPT table;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | = 0;
while (1 != LPTSIZE) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      table->numiters++;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 /* profiling */
table->numlookups++;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        return (int)-1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  :::
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 long 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Int J:
1 = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         int Vpn;
*endif
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            felse
```

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```
myprint('<441d> ',1);
LPTEntry_unparse(&table->htab(1)); '/ /*only print one*/
myprint(('\n');
                                                                                                                                                    myrrine("Deleted");
) else lf (entry->vpn == L7U,AHAshDeleted) (
myprint("Deleted");

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           /* profIlling '/
for (1 = 0; 1 < LFTSIZE; 1...) {
    mprint((*431d> ...1);
    LPTEntry_unparse(&table->htab[1]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    myprincf('<%11d> ',1);
LPTEntry_unparse(&table->htab(1));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     LPTEntry_unparse(&table->htab[1]);
                                                                                                                    if (entry->vpn == LTUBHashWill) (
    myprintf(*NIL *);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 myprintf('<&41d> ',1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       1f (entry->ppn)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                #1f IS_ANSI
LPT_unparse(pLPT table)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          LPT_unparse(table)
pLPT table;
                                          LPTEntry *entry;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ! •• !
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    : • • ]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ; + + ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         long 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                   ) else
                                                              fendl f
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   tendif
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             #else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                *
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 /*a change hore: removing ****/
/***re between lookups and left parend*/
myprinf(1*NStats: %id iterations of %id lookups (%2.2f looks / iter)\nhbm chans:
%i(N********)
m
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Int I;
for (1 = 0; 1 < LFTSIZE; 1++) (
    myprint(r<3d3 & $51d Nr.1,table->table_hlts[1]); 1++;
    myprint(r<3d3 $51d Nr.1,table->table_hlts[1]); 1++;
    myprint(r<3d3 $51d Nr.1,table->table_hlts[1]); 1++;
    myprint(r<3d3 $51d Nr.1,table->table_hlts[1]); 1++;
    myprint(r<3d3 $51d Nr.1,table->table_hlts[1]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 /*wis an [print[ to stdert*/
print['LeT_lindEntry for %]d: Hash Table Overflow.\n',
[unsigned long)Vpn);
return NULL;
                                                                                                                                                        /* lookup a vyu-pyu mapping in UPT for the map */
in court the ptr to the hash table entry */
long 1:
int j:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  if (table->htab(j1.vpn == (int)[TLBHashN1]) (
    /* could not find it: */
Thu Aug 3 16:05:31 1995
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             table->numlters, table->numlookups,
(float)((float)table->numlters/
(float)table->numlters/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             return WULL;
) else if (table->htab[j].vpn == Vpn) (
return &(table->htab[j]);
                                                          plPTEntry LFT_fludEntry(table, Vpn)
plPT table;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            table->numlters++;
J = LFT_calchash(Vpn, 1);
J %= LFTSIZE;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          table->numcleans);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (Algebray and the Definition of the transmission)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 I = 0;
while (I != LPTSIZE) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1f (table->numlookups)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (able->numlookups++;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ht'Thatry_unparse(entry)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      LPT_stats(pLPT table)
telse
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             /. profilling ./
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              LPT_stats(table)
pLPT_table;
tendif
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ISNV_SI 11.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           TRAN 21 11.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ~
                                                                                                  Int. Vpn.:
VendEf
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             .
lpt.c
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  • /
                                        16130
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    _
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    _
```

Vprint(('PPM_haudie_miss called with:\n\tHEADR = %x\n\tVADDR = %p\n\tOPDAT = %x\n\tfa /* handle a generic ltlb miss. */
/* returns 0 if the operation which caused the fault is NOT to be retried.
/* returns 0 if the operation which caused mechanism is used. Returns 1
th is hardware should now retry the faulting op. */
int PPN_handle_miss(int header, void *vaddr, int opdata, int *faultCP) (/* unmapping a page involves not only taking it out of the page table but also removing the mapping from the LTLM */ vin = {opdata << 10} >> 22; VprIntf('status1 after setting %d: 0x%lx/n*, opdata, status1); VprIntf('status2 after setting %d: 0x%lx/n', opdata, status2); Vprint(('status1 after masking: 0x%lx\n', status1); Vprintf('status2 after masking: 0x%lx/n', status2); old status = (status2 >> (cache_line * 2)) & 0x3; mask = (0x3 << (cache_line * 2)); old_status = (status! >> (cache_llne • 2)) & 0x3; mask = (0x3 << (cache_llne • 2)); status! &= (-mask); Vprint('returning old_status of &d\n', old_status); /* now return old bits to caller */ /* old_status == 1; *faultCP = old_status; status2 |= (opdata << (cache_line * 2));</pre> status1 |= (opdata << (cache_line * 2));</pre> header, vaddr, opdata, faultCP); /* now write back into page table */
entry->status1 = status1;
entry->status2 = status2; Vprintf('cache_line > 31\n'); pLPTEntry entry, old_entry; Case PPM_UNMAP_MAGFC: vpn = (int)vaddr << 10; status2 &= (~mask); int vpn, ppn; int itlbCP; int *itlbCPptr; int status1, status2; if (cache_line > 31) (1f (vpn >= 0x80000) (cache_line -= 32; switch(vpn) vpn >>= 22;) else (ultCP = %p\n _ _ Vprintf("handling putcstat of %d to %p (vpn 0x%x)\n", opdata, vaddr, vpn); ч /* since this was not in the lilb, need to get the block status, set the block status, and return the block status */ /* handle a PUTCSTAT operation which has faulted to the ltlb. Instead of adding the mapping into the ltlb like we normally do, we simply modify the block-status bits in the page table directly, and return the oid bits, just as the instruction kprintf(*critical error: putcstat finds no mapped page\n*); cachu_line = ((Int)vaddr & Ox(c0) >> 6; Vprinci('cachu-line is vd. statusd1 = 0x11x, status2 = 0x11x/n', Fri Aug 11 00:19:32 1995 /* mayle numbers for ltlb miss-rusponse dealgn */ hilline PHM_LOOKUP_MAGIC 0x80000 tdofine PHM_LOOKUP_MAGIC 0x80002 tdofine PHM_LOOKUP_MAGIC 0x80003 tdofine PHM_RECIATINE_MAGIC 0x80004 doffine PHM_RECIATINE_MAGIC 0x80005 tdoffine PHM_LOCALIZINENOTE_MAGIC 0x80005 The heart of the Physical Nemory Manager entry = LfT_fludEntry(&theLFT, vpn); 1f (entry) (status1 = entry->status1; status2 = entry->status2; Body of the LTLB Miss Handler extern int ltlb_data_for_MH; Int statusi, status2; Int cache_line; Int old_status; Int mask; vincinde pointers.h. vincinde ppm.h. vincinde pplist.h. vincinde 'ppl.h. "define Vprintf printf extern LPTable theLPT; Int sysGPRB(vold *); Int *sysSetPtr(Int); puPTEntry entry; Include <stdio.h> detine vERBOSE 0 ltlb_body.c #define Vprintf return; expects */) else (TI VERMOSE Vend1 f tel se

Fri Aug 11 00:19:32 1995 ltlb body.c

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1tlb_deta_for_AH = lPPM_unmap(vpn);

```
;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         /* this is more tricky: we must remove the mapping from the LTLB 
ltlbCF = 0x200000;
ltlbCF |= 0x75c0000000000;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          case PFW_RECLAIMR_MAGIC:
    11b_data_for_MH = 1PFN_ruclaim_remote((opdata << 10) >> 22);
    folloci = 1;
    folloci = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  << 10) >> 22);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ltlb_data_for_MH = IPPM_lookup((opdata << 10) >> 22);
*faultCP = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           22);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ltlb_data_for_MH = lPPM_map((opdata << 10) >>
*faultCP = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             cupe PPM_RECLAIML_MAGIC:
ltlb_data_for_MH = lPPM_reclaim_local((opdata
foultCP = 1;
.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   case PFM_LOCAL2REMOTE_MAGIC:
ltlb_dhta_{6r_MH = 1PPM_local2remote(opdata);
 faultCP = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       word! = ltlbCPptr[ltlb_set];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ltlbCPptr[ltlb_set] = wordl;
                                                                                                                                                                                      ltlb_set = (vpn & 0x3f) << 3;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         word1 = ltlbCPptr[[tlb_set];
                                                         ltlbCPptr = sysSetPtr(ltlbCP);
                                                                                        Int ltlh_set;
Int wordl, word2, word3;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ltlbCPptr += 4;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 case PPM_LOOKUP_MAGIC:
                                                                                                                                int lru;
Int valid;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        case PPM_MAP_MAGIC:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         faultCP = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    tetuin 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             default:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        _
```

```
:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       /* for now, all cases drop through so that PPN is set and
we can look up a mapping in the LPT to place into the LTLB '/
' here's where the fun really begins. First, we need a
configuration-space pointer to the ltlb '/
ItlbCP = 0x200000;
ItlbCP = 0x75c00000000;
ItlbCPtr = syssetPrr(ltlbCP);
(
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   /* status bits from existing entry or an entry you just added */
status1 = entry->status1;
status2 = entry->status2;
                                                                                                                             /* find the current virtual-physical mapping in the page table
entry = LPT_findEntry(&theLPT, vpn):
If (!entry) {
                                                                                                                                                                                            /* [[ no entry found, try to create a new mapping
the last the on-demand allocation */
ppn = [PPM_uap(Vpn);
entry = LPT_findEntry(&theLPT, Vpn);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ltlb_set = (vpn & 0x3f) << 3;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 word1 = ltlbCPptr[ltlb_set];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       lru = (word1 >> 62) & 0x1;
val1d = (word1 >> 63) & 0x1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Int Itlb_set;
Int word1, word2, word3;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ppn = entry->ppn;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               int valid;
                                                                     return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            l ru :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ) else {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            lnt
```

Vprint('ltlbCPptr = %p, ltlb_set = %x, word1 = %x, lru = %d, valid = %d\n', ltlbCPptr, ltlb_set, word1, lru, valid);

```
/* If this Itlb entry is not least-recently-used, go to the second
```

```
entry in the set */
If (!lru && valid) {
```

```
ltlbCPptr += 4;
```

```
word1 = ltlbCPptr{ltlb_set};
valid = (word1 >> 63) & 0x1;
```

```
_
```

```
/* read out current entry If it is valid */
/* valid entries need to have their block-status bits written
back into the page table, bafore the entried are evicted from
the CTUL */
If (valid) (
If (valid) (
```

```
int old_ppn, old_vpn;
```

/* fall-through to standard ltlb miss */

/

m

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щ Andrew Shultz 6/22/95 theuldst->first = start; /*set the list to point to the start'/ theulst->last = end; /*set up the last'/ /*wrlie to the physical page*/ workingPtr = (int *)createPointer(workingNum*PAGE_SIZE, Thu Aug 3 16:05:53 1995 A new version of the physical page manager for the page table stuff in lpt.c. If (start != -1) /*for initing the second, null list*/ #liclude '/home/mm/apps/tuntlme/v2.0/yev/pointers.h'
fluctude 'ppilst.h' P_PHYSICAL); /*now connect the pages in between in a chain*/ wif is_Ausi PPUst_init(ppilst theList, int start, end) printf('workingftrr: %p\n', workingftrr); *endif fake = alloc(FAGE_SIZE*30); printf("fake: %p\n", faku); intCFake(fake); PfLAst_init(theList, start, end) ppllst theList; int start, end; *end!(/ last one. workingthum a end*/ workIngNum++; •workIngPtr = workIngNum; int *workingPtr; int workingNum = start; while(workIngthum < end) /•for empty starts•/ if(start == PPNULL) 0 JSGNTSLID online #14 PPLISTTEST void • fake; #endit #1f PPLISTTEST pplist.c return; #11 VERBOSE *end1 { *e1se _

workingPtr = (int *)createPointer(theList->first*PAGE_SIZE, workingPtr = (lnt *)createPointer(theList->last*PAGE_SIZE, workingftr = (int *)createrointer(workingNum*PAGE_SIZE, theList->last = theList->first = thePage; workingPtr = (int *)createPointer(thePage*PAGE_SIZE, workingPtr = (int *)createPointer(thePage*PAGE_SIZE, P_PHYSICAL); 17, P_PHYSICAL); 17, P_PHYSICAL); P_PHYSICAL); P_PHYSICAL); 17. theList->first= *workingPtr; *workingPtr = PPNULL; PPLIst_putpage(theList, thePage) pplist theList; int thePage; If(theList->first i= PPNULL) printf('Printing PP List:\n'); if(theList->first == PPNULL) theList->last = thePage; Int PPLIst_getpage(thellst) PPlist theList; Int ret = theList->first; int *workingPtr; *workingPtr = thePage; Int *workingPtr; Int temp = theList->first; *workingPtr = PPNULL; *workingPtr = PPNULL; *workingPtr = PPNULL; PPLISt_unparse(theList) pplist theList; int *workingPtr; while(temp != -1) return(ret); ~ else -_ _

2 Pplist.c Thu Aug 3 16:05:53 1995

t printf(*3d, *, temp); workingfur = [int *)createPointer(temp+PAGE_SIZE, 17, temp = *workingPtr; *

pr1nt((*End.\n-);
}

Sun Aug 6 13:57:54 1995 ppm.c

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/'global varlables'/

Velse Int PPM_Init(start) Int start; Vendif

#1f IS_ANSI Int IPPM_local2remote(Int num) #else Int IPPM_local2remote(num) for (1=0; 1<mum; 1...) Int 1, hold; լու ոստ։ fond [

recurn 1;

_

Andr.w. Shultz. 7/29/95 A physical page manager. Here UPT code in pplistic and pplistic PPLISt_Init(&local, start, NUMPHYSPAGES - 1); localsize = NUMPHYSPAGES - start; PPLISt_Init(&remote, PPNULL, PPNULL); SHashCreate(&(local.flrst), &theLPT);
printf(*PPM_Inftlallzed\n*); PPLISE_Putpage(&remote, hold); hold = PFL(st_getpage(flocal); if(hold == PfnULL) break; wif IS_ANSI Int PPM_Init(Int start) Vinclude "lpt.h" Vinclude "ppliat.h" Vinclude "ppm.h" Vinclude "pointers.h" remotesize = 0; LPT_Init(&theLPT); winclude <stdHb.h>
winclude <stdHo.h> Terratistize (* 1) Penetestize (* 1) PPLISE remote: PPLISE remote: PPLIE local; Int remotesize; Int localsize; UrTable theUPT; else _

_

If(sysSPED[sysSetPtr((vpn << 12) | [P_fM << 60])) == sysGetNodeId()) {
 page = PPLIst_getpage(alocal);
 It (page i= PPNULL) (
 LPT_linsert(ktheLPT, vpn, page,
 LPT_linsert(ktheLPT, vpn, page,
 Letting(alocal);
) else (printf('PPM: No more local pages to give out.\N"); return -1; /*I think this vpn may need to become a virtual address*/ hold = PPL(st_getpage(&remote); if(hold == PPNULL) break; else PPLIst_putpage(&local, hold); return LPT_lookup(&theLPT, vpn); If [5_ANS] Int IPPM_remote2local[Int_Inum) else Int IPPM_remote2local[num] Int IPPM_remote2local[num] Int num; ∎If IS_ANSI int IPPM_lookup(int vpn) localsize --; for(i=0; i<num; i++) #If IS_ANSI int IPPM_map(int vpn) kelse int IPPM_lookup(vpn) int vpn; remotesize -= 1; locaisize += 1; relse int lPPM_map(vpn) int vpn; rendif int 1, hold; return 1; int page; fendl f

~

) else (

page = PPLIst_getpage(/*&remote'/ &local); If(page != PPNULL) (LPT_Insert(&/heilPT, vpu, page, 0, 0); remotesize--;

) else (

print("PFM: No more remote pages to give out.\N"); LPT_Insert(&theLPT, vpn, -1, 0, 0);

~

2 Sun Aug 6 13:57:54 1995 PPList_putpage(/* &remote */ &local, ppn); remotesize ••; l(ppn != PinULA) / allows caroless use'/ feturn ppn; /*what should this return*/
} return ppn; /*what should this return*/ return LPT_remove(&theLPT, vpn); PPLIst_putpage(&local, ppn); localsIze ++; HIT IS_ANST Int IPPM_reclaim_remote(Int ppn) angse Int IPPM_reclaim_remote(ppn) endit /if IS_ANSI int [FPM_reclaim_local(int ppn) int iEPM_reclaim_local(ppn) int iEPM_reclaim_local(ppn) VIC IS-ANSI Int IPPM_Jummap(int vpn) reise Int IPPM_Jummap(vpn) endif Hf IS_ANISI
Int IPPM_remote_left()
int IPPM_remote_left()
int IPPM_remote_left()
endif #if IS_ANS1
Int LPPM_locAl_left()
#else
Int LPPM_locAl_left()
Int LPPM_locAl_left()
#endlf lf(ppn i= PPNULL) return remotesize; return localsize; return page: ppm.c _ ~ _ -_ _ -_ _ _ -

Thu Aug 10 12:48:46 1995 s. pa

-1

 Code for manualing the memory-coherence software-event queue
 This is the event table code, the queue node code, and the event node code Please mote that this is meant to run within the M-Machine simulator and
 will need modifications once it's moved into plain C to be run within the
 runtime system itself

#include *gtdddfs.h*
#include *classddfs.h*
#include *msim_l1b.h*
#include *ccmagic.h* %Include <stdio.h> "Include 'sq.h' hut fprintf(FILE *fp, const char *format, ...);

/* the enodelist contains spare, statically-allocated event nodes */ ENode * freeENode = ENodeList; ENode ENodeList[200];

vold ENodeList_Init() (160, 15

for (1 = 0; 1 < 199; 1...)
FNodeLlst[1].next = & (ENodeLlst[1.]);
ENodeLlst[1].next = NULL;</pre>

retval = freeENode; freeENode = freeENode->next; ERode' ERodeList_pop() (ENode *retval; if (freeENode) (

retval->address.wval.lval = -1LL; retval->data = 0LL; retval->CP.wval.1val = -1LL; retval->next = NULL;

return retval;

return WULL:) else

_

tpi Int(fsident, "0%%)t", CvtXL64(indu-sheader); Cointer_print(induct, node-saddress wai, pwal); (print(fsident, "Vt5%%)t", CvtXL64(inde-sdats)); Fointer_print(fsident, inde-sCP, wal, pwal); void Enode_unparag(ENode *node) ((printf(stdout, '\n');

~

/* the Squadelist is a statically-allocated list of available SQNode's or the software queue nodes which contain collections of event nodes for a particular cache line */

/* set the state of a particular line */
int Backing_setState(REDITY *cntry, ULONG64 address, int newState) (
 returns 0 on failure, 1 on success, and 2 if sq can now be
 deleted # deleted # If (node->address == (address & 0x)ff(ff(ff(ff(fc0LL)))
 return node->state;
If (node->sddress > (address & 0x)ff(ff(ff(ff(ff(fb)L))) -/* return the cache-line state for a particular line */
SQ_STATE SQNode_getState(SQNode *node, ULong64 address) for (1 = 0; 1 < 199; 1++)
SQNodeList[i].next = &(SQNodeList[1+1]);
SQNodeList[1].next = NULL;</pre> SQNodē 'retval; ![(!ressQNoda) retval = [reeSQNode; [reeSQNode = [reeSQNode->next; = -1LL; *node) (retval->address = -1LL; retval->events = NULL; retval->sall = NULL; retval->stalt = NUL; retval->state.pr = 0; retval->state.iv= 0; SQNode SQNodeLAst12001; SQNode *freeSQNode = SQNodeLAst; retval->InvalIdate_ptr retval->emptied = TRUE; SQNode *node, *prev = NULL; retval->state.ax = 0; retval->state.nx = 0; retval->next = NULL; node->next = freeSQNode; freeSQNode = node; vold SQNodeList_push(SQNode SQNede* SQNedeList_pop() { return retstate; while(node != NULL) (node = node->next; vold SQNodeList_init() (return retval; retstate.px = 0; retstate.pr = 0; retstate.lnv= 0; retstate.ax = 0; retstate.nx = 0; SQ_STATE retstate; return retslate; return NULL;) else Int 1; _ _

_

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```
CvtXL64(curnode->invalldate_ptr));
(enode = curnode->invalldate_ptr));
(print(stdout, * >> *);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      if (entry(I).vpn != -1LL) (
    fprintf(stdout, PPN <33d> -- VPN <0X%s> -- [status %d]\n',
                                                                                                                                                                                                          for (prev = node; node != NULL; prev = node, node = node->next)
if (node->atdress == (address &= 0x3fififififififified(LL)) (
    node->state.pr = (newState >> 4) & 0x1;
    node->state.pr = (newState >> 3) & 0x1;
    node->state.inv= (newState >> 1) & 0x1;
    node->state.inv= (newState >> 1) & 0x1;
    node->state.nx = (newState >> 1) & 0x1;
    node->state.nx = (newState >> 1) & 0x1;
    node->state.nx = (newState >> 0) & 0x1;
    node->state.nx = (newState.nx = (newState.nx = (newState.nx = newState.nx = newState.nx = (newState.nx = newState.nx = newState.n
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Thu Aug 10 12:48:46 1995
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        prev->next = node->next;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           entry-shead = node-snext;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          SQNodeLLst_push (node);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  CvtXL64 (entry[1].vpn),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Int I;
(or (I = 0; i < BACKING_SIZE; I \leftrightarrow) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      entry[1].status);
REntry_unparse(entry + 1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             /* statically-allocated hash table */
REntry BTable[NUM_HODES][BACKING_SIZE]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     vold Backing_unparse(REntry *entry) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          vold REntry_unparse(REntry *entry) (
SQNode *curnode:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    curnode->state.pr,
curnode->state.lnv,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           curnode->state.px,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  curnode->state.ax,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                curnode->state.nx,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ENode_unparse (enode) ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         rotana 25
                                                                                                              node = entry-shead;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     return 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ENode 'enode;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         for
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ~
           5. pa
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 -
```

vold BackIng_InIt (REntry *BackIngBashTable) (

-

```
*addInvalidate: tried to overwrite existing ptr\n');
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ) else If (curgnode->àddrems > (addrems & 0x)ffffffffffffffcolu)) (
recurn Oul.;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           /* whenever we operate on an event table entry, we start at its
head, and look for the correct cache line. The queue nodes are
sorted by addrasts, so limprove lookup space */
is Backing_addInvallate(Rhntry *entry, ULONG64 address, ULONG64 ptr) (
SQNOde *curQnode = NULL, *prevQnode = NULL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          for (prevpnode = curQnode: curQnode != NULL;
    prevpnode = curQnode: curQnode = c
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /* return the invalidate pointer stored for the cache line
identified by address */
ULong64 Backing_getInvalidate(REntry *entry, ULong64 address) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 retval = curquode->invalidate_ptr;
curqnode->invalidate_ptr = -1LL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            curQnode->invalidate_ptr = ptr:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            SQNode *curQnode = NULL, *prevQnode = NULL;
Int I;
for (1 = 0; 1 < BACKINC_SIZF; 1...) (
for (1 = 0; 1 < BACKINC_SIZF; 1...);
BackIngHashTable(11.head = NULL;
BackIngHashTable(11.head = 11LL;
BackIngHashTable(11.status = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        fprintf (stderr,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    return retval;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     curQnode = entry->head;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       curgnode = entry-shoad;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   return 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ULong64 retval;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ) else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ) else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     return OLL:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ~
```

```
Thu Aug 10 12:48:46 1995
 з. ра
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```
/* add a new event to the entry. The enode contains all of the
necessary information, including virtual address.
This automationly modifies line-state bits. '
in' Banking-addRentery "entry, Blode "rode" (
```

curOnode->state.pr - 1;

```
/* return codes:
```

```
    error
    error
    ok. No noved to send message
    ok. Send a message as well.
    ok. Stop thread.
    ok. Stop thread.
    e. ok. Stop thread.
    B. need to recirculate because page is 'locked'
```

```
-
```

```
SQNode *eur©node = NULL, *prev©node = NULL, *new@node = NULL;
```

```
int return = 0;
```

```
1f ([node->header >> 52] & 0xfLL == 0xfLL) (
    /* this is an icache request */
```

```
retval |= 0x4;
```

```
curQnode = entry-shead;
```

```
/* try to find matching cache line address */
If {curQuode->address ==
```

```
(node->address wval.pval.address & 0x3ffffffffc0LL)) {
/* cache-lines match */
```

```
1f (curQnode->tall) (
```

```
curQnode->tall->next = node;
                        curQnode->tall = node;
```

```
curQnode->state.px = 1;
lf (curQnode->emptied)
retval |= 0x8;
```

```
curQnode->emptled = FALSE;
return (retval | 0x2);
```

```
1f (curQnode->emptled)
) else
```

```
retval |= 0x8;
curQnode->emptled = FALSE;
return (retval | 0x1);
```

```
) else (
11 (curQuode->emptled)
```

```
retval |= 0x8;
curQnode->emptled = FALSE;
```

```
return (retval | 0x1);
```

```
) else {
    /* [lrst event of lts kind */
    curônode->tall = node;
```

```
curQuode->events = node;
```

```
/* set the state to elther px or pr depending on
type of miss event */
If ((node->header & 0xf) == FAULT_BLOCK_k(!)
```

```
(node->address.wval.pval.address & 0x3ffffffc0LL)) (
                                                       int opcode = ((Int) (node->header >> 56) c 0x3fLL):
If (opcode == MEMU_LD_ACTION)
else if ((node->header & 0xf) == FAULT_LTUB_MISS) (
    /* case out on operation */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             /* no lines there, yet, so we need to add a new software queue
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      /* case out on operation */
Int opcode = ((Int) (node->header >> 56) & 0xJfLL);
If (opcode == MEMU_LD_ACTION)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (node->address.wval.pval.address & 0x3ffffffffc0LL);
newQnode->newT = curQnode;
newQnode->events = node;
newQnode->tall = node;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     newQnode->state.pr = 1;
else [f ((node->header & 0xf) == FAULT_LTLB_MISS) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    If {(node->header & 0xf) == FAULT_BLOCK_RI)
                                                                                                                                                else curQnode->state.px = 1;
                                                                                                                      curQnode->state.pr = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             retval |= 0x8;
curOnode->emptled = FALSE;
return (retval | 0x2);
                                                                                                                                                                                                              curQnode->state.px = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  newOnode->state.pr = 1;
else newOnode->state.px = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      if (curQnode->emptled)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ) else 1f (curQnode->address >
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           newQnode = SQNodeList_pop();
If (newOnode) '
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    newQnode->address =
                                                                                                                                                                                 ) else
```

break;

(newOnode) /* abou

```
return 0;
```

lf ([prev0node] && (prev0node != cur0node]) (

newQnode->emptled = FALSE;

newQnode->state.px = 1;

) else

1f (newOnode->emptied)

retval |= 0×8;

prev0node->next = new0node; return (retval | 0x2);) else if (prev0node == cur0node)

entry->head = newOnode;

_

```
fprint(stderr,'sq.c: can't get new squode!\n');
return 0;
                                             ) else (
```

```
ENode 'BackIng_fltstWriteEvent(REntry 'entry, ULong64 address) {
    Synoole 'curnoole = NULL, 'prevnode = NULL;
    Enode 'tetval;
  4
                                                /* pep off the next event in the entry targetting the cache-line
identified by address '/
Ende 'hacking popEvent(RErry entry, Upong64 address) (
Sydae 'entrode = NULL, 'Prevnode = NULL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     curnode->events = curnode->events->next;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Thu Aug 10 12:48:46 1995
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Int header_lsWriteEvent(ULong64 header) {
    Int opcode = ((Int) ((ULong64)header >> 56));
    i+turn (opcode != 47);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                1f {!curnode->events) {
    curnode->emptled = TRUE;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    cumodo s outry-shoad;
                                                                                                                       cutnode = entry->head;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        return retval;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 )
/• llne not found •/
return NULL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           /• Thre not found •/
tecurn NULL:
                                                                                               ENode • retval;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          _
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   -
```

١

void BackingTable_unparse(int n) (
 Backing_unparse(BTablein|);
}

.--| Umanager.c: Core M-Ruchine runtime system thread management code
 Wcltten by: Yevgeny Gureatch
 Ume 1995 - Auguet 1995 - 7 14:24:32 1995 /* Initialize the threadcontext data structure */ void ThreadContext_Init(struct ThreadContext *context) { context->Next = NULL; vold tAddChlld(struct ThreadContext *, vold *); vold HContext_Init(struct HContext *context) /* initialize the MContext data structure */ for (1 = 0; 1 < 16; 1++) (
 context->Int_reg_f[1]e[1] = 0;
 context->fp_reg_f[1]e[1] = (float)0; context->SIbling = NULL; context->Children = NULL; HContext_InL(6 (context->hthreads[0]); HContext_Init(k(context-shthreads[1])); HContext_Init(k(context-shthreads[2])); HContext_Init(k(context-shthreads[3])); context->restart[rector[0] = NULL; context->restart[rector[1] = NULL; context->restart[rector[2] = NULL; context->restart[rector[3] = NULL; context->restart[rector[3] = NULL; context->hardware_mbar_counter = 0; context->software_mbar_counter = 0; Mon Aug struct GlobalThreadState tProcesses; context->empty_scoreboard = 0; context->local_cc[0] = 0; context->local_cc[1] = 0; context->local_cc[2] = 0; context->local_cc[3] = 0; 0 0 #define VERBOSE_TMANAGER = #define VERBOSE_TSIGNALLER = context->VSlot = ~1; context->Parent = NUUL; #include 'signaldefs.h'
*include 'taignal.h'
*include 'pointers.h' "define Vprintf kprintf context->flags = 0; int buddyFree(vold *); #include <varargs.h>
*include *sysfunc.h'
*include 'tmanager.h' #1 C VERBOSE_TMANAGER *Include <stdio.h> void *malloc(int); Morthan Vprlint.f tmanager.c Int 1; 1 Ibuer ~ 10]30

%pth. cur->htheads(0].restartIPvector[0]); %pth. cur->hthreads(0].restartIPvector[1]); %pth. cur->hthreads(0].restartIPvector[1]); %pth. cur->hthreads(0].restartIPvector[1]); %pth. cur->hthreads(0].tur_Ireg_1[1a[1]); %pth. cur->hthreads(0].thr_reg_1[1a[1]); %pth. cur->hthreads(0].thr_reg_1[1a[1]); %pth. cur->hthreads(0].thr_reg_1[1a[1]); struct Threadcontext *tc; f (tc = (struct Threadcontext*)malloc(slzeof(struct ThreadContext)) f f haddoniest_init(rci); printf('\t-------\n'); printf('\tParent: %p\n', cur->Parent); If (cur->Children) (:(.u/----3p | signalData %ix [swb %d%d%d]\n', /* print out global thread information for debugging purposes */ /* allocate a new thread context */
struct ThreadContext 'ninloc() {
 tits allocate new memory (c a threadcontext, and then
 initialize the data strucure */ %1×\n', void ThreadContext_unparse(struct ThreadContext *context) struct ThreadContext *cur = NULL; cur->hthreads[2].hardware_mbar_counter, cur->hthreads[3].hardware_mbar_counter]; cur->hthreads[0].hardware_mbar_counter, cur->hthreads[1].hardware_mbar_counter, print((``terrestruct, cutrestruct) print((``terrestruct, cutreshtreads) print((``tello IP0 %p\n', cut-shtreads) print((``tello IP1 %p\n', cut-shtreads) print((``tello IP3 %p\n', cut-shtreads) print((``tello IP3 %p\n', cut-shtreads) print((``tello SP %p\n', cut-shthreads) print((``tello AP %p\n', cut-shthreads) [flags cur->Next, cur->slgnalData, cur->need_to_sleep, cur->need_to_wake, cur->VSlot, cur->flags); /* return buddyFree((vold*)tc); */ context->slgnalData = 0xdeadbeef; context->need_co_wake = FALSE; context->need_co_sleep = FALSE; context->need_co_sleep = FALSE; context->need_co_block = FALSE; cur->need_to_block); print(*\tVSlot %1x printf('\n'); context->SCC = 1024; context->SCL = 1024; manager --~

tmanager.c Mon Aug 7 14:24:32 1995

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/* sut up own processes proparly */
self = thlloc(1;
self(>>hthread(0)..httreg_f[le[5] = (int)DataPtr;
self(>>hthread[0)..httread[0] is both (ull and may issue */
self(>>Vslot, = 0; /* 1 am running in slot 0 */ /* Initialize all on-mode data structures dealing with internal management. This code is to be executed as part of the boot sequence. */ void finit(void *Deafric) (/* now write this CP into own context ptr */
CP = (int**)sysSetPtr(0x77c000000510000); ThreadContext_unparse(tProcesses.Pending); printf(*K111:\n'); ThreadContext_unperse(tProcesses.Running); ThreadContext_unparse(fProcesses.K111); printf("Running:\n"); tProcesses.PendIngEnd->Next = #ULL; / Initialize the signal table '/ .Processes.PendIngEnd = tc; tProcesses.PendingEnd = tc; LProcesses.Panding = NULL; LProcesses.PendingEnd = NULL; LProcesses.Vill = NULL; LProcesses.Running = NULL; tProcesses.RunningEnd = NULL; tProcesses.Pending = tc; /* Initialize processes */
struct ThreadContext *self; tProcesses.occupied = 0x1; t.Processes.KlllEnd = NULL; myCP[0x2000] = (lnt)self; UAdRunnlng(self); vold SYStUnparne() {
 print('Pending:\n'); tersNext = NULL: SlgTab_Init(): myCP = *CP;Int 'myCP; reburn to; ••CP:) else (Int _

/* add a thread context to the to-be-kllled threads list '/
void tAddKill(struct ThreadContext *tc) {
 If (itc) reburn;

1f (tProcesses.K111End) (
 tProcesses.K111End->Next = tc;

/* pop the first thread context from the to-be-killed threads list */
struct ThreadContext *tPopKill() (/* pop the first thread context from the pending threads list */
struct ThreadContext *tepPending() {
 struct ThreadContext *retval; : /* pop the first thread context from the running threads list
struct ThreadContext *tPopRunning() (retval = tProcesses.Pending: If (tProcesses:PendingEnd = x tProcesses.Pending) tProcesses.PendingEnd = NULL; tProcesses.Pending = tProcesses.Pending->Next; retval = tProcesses.kunnlug: If (tProcesses.kunnlugend = tProcesses.kunnlug) tProcesses.kunnlugend = NULL; tProcesses.kunnlug = tProcesses.kunnlng->Next; /* add a thread context to the running threads list */
void tAddRunning(struct ThreadContext *tc) (it (tProcesses:Kll1) (
 retval = tProcesses:Kll1b;
 If (tProcesses:Kll1bd == tProcesses.Kll1bd == KlLc;
 tProcesses.Kll1bd = NULL;
 tProcesses.Kll1 = tProcesses.Kll1bd = Kll2; tc->Next = NULL; tProcesses.occupied |= (1 << tc->VSlot); tProcesses.RunningEnd->Next = tc; tProcesses.RunningEnd = tc; tProcesses.KillEnd->Next = NULL; tProcesses.Running = tc; tProcesses.RunningEnd = tc; if (!tc) return;
if (tProcesses.RunningEnd) (struct ThreadContext *retval; struct ThreadContext *retval; LProcesses.KlllEnd = tc; tProcesses.K1llEnd = tc; tProcesses.Klll = tc; If (tProcesses.Pending) (1f (tProcesses.Running) (return retval; return retval; return retval; return NULL; return NULL; fc->Next = NULL; return NULL;) else (~ --_

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m
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              newContext->flags = 0x11; /* hthread 0 is both full and may issue */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /* add the newly-created context as a child of its parent. */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      newContext->hthreads[0].Int_rog_flle[6 + I] = arg;
newContext->hthreads[0].cmpty_scoreboard |=
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          temp += 2047; /* end of stack */
newconrext->hbtreads[0].int_reg_flle[1] = (Int)thread!P;
newcontext->hbtreads[0].int_reg_flle[2] = (Int)temp:
newcontext->hbtreads[0].int_reg_flle[4] = (Int)reumPtr;
newContext->hthreads[0].int_reg_flle[12] = (Int)temp;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Interface is
(void "threadp, void "batabtt, void "teturnbtt, int numargs,
void "fittentft, ...) "/
void" STStFork(va_alist)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        newContext = UAlloc();
newContext = UAlloc();
newContext-shthreads(0).ht_reg_f(1)e(5) = (Int)Dataitt;
newContext-shthreads(0).restartTrVector(1) = thread1P;
newContext-shthreads(0).restartTVector(1) = thread1P + 4;
newContext-shthreads(0).restartTVector(2) = thread1P + 8;
newContext-shthreads(0).restartTVector(1) = thread1P + 12;
newContext-shthread2[0] = thread1P + 12;
newContext-shthread2[0] = thread2[0] = thread1P + 12;
newContext-shthread2[0] = thread2[0] =
Mon Aug 7 14:24:32 1995
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          void "DataPir, "returnPtr, "returnval, "passed_parent;
Int numatgs, 1:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    newContext->hthreads[0].empty_scoreboard = 0x1034;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /* allocate stack/AP for the new thread */
temp = (int*)malloc(0x4000); /* user stack */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      refutnitt = va_arg(ap, void *);
numargs = va_arg(ap, lnt);
passed_parent = va_arg(ap, void *);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      /* allocate a new thread context */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    struct ThreadContext *newContext;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                va_stArt(ap);
thteadIP = va_arg(ap, char *);
DataPtr = va_arg(ap, vold *);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          arg = va_arg(ap.int);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1 << (6 + 1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    / Fork off a new thread
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        temp = arg;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |f(1 < 6)|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          t.onp -= 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Int arg;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              char "threadly;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            va_end(ap);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    (temp) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  va_list ap;
            tmanager.c
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  : fourb :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                va_dcl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    -
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/* add the newly-created context to the pending list of processes
signifying that it is ready to issue and may be scheduled. */
/* tSafeAddFending(newContext); */
                                                                                                                                                      /* signal the event handler to perform scheduling to hopefully
let this contaxt run */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Int ConvertCHflags(Int flags, Int slot) {
    /* convert from absolute cluster to H0 relative notation */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Int ConvertHCflags(Int flags, Int slot) {
    /* convert from relative-hthread to absolute cluster */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           new_flags = (((flags >> 3) & 0x1) |
((flags >> 7) & 0x1) <|
((flags >> 7) & 0x1) << 4) |
(((flags >> 7) & 0x1) << 4) |
(((flags >> 4) & 0x7) << 5));</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  new_flags = (((flags >> 2) & 0x3) + (
((flags & 0x3) << 2) |
(((flags >> 6) & 0x3) << 4) |
(((flags >> 6) & 0x3) << 6));
(((flags >> 4) & 0x3) << 6));</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         new_flags = (((flags >> 1) & 0x7) |
((flags >> 5) | (((flags >> 5) | (((flags >> 5) | (0x7) << 4) |
(((flags >> 6) & 0x1) << 7));
(((flagg >> 4) & 0x1) << 7));</pre>
                                                                                                             add_eh_job(EVENT_FORK, 1, newContext);
tAddChlld(newContext, passed_parent);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            print('tfork: malloc failed\n');
                                                                                                                                                                                                        add_eh_job(EVENT_SCHEDULE, 0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       return returnval;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         return new_flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                return new_flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         return new_flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       new_flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  return flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  return flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  return NULL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     switch (slot) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      switch (slot) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             va_end(ap);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Int new_flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Int new_flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            return
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              default:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               case 0:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            case 1:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                case 0:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       case 3:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          case 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   case
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\prime read hardware hthroad state from value, slot, and store It into the Reonews, he. Returns the state of the membar counter of the hthread \prime/ in the Hardward int "CP, struct Reonews the, int slot) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           /* In order to be able to evict a thread, its hardware mbar counter
should be zero, or its software mbar counter should equal its
hardware mbar counter (which means that all events now use the
threadcontext policier and not the absolute confligency policier for the
             ·47
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            .
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    effective to ever the threadcontary from its slot
relates the slot which was freed up due to the exterior on success,
  Mon Aug 7 14:24:32 1995
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         hc->restart.lfvector(1) = (char *)CP[1];
                                                       (f << (0x0 & 0x1)) = 2(1(1))
(f << (0x0 & 0x1))
(f << (0x0 & 0x01))
(f (1 >> (0(x0 & 0x01)))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    CP += 4;
hc-shardware_mbar_counter = CP(0);
hc-swmpty_scoreboard = CP(1);
teVurn hc-sharebarte_mbar_counter;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            for (1 = 0; 1 < 16; 1++) {
    hc->int_reg_(11e(11 = CP(11);
    hc->int_reg_(11e(11 = CP(11);
    hc))

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  for (1 = 0; 1 < 16; 1...) {
    hc > fp_reg_f(lle(1) = CP(1);

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Int slot, evict_flags, cluster;
int *CP;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           for (1 = 0; 1 < 4; 1...) (
he-slocal_ce(1) = CP(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       [0: (1 = 0; 1 < 4; 1 + +)] (
                                                                                                                                              return new_flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       reburn new_flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        slot - te-systot;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               TO UTICIO I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Int mbur_stat;
tmanager.c
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 thread •/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 CP += 160;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          detault:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    CP += 32;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        CP +- 32;
                                         0.450 25
                                                                                                                                                                   0406 31
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        _
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/* now that we have the context, start storing stuff away into it.
Neuronose that the CP polinus to physical clusters and we need
for that here is polinus to a value of the start short, avtet_flags);
VPFInf(fPMIcLing to %p from after dd [Hings %X]\n', to, slot, avtet_flags);
to-XHags = ConvercentLags(evice_flags, slot);
                                                                                                                               /* kill hissue bits to stop the thread from sending ops into the pipe -/ CP(0x2001] = evict_flags ( 0x00f_{\rm c}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             /* first thing is to consup a contigrable pit to the thread,
read out the current hissue status and set it to 0, waiting
for pipe to hopefully drain */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              .
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /* now set the occupied state of the slot to zero and also
  set the occupied hthread bits of the slot to unoccupied
  CP[0x2001] = 0x0;
  tProcesses.occupied i= ~(1 << slot);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ) (0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ) else if ((t.Frocesses.occupied & 0x8) == 0) {
     /* vslot 3 available */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ) else if (trFrocesses.occupied & 0x2) ==
/* vslot 1 available */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       n
B
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            1f ({LProcesses.occupied & 0x1) == 0) (
    /* vslot 0 available */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     recuth 1;
) else If ((tProcesses.occupted & 0x4)
/* vstot 2 available */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   #If VERBOSE_TWANAGER
kprint('evicted context %p:\n', tc);
ThreadContext_unparse(tc);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            tc, cluster);
return -1;
                                                                          CF = sysMakeCF(slot);
evict_[lags = CP(0x2001];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   tc->Next = NULL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  tc->VSlot = -1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             return slot;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        return 3;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     return 2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            "end![
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ~
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S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ) else {
    /* If we couldn't evict the thread, we return it to
    the back of the running list */
    //ddBountug(evict);

                                                                                                                                                                                                         /* If the thread needs to block, it should not be
added to the pending list, since it is already
souwhere in the signal list. */
If (testct-bread_to_block)
(AddPending(evtct);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     /* could not extent any running thread, and all thread slots
are usen */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        vold tinstallWThread(Int *CP, struct #Context *hc, Int slot) (
/* set up hthread state by copying it into hardware through the
conflyspace pointer (CP) */
7 14:24:32 1995
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 return evict_slot;
 Mon Aug
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               for (1 = 2; 1 < 16; 1...) (
    CP(1) = hc->lnt_reg_f11e(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  for (1 = 0; 1 < 16; 1+) (
CP(1) = hc=>(p_reg__flle(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  I = hc+>hardwar+, whar_counter;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               CP[0] = 1;
CP[1] = hc+sempty_scoreboard;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              CP[0] = hc+>int_reg_flle[0];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       for (1 = 0; 1 < 4; 1 \leftrightarrow) (
 cP(1) = bc > local_cc(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     return -1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ) else (
   tmanager.c
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               CP += 164;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     CP += 32;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        CP += 32;
                                    ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    (b = 4)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1 n. 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         _
```

```
1f (flags & (1 << cluster)) (
    that cluster) (
    that cluster) (2000 - cluster), cluster) & 4)), shot);
    that cluster) = 10r) (4 + cluster) = 10r) (4 + 1), shot);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /* the first thing is co set all of the proper hPuil bits '/
flags = ConvertHCflags(tc->flags & 0x0f, slot);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      CF[0x2001] x= 0xf; /* k111 lssue blts */
CF[0x2001] = 0; /* k111 occupled blts */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   /* add this thread to the list of running threads */
tAddRunning(tc);
ht tinstall(struct ThreadContext 'te, int slot) {
    /* Install the thread context into a true slot '/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            for (cluster = 0; cluster < 4; cluster++) (</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         rectroulated = candidate;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    tProcesses.occupied |= (1 << slot);
                                                                                                                                                                           CP[0x2000] = (1nč)tc;
CP[0x2003] = tc->SCC;
CP[0x2004] = tc->SCL;
                                                                               CP = sysMakeCP(slot);
                                                                                                                                                              CP[0x2001] = flags;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        tc->VSlot = slot;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ) else (
                                                                Int cluster;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               break;
                                int flags;
int *CP;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        return 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ~
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tmanager.c Mon Aug 7 14:24:32 1995

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struct ThreadContext 'candidate = NULL;

int hardware_flags, 1;

```
/* finally, modify the occupied information, demonstrating that the thread alords no longer occupied by a funding thread '/ 'freedease.accepted \delta = -(1 - c + 2)', if the observe occupied \delta = -(1 - c + 2)', if the observe occupied \delta = -(1 - c + 2)' is a set of the observe occupied \delta = -(1 - c + 2).
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           /* assume to wake up the thread at cluster 0 */
/* cluster depends on the VSION we are int
/* the offset 10 is used hearuanille is the relatin
/* the offset 10 is used hearuanille is the relatin
CFF(002100 * cur->VSIOC) * 10] = cur->slgnalbata; /* write data */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    1f (candidate->hthreads[0].hardwarc_mbar_counter ||
candidate->hthreads[1].hardwarc_mbar_counter ||
candidate->hthreads[2].hardware_mbar_counter ||
candidate->hthreads[2].hardware_mbar_counter |
vprintf(*tCleanThreads: can't take thread out yet/n');
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ::
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 if [cur->newd_to_wiks 4& icur->need_to_sloup) {
    cur->hthreads[0].Int_reg_file[10] = cur->signalData;
    cur->hthreads[0].empty_scoreboard ]= 0x40;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       for (cur = tProcesses.Pending; cur != NULL; cur = cur->Next)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              set,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            cur->need_to_wake = FALSE;
cur->need_to_block = FALSE;
cur->need_to_block = FALSE;
vprint(!*Handles(gnals: woke pending %p\n*, cur);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     cur-ssignālData = Oxdeadbeef;
Va lait(?iHandiesignais: woke rundieg %p\ut, cur);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            / this is a little questionable -
                              code •/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ThreadContext_free(candidate);
                                                            ThreadContext_free(candidate);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1f (recirculated == NULL)
recirculated = candidate;
                                 Interface to buddylist
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  CP = sysMakeCP(cur->VSlot);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     cur->need_to_wake = FALSE;
cur->need_to_block = FALSE;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           tAddK111(candidate);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    /* performs thread management
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Int tSchedule() (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Int •CP;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ....
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;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    fatus = 0:
/* If thread is NOT running, search through the peading list.
If this thread is not three, then add it '/
for (cut it threeses:Fending, prev = tProcesses.Fending;
cut is NULL; prov = cut, cut = cut->Next) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   /* we got a candidate to schedule. First, get a free thread slot */
                                                                                                                                                                        þe
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /* we should now install the candidate into the thread slot '/
Vprint(('Installing context %p into vsiot %d\n',
candidate, install_slot);
tinstall(candidate, install_slot);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /* takes a thread off the pending list, and installs it in
an available user-threadslot. If no threadslots are available,
an attempts to ovict a thread from a user-level threadslot
and add it to the pending list. */
                                                                                                                                                                              ç
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   If (tc->need_to_wake) (
    Vprint("thut"usleep: %p needs to be waked already!\n", tc);
                                                                                                                                                                           threads to determine whether they need
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Install_slot = tGetSlot();
If (Install_slot == -1) (
    /* If no slots are available, we must place the candidate
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       back on the pending list '/
print('installation not possible at this time.\n');
print(('Walting for a later chance.\n');
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Vprintf('Nothing to do: pending list is empty\n');
return 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Inc status = 0;
Vprint('tPutToSleep: putting %p to sleep\n', tc);
                                                                                                /* [[rst, kill al] threads walting to be killed
                                              : (.u\ .....
                                                                                                                                                                                                   put to sleep, or wakened */
tHandleSignals();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              tersneed_to,sleep - FALSE:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Jf (cur == tc) [
status = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        tAddPending (candidate);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                If (tc->VSlot == -1) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       candidate = tPopPending();
                                                                                                                                                                        /* examine all running
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         break:
                                              Vprintf("tSchedule
inc install_slot;
                                                                                                                       tCleanThreads();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1f (!candldate)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  return -1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          return 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ~
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Jobs Include taking threads off pending lists and setting them to run, killing threads which are on the kill list, and examining threads to determine whether they have asked to alway on siquals.

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Mon Aug 7 14:24:32 1995
 tmanager.c
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/* now that we found it, instead of evicting this thread,
which is guite expensive, we simply add it to the front of
the running group so it is the first popped off if an
eviction is necessary */
if (status == 2) (
                                                                                                                                                                                           te->neod_to_Dlock = FALSE;
te->signalData = 0xdeadbeet;
Vprint(("thutToSicep: woke non-running kp while puttosleeping\n",
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    tc->need_to_wake = FALSE;
tc->need_to_block = FALSE;
tc->need_to_block = FALSE;
tc->need_to_block = AAABAbwed;
VprUntf('tburToSleep: woke running %p while putsleeping\n', tc);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          /* signume to worke up the thread at cluster 0 //
/* cluster dopwords on the VSIct we are in: //
cr(0x200 · fc=>VSIct) · 10] = tc=>signalDates; // write data ·/
                                                                               /* fill in the sleep register (110 is the return register) '/
te-shiftroada(0) int_reg_f(1)e(1)0] = te-ssignalBy(a)
(c=shiftroada(10) empty_scoreboard |= 0x40; /* set 110 (u)1] */
te-shiftroada(10) empty_scoreboard |= 0x40; /* set 110 (u)1] */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /* find and remove from the running list or pending list, since this
thread is now considered 'blocked'. The only exception is when it
ALSO has the neuclic_wake set. In which case it is woken
automatically (above) '/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Lf ({tProcesses.RunningEnd == cur) && (cur != prev)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          /* nood to use actual context pointer to the slot */
CP = ayeMakeCP(te->VSlot);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              tc->Next = tProcesses.Running;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               tProcesses.RunningEnd = prev;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      tProcesses.Running = tc;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               tc->need_to_sleep = FALSE;
tc->need_to_block = TRUE;
1f (!status)
tAddPending(tc);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  if {tc->VSlot != -1) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 t.c.);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Int. *CP;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          1 0510 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           return;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          _
```

break;

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```
1f (tProcesses.Pending == cur) (
    tProcesses.Pending = cur->Next;
                                                                                                                                       1f (cur == prev)
tProcesses.PendingEnd = NULL;
                                                                                                                               1f (tProcesses.PendingEnd == cur) {
                                                                                                                                                                     LProcesses.PendIngEnd = prev;
                                                                                                 prev->Next = cur->Next;
                                                                                        ) else (
                                                                                                                                                            else
                                                                                                                                                                                )
break;
                                                                                                          -
                                                                                                                                                                                                   -
) else (
```

-~

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/* calling thread wishes to exit with returnvalue retval /* must ~ ~ /* glven my configspace ptr, I can get my context ptr */ myTC = {struct ThreadContext *} (myCP[0x2000]); teturn (lnt*)sysSetPtr(({lnt)myTC & 0x0fffffffffffffffffff | {P_KEY << 60});</pre> -1 5 13:43:41 1995 /* given my configspace ptr, I can get my context ptr -/ return (struct ThreadContext *)(myCPf[0x2000]); sysGerLock(tusserLirendLock); pics f(lubics & 0s0ffffffffffff) | {P_MW << 60); reival = (lubics & 0s0fffffffffffffffffffffffff); reival = reival->Parent; CP = (1nt**)sysSetPtr(0x77c000000510000); CP = (1nt**)sysSetPtr(0x77c000000510000); extern struct GlobalThreadState tProcesses; /* qot 'own' conflagnace polntar */ mycP = *CP; /. det 'own' confluspace pointer '/ Sat Aug struct ThreadContext *tSelfTC() (hut ptc; struct ThreadContext *retval; struct ThreadContext 'myTC; struct ThreadContext 'my'TC; Int *SYSgetPatent(Int *tc) (vold kprintf(char •, ...); define VERBOSE_TMANAGER 0 Hinclude evararys.h> Include systeme.h' Include twanager.h' Hinclude twanager.h' Include fugnallofs.h' Include pointers.h' Include eb.h' #If VERBOSE_TMANAGER #define Vprintf kprintf vold *malloc(int); int buddyFree(vold *); Int *SYSgetSelfTC() (Int userthreadLock; Thelude estdlo.h> tmanager2.c define Vprintf myCP = *CP; int *myCP; Int **CP; Int *myCP; int **CP; tendi (telse ~

SYStSIgnallsySSetPtr((lnt)myTC & 0x0ffffffffffffffff) | (P_KEY << 60)), T_CHILD_EXIT); myTC = tSelfTC(); Vprintf('VExit called by %p with returnval 0x%x\n', myTC, retval); ... /* at this point we are all done and will block until killed */ /* found the process we want to remove */
1f (cur == prev) (
myTc->Parent->Children = cur->Slbling; we wish to evict ourselves from our own threadslot and signal a parent that we have exited
 's signalling our own exit can be done first: prev->Sibilng = cur->Sibilng; signal the parent thread that the child has died
 place thread on kill list sysGetLock(&userthreadLock);
If (parentTC->Children == NULL) (
 parentTC->Children = tc; struct ThreadContext *prev. *cur; sysPutLock(&userthreadLock); add_eh_joh(EVENT_KILL, 1, myTC);) clse (struct ThreadContext *myTC; signal the event handler int SYStExit(int retval) (_ ~ ~

;

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                                                                                                                             _
                                                                                                                     tc->Farent = parentTC;
) else {
    syselence (struct ThreadLock);
    syselence (struct ThreadLock);
    fiff(f) | (P_EW << 60));
    fiff(f) | (P_EW << 60));
</pre>
 2
                                         fut (our = parentTC-schildren, temp = parentTC-schildren;
fut (our = hull; our = cur-sStbilng)
temp = cur;
temp = cur;
Sat Aug 5 13:43:41 1995
                                                                                                                                                                                                    VprIntf('tAddChlld: set tc->Parent to %p\n', tc->Parent);
sysPuthock(wuserthreadbock);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /* found the process we want to remove */
11 (terecesses.Pending == cur) (
    trocesses.Pending = cur-sHext;
) *Hen (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            1f (tProcesses.PendingEnd == cur) (
1f (cur == prev)
tProcesses.PendingEnd = NULL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 tProcesses.PendIngEnd = prev;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          1f (tfrocesses.ftunningEnd == cur) (
1f (cur == prev)
tfrocesses.ftunningEnd = NULL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                tProcesses.RunnIngEnd = prev;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        vold LK111(struct ThreadContext 'target) (
    struct ThreadContext 'cur, 'prev;
    lnt found;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  prev->Next = cur->Next;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    prev->Next = cur->Next;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 1f (!found) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                _
tmanagor2.c
                           ) 05[0 (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ^
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        -
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 _
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tsignal.c Sat Aug 5 14:49:19 1995

 Colonal c: Core %-Machine runtime system thread signalling code
 Mallion by: Yunog
 Yinog /* lock for concurrent access to signal table */
lnt SigTab_lock = 0; for (1 = 0, 1 < SIGTAD_SIZE; 1++) (
 signal_hash_table[1].entry = NULL;
 signal_hash_table[1].last = NULL;</pre> /* Inltialize the on-mode signal table */
void SigTab_Init() { STE signal_hash_table[SIGTAB_SIZE]; struct se 'noxt; Int signal_word; Int signal_data; struct ThreadContext 'sleeper; typedef struct signal_top_entry { vold slynal_en'ry_unparse(entry) princt('\t|<kp> %ix %lx|', #define SIGTAN_SIZE 8 #define VERDOSE_SIGNALLER 0 Huclude cvatargs.h> Unclude tmanager.h thrclude 'slgnal.h' thrclude 'slgnal.defs.h' thrclude 'slgnal.defs.h' thrclude 'sysfunc.h' signal_entry *entry; signal_entry *last; stynet. varages #If VERROSE_SIGNALLER #define Vprintf kprintf typedef struct se (#Include <stdio.h> "Include 'eh.h" "define Vprintf) signal_entry; Written by: Int 1: fend1f) STE; fe] 36 _

```
/* add a new entry to the signal hash table */
/* if sleeper is NULL, this is a dormant signal, otherwise lt's a sleeper '/
/* returns 1 on success, 0 on fallue */
int SigTab_add_entry(int signal_word, int signal_data,
struct "hreadContext "sleeper) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              kprintf('signal_table_insert: could not allocate new entry\n');
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         for (entry = signal_hash_table[1].entry: entry i= NULL;
entry = entry.vmxt] (
signal_entry_unparse(entry);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               new = (signal_entry *)malloc(sizeof(signal_entry));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    signal_hash_table[j].entry = new;
signal_hash_table[j].last = new;
                                                                                                     new->signal_word = signal_word;
new->signal_data = signal_data;
new->siequer = siequer;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     f = SigTab_calchash(signal_word);
f %= SigTAb_SiZE;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         /* calculate a hash function */
int Sigrab_calchash(int value) (
    value >> 10;
    value >> 10;
    result = 0;
    result = (value 52);
    result = (value 52);

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     new->next = NULL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   print('\n');
                                                                      signal_entry 'entry:
                               signal_entry *new;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  1f (new) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       герики 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ) else (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Int j;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        -
~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          _
```

int j;

entry->sleeper, entry-salamal_word, entry-salamal_data);

5 14:49:19 1995 Sat Aug tsignal.c

2

·hrev; signal_entry 'cur, j = SigTab_calchash(signal_word);

i %= SIGTAR_SIZE;

.` . /* 0 - all match islgnal_data)))) (

if (cur == prev) {
 signal_hash_table(j).entry = cur->next;
 cur->next = NULL;

) else (

prev->next = cur->next;

Cur->next = NULL;

(slgnal_hash_table[j].last == cur) (

-

1f (cur == prev) {
 slgnal_hash_table[j].last = slgnal_hash_table[j].entry;) else

signal_hash_table[j].last = prev;

return cur; _

~

return NULL;

Int SYStSIgnal(vold *signal_word, int signal_data) {
 ' perform a signal_word, int signal_word with the data signal_data '/
 ' if no siegners on signal_data are found, make a dormant entry.
 'olderwise, wake all sleepers */
 signal_entry *entry:

found_one = FALSE; int signal_int.

int signal_word_home;

/* need to check here for the protections of signal_word '/
if ([[int]signal_word >> 60) & 0xf) != P_KEY) {
 kprintf(**** tSignal: invalid (non-kuy) signal word possed [3p]\n', stgnat_word);

return -1;

return 1:

nyselectock(&SlqTab_lock);

siqual_int = (int)signal_word & 0x003ffffffffffffffff

/* first, find if any targets are already sleeping and wake each one with the signal - that in LOOK FOK SLEEPENS */ while (feacty = SigFab_pop_eatry(signal_int, signal_data, 0)) != HULL) (

/* [ound the context which was sloeplug. This means that we need to wake it - copy appropriate data into its context - aut its status to "weken" - move it to pending ilst. */ VPIInt([*Signal(%p): found sleeper %p/n', signal_word, entry-sleeper)

/* now, if the sleeper is a remote thread, we need to wake it
by sending a message '
if (isignal_word.home = sysGPRB((vold*)cntry >sleeper)) isysGetiodef(1)) (

sysSendWake(signal_word_home, entry->sleeper, signal_data); sysGetLock(&SigTab_lock); /* not our node, so send a signal message to it */ /* the danger here is that we get stuck sending messages with the threadlock locked. It is possible to lock up the event system this way.... sysPutLock(&SlgTab_lock);

buddyFree (entry); found_one = TRUE;

add_eh_job(EVEWT_WAKE, 2, entry->sleeper, slgnal_data); buddyFree(entry);) else (

found_one = TRUE;

1f (!found_one) (

/* Insert a new 'dormant' entry */ Vprint(f'no altegers yet. Adding dormant signal\n'); SigTab_add_entry(signal_int, signal_data, NULL); Vprint(f'tsignal: signal_inte dorm', signal_word);

#1f VERBOSE_SIGNALLER

SigTab_unparse();E *end1 [

sysPutLock(&SigTab_lock);

add_eh_job(EVENT_SCHEDULE,U); /* add a schedule event ? */

the SYStWake(struct ThreadContext 'is, int signal_data) (
 Vprint('called SYStWake for %p with 0x%lx/n', tc, signal_data); /* this goes in the MH->EH job queue

add_eh_fob(EVENT_WAKE, 2, tc, slgnal_data);

Int SYStSleepRemote(void *signal_word, struct ThreadContext 'to. Int data_mask,

. signal_entry *entry; Int signal_int;

Vprint('tSleepRemote(%p, %p, %lx)\n', signal_word, tc, data_mask);

sysGetLock(&SlgTab_lock);

stynal_int = (hut)signal_word & 0x003ffffffffffffff

5 14:49:19 1995 Sat Aug tsignal.c

m

/* [irst, [ind if a dormant signal exists */
entry = Sigrab_pop_entry(signal_int, data_mask, 1);
if [entry) [

/* found the dormant signal */

*return_val_location = entry->signal_data: buddfree(entry);

Vprint('tSleepRemote: found dormant signal [word 0x%lx]\n', signal_int);
itt venhose_stonAluek
SigTab_unparse();

Kendi (

sysPutLock(&SIgTab_lock); add_eh_job(EVENT_SCHEDULE, 0); return 1;

) 0510 (

/* we decide to sleep on the signal_word until we are wakened */ Vprint(''.SleepKewete: adding new signal entry for self [4p]\n', tc); SigTehb_add_entry(signal_int, data_mask, tc);

/* now we must do something difficult - ask to be put to sleep */
/* sluce we are remote, we have already asked to be put to sleep,
so we don't do this */
sysPutLock(sSIGTab_lock);

/* put self to sleep, sleeping on signal_word, accepting signals which litersect with our mark, and returning the signal data, if any */ int SYSElepp(vold 'signal_word, int data_mask) { signal_enty 'entry; int signal_int; int return_val; int .ect; int '***

struct ThreadContext *tc;

~ _

> return -1;

_

tc = tSelfTC();

Vprint('tSleep(%p, %lx) called by %p\n',
slgnal_word, data_mask, tc);

sysSendSleep(signal_word, tc, data_mask);

return syssignalsleep(EVENT_SLEEP, tc); /* block ?? */

sysGetLock (451qTab_1ock) ;

.

signal_int = (int)signal_word & 0x003fffffffffffffffff;

/* flrst, find if a dormant signal exists '/
entry = SigTab_pop_entry(signal_int, data_mask, 1);
if (entry) {

/* found the dormant signal */

return_val = entry->signal_data; buddyFree(entry);

Vprintf('tSleep: found dormant signal [word 0x%lx]\n', signal_int); SigTab_unparse(); *1f VERBOSE_SIGNALLER

rendi f

sysPutLock(ids19frab_lock); add_eh_Job(EVENT_SCHEUL: 0); return return_val: /* no blocking is nocessary since the signal data is already available to us. We simply return with it */

/* now we must do something difficult - ask to be put to sleep '/ tc->need_to_sleep = TRUE; tc->need_to_sleep = TRUE; sysPutLock(&sigTab_lock);

/* when sysSignalSieep returns, we WILL have been wakened */
/* also have to worry about locking somewhat */
/* since we have unlocked the sigtable and threadlock. It is
possible for someone to already have set tc->need_to_who
at the the we go to sleep. In fact, since at this point
someone may have already set need_to_wake and the scheduler
have come in and automatically filled our *leep' register,
we cannot simply signal right now. What we have to prepare
is a flag which tells kine handler that we MILL signal them
in the future so don't touch us just yet.
return sysSignalSleep(EVEMT_SLEEP, tc);

Appendix E

Sample User Programs

This chapter contains the source code for two user-level programs which make calls on MARS primitives. Matmull.c is a parallel-matrix-multiply program. Jacoby6.c is a version of an iterative jacobian-matrix relaxation.

```
int tspawn(int numargs, void *threadip, int dest_node, ...);
int hspawn(int numargs, void *threadip, int dest_node, ...);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            /* performs an individual rox x column calculation */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             /* testing linear code without threads */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         void runthread(int row[4], int column) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                total += row[i]*matrix2[i][j];
printf("total = %d\n", total);
final[column][j] = total;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       static int donevec1[4] = { 0, 0, 0, 0};
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  static int donevec[4] = { 0, 0, 0, 0};
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 for (i = 0; i < MATSIZE; i++)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              for (j = 0; j < MATSIZE; j++)
printf("%5d", m[i][j]);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    for (i = 0; i < MATSIZE; i++) {
    runthread(matrix1[i], i);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          int i, j;
for (i = 0; i < MATSIZE; i++) {</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        int i, j, total;
for (j = 0; j < MATSIZE; j++) (</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     for (i = 0; i < MATSIZE; i ++) (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               /* vectors for synchronization */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  void print_matrix(int m[4][4]) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             static int matrix2[4][4] = {
                                                                                                                                             static int matrix1[4][4] = {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              print_matrix(matrix1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   print_matrix(matrix2);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ( 12, 45, 92, 4 ),
[ 6, 82, 36, 75 ),
[ 9, 61, 11, 6 ],
[ 5, 2, 4, 3 ]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         domevec[column] = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        static int final[4][4];
                                                                                                                                                                  (0,3,4,5),
(5,6,2,4),
(6,3,87,46),
(5,8,33,64)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          printf("\n");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     printf("\n\n");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              total = 0;
                                         40
                                                                                                    #define GCC_TEST 0
#include <stdio.h>
                                       MATSIZE
                                                              HSPAWN
                                                                                   TSPAWN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 int main() {
    int i, j;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              #if GCC_TEST
                                                              #define |
#define '
                                         #define
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        \hat{}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ...
```

```
/* perform in-memory barrier synchronization */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           i = hspawn(2, runthread, 2, matrix1[1], 1);
if (!i) printf("hspawn 1 failed\n");
i = hspawn(2, runthread, 3, matrix1[2], 2);
if (!i) printf("hspawn 1 failed\n");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               i = hspawn(2, runthread, 1, matrix1[0], 0);
if (!i) printf("hspawn 1 failed\n");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 tspawn(2, runthread, 2, matrix1[2], 2);
tspawn(2, runthread, 3, matrix1[3], 3);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ; (0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             `*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   tspawn(2, runthread, 1, matrix1[0],
tspawn(2, runthread, 1, matrix1[1],
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             /* spawn V-Threads over three nodes
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          /* spawn H-Threads on local node */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    for (i = 0; i < MATSIZE; i++) {
    runthread(matrix1[i], i);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                 (i = 0; i < MATSIZE; i++) {
runthread(matrix1[i], i);</pre>
                                                                     (i = 0; i < MATSIZE; i++) {
    runthread(matrix1[i], i);</pre>
runthread(matrix1[i], i);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             runthread(matrix1[3], 3);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             print_matrix(final);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          idonevec[3]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ! donevec [2]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    while(!donevec[0]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            !donevec[1]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            return 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    #if (HSPAWN)
                                                                          for
                                                                                                                                                                          for
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      #endif
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              #endif
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          #else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ~
                            ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              #else
```

```
for (stage = 0; stage < 15; stage++) {
    /* depending on which iteration we are in, we use either
    matrix or matrix2 as the source, and the other matrix as
    the destination */</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          /* perform barrier, and then wait for flying off again */
tSignal(_getSelfTC(), row);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     /* child thread code which calculates values for an individual
                                                                                                  mat[row + 1][i]) / 4.0);
lelse if (row == (MAXX - 1)) {
    dest[row][i] = ((mat[row][i - 1] +
    mat[row - 1][i] +
    100 +
           mat[row + 1][i]) / 4.0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           mat[row + 1][i]) / 4.0);
lelse if (row == (MAXX - 1)) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  mat[row + 1][i]) / 4.0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        mat[row + 1][i]) / 4.0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /* wait for parent to tell us to go off again ...
tSleep(_getParent(_getSelfTC()), T_ALL_SIGNALS);
printf("child %d waking...\n", row);
                                                                                                                                                                                           dest[row][i] = ((mat[row][i - 1] +
    mat[row - 1][i] +
    100 +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               mat[row - 1][i] +
mat[row][i + 1] +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ((mat[row][i - 1] +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               mat[row - 1][i] +
mat[row][i + 1] +
mat[row][i + 1] +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     dest[row][i] = ((mat[row][i - 1] +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              mat[row][i + 1] +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   dest[row][i] = ((mat[row][i - 1] +
                                                            100) / 4.0);
                                                                                                                                                                    100) / 4.0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       calc_row(row, matrix2, matrix);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               calc_row(row, matrix, matrix2);
                                                                                       100 +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 100 +
                                   } else if (i == (MAXY - 1)) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     dest[row][i] =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             void run_thread(int row) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          } else {
    if (!row) {
                                                  if (!row) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            if (stage % 2)
                                                                                                                                                                                 } else {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ) else {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  matrix row */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     int stage;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        int avg;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           int i;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        \overline{}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                void calc_row(int row, int mat[MAXX][MAXY], int dest[MAXX][MAXY]) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   mat[row][i + 1] +
mat[row + 1][i]) / 4.0);
} else if (row == (MAXX - 1)) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      mat[row - 1][i] +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         + +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      46, 57 ),
58, 39 ),
58, 39 ),
22, 53 ),
47, 7 },
9 , 50 },
39, 43 } };
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       mat[row - 1][i]
mat[row][i + 1]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     69),
50),
339),
53),
53),
73),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                100) / 4.0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     83,
69,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              47,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           27,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       void print_matrix(int mat[MAXX][MAXY]) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       100 +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           44,
31,
39,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         49,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     86,
85,
69,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          for (i = 0; i < MAXX; i++) {
    for (j = 0; j < MAXY; j++) {
        printf("%3d", mat[i][j]);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            + 0))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           + 0))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           + 0)) =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     55,
884,
840,
149,
15,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    for (i = 0; i < MAXY; i++) {
    if (!i) {</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          dest[row][i] =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         dest[row][i] =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       69,
34,
46,
39,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          47.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     97,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 57,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              , 77,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           87,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           dest[row][i]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       888,
69,
53,
53,
                                                                                                                                                                                                        ( 91, 81, 81, 54 ),
( 57, 51, 98, 95 ),
( 54, 96, 55, 98 ),
( 77, 95, 56, 87 ));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | = |
98,
69,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              87,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            63,
                                                                                                                                                                                             int matrix[MAXX][MAXY] =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              int matrix2[MAXX][MAXY];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              if (!row) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         int matrix[MAXX][MAXY]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                69,
31,
49,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     54,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            87,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        57,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     86,
            #include "syscalls.h"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 95,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              98,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             printf("\n");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              } else {
                         #include "tsignal.h"
 #include <stdio.h>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       98,
97,
77,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     81,
98,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             69,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         46,
                                                                                                                                                                               #ifdef SMALL_TEST
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            56,
                                                  #ifdef SMALL_TEST
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               55,
                                                                                                                                                        #define TSPAWN 1
                                                                                                    #define MAXX 10
#define MAXY 10
                                                               #define MAXX 4
#define MAXY 4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     int i, j;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              int i;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ~
                                                                                                                               endif
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     #endif
                                                                                          felse
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             #else
```

4

Jaconyo.c

`*

2

int main() {
 int iteration;
 printf("Jacoby Starting\n")

printf("Jacoby Starting\n"); printf("Matrix = %p, matrix2 = %p\n", matrix, matrix2); /* in the small test, we spawn off 4 threads. In the large, 10 $\#ifdef\ SMALL_TEST$

; ()

٦,

childvector[0] = tspawn(1, run_thread,

*

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4);
5);
6);
7);
 1);
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3);
                                                                     3);
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childvector[1] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
childvector[2] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
                                                                                               childvector[3] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
childvector[4] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
childvector[5] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
childvector[6] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
                            childvector[3] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
                                                                                                                                                                      childvector[8] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
                                                                                                                                                                                    childvector[9] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
                                                          run_thread,
                                                                        run_thread,
                                                                                      run_thread,
                                                                                                                                                        childvector[7] = tspawn(1, run_thread,
                                                      childvector[0] = tspawn(1,
childvector[1] = tspawn(1,
                                                                                 childvector[2] = tspawn(1,
                                                                                                                                                                                                  #endif
                                           #else
```

for (iteration = 1; iteration < 15; iteration++) (</pre>

/* for each iteration, the parent sleeps until all
 of the children have completed their calculation.
 Then it prints out the result, and tells the
 children to go on, by signalling them */

printf("Iteration ----- %d ------\n", iteration);
#ifdef SMALL_TEST
tSleep(childvector[0], T_ALL_SIGNALS);

tSleep(childvector[0], T_ALL_SIGNALS); tSleep(childvector[1], T_ALL_SIGNALS); tSleep(childvector[2], T_ALL_SIGNALS); tSleep(childvector[3], T_ALL_SIGNALS); tSleep(childvector[3], T_ALL_SIGNALS);

T_ALL_SIGNALS); T_ALL_SIGNALS); T_ALL_SIGNALS); T_ALL_SIGNALS); T_ALL_SIGNALS); T_ALL_SIGNALS); T_ALL_SIGNALS); T_ALL_SIGNALS); T_ALL_SIGNALS); T_ALL_SIGNALS); tSleep(childvector[0], tSleep(childvector[1], tSleep(childvector[2], tSleep(childvector[6], tSleep(childvector[7], tSleep(childvector[8], tSleep(childvector[9], tSleep(childvector[4], tSleep(childvector[3] tSleep(childvector[5]

#endif
printf("barrier reached\n");

if (iteration % 2)
 print_matrix(matrix2);
else print_matrix(matrix);

tSignal(_getSelfTC(), 1);

~

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