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### Testo ff

72,000,000 Gallon Pumping Engine

Of Boston

(Main Drainage Pumping Station)

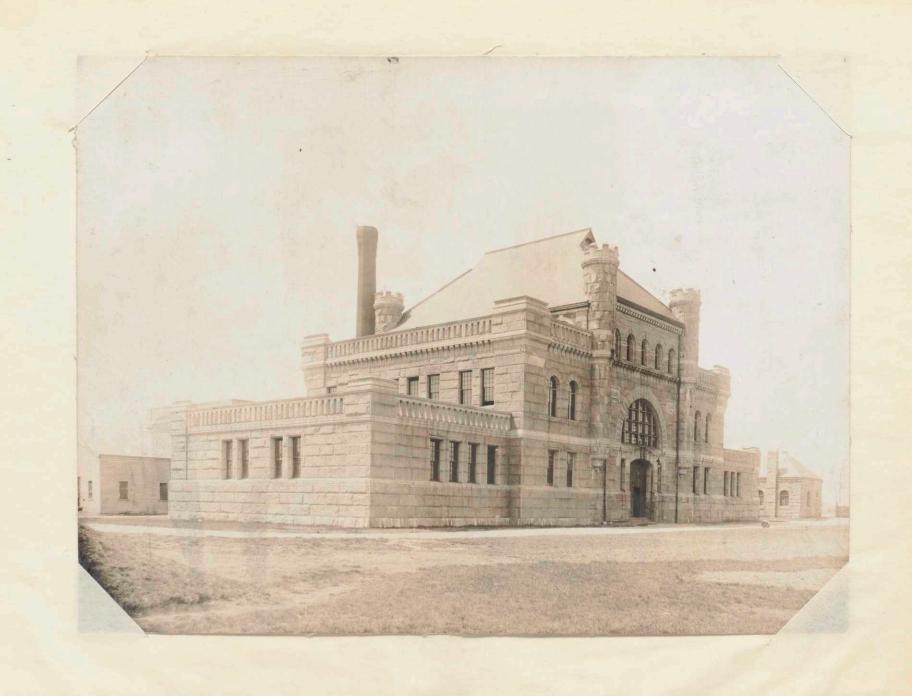
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by.

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Massachusetts Institute of Technology

1907



Duty Test on the e Seventy-Two Million Gallon Leavitt Pumping Engine

at the

Boston Main Drainage Pumping Station.

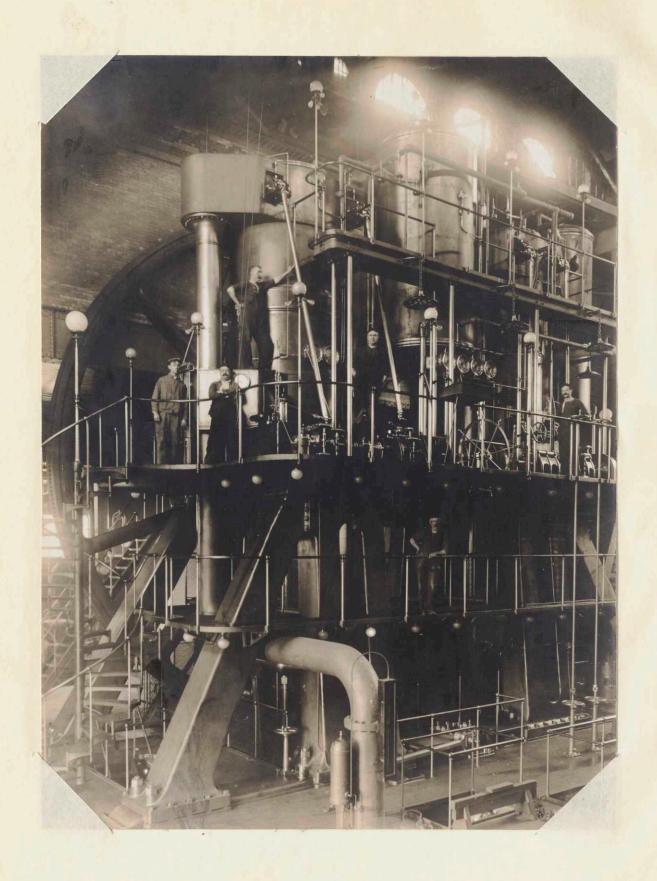
The test was made on the new Leavitt Pumping Engine eat the Bostom Main Drainage Pumping Station, on March 23, 1907, and was the first test of the engine of which there is any record. The engine was built in 1902, and has been running regularly since 1904. The following description of engine and boilers is taken from the contract specifications:

"There will be one triple-expansion beam and fly wheel engine of the Leavitt type, which will operate two single-act-ing pumps.

The steam cylinders will be vertical and inverted; the pistons of the high-pressure and intermediate cylinders being connected to one end of the beam and that of the low-pressure cylinders to the other end of the same.

The pumps will be hung underneath the engine bed-plate,, and additionally supported by adjusting screws which will bear on girders built into the foundations.

The two plungers will be rigidly connected by rods to the two steam cross heads.



The high-pressure and intermediate pistons with their attached plungers will make their upward stroke at the same time that the low-pressure pistons and its attached plungers are making their downward stroke, and vice versa.

The pumps will hang im a well from which they will take direct suction.

The delivery chambers of the two pumps will be connect-ed together, and two discharge mains will lead in opposite directions; one from each pump.

Each pump will consist of twelve principal castings, viz:
Four suction boxes, to which the suction valve seats
will be bolted.

Four suction tubes leading to the suction boxes ...

One suction chamber, to which the suction boxes will be bolted...

Adelivery seating, next above the suction chamber, to which the delivery valve seats will be bolted.

A delivery chamber made in two castings, forming also an air value chamber.

The pump valves will be rubber flaps with composition backing plates loaded with lead, and with composition washer plates.

The valve seats will be composition, with inclined faces, valve guards of composition will be bolted to the seats.



The plunger of each pump will work in a long composition-lined sleeve, with an outside stuffing-box.

The pedestals for the main beam-pin will rest upon a central transverse bed plate, and will be bolted to longitudinal bed plates which will carry the engine columns.

The cylinders, valve gear, and main crank-shaft bearings will be carried on a massive entablature which will be supported by four columns with diagonal braces.

There will be an outboard bearing for the crank-shaft, oarried on an independent foundation pier.

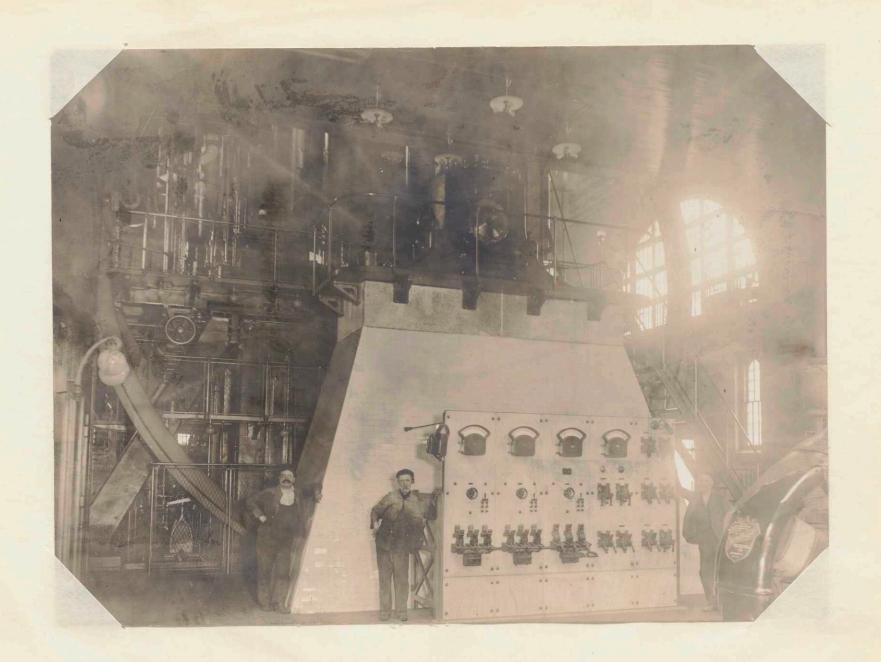
The cylinders will be thoroughly steam jacketed all over, on heads and barrels.

Tubular reheaters will reheat the steam on its way from the high-pressure to the intermediate cylinder, and from the intermediate to the low-pressure cylinder.

All hot surfaces will be thoroughly protected from radiation by non-conducting covering, with a cast-iron and sheet-steel lagging handsomely finished.

The steam valves will be of the gridiron type, operated by cam valve gear. The cam shafts will be driven from the crank shaft by a drag link, lay shaft, and mitre gearing.

There will be a jet-condenser with a vertical single-acting bucket air-pump, driven by links and a rocker shaftt from the main beam centre.



The condensing apparatus will be hung from girders which will span the pit adjoining the main pump-well.

Cast-iron galleries, with suitable stairs and hand rails, will be provided for reaching all parts of the engine and pumps...

Screens will be provided in the pump-wells, to catch solid material which may pass the sewer screens.

The working steam pressure will be 185 lbs. per square inch above the atmosphere.

The static head on pumps, from the suction-well to the deposit-sewer, will ordinarily be about 37 feet, but may at times be as high as 43 feet. The dynamic head will be slightly greater.

The normal speed of the engine will be about 17 revolutions per minute, at which speed the pumping capacity by plunger displacement will be about 72,000 U.S. gallons in 24 hours.

The leading dimensions are as follows:-

Steam cylinders, 18-1/2, 33, and 52-3/4 inches diameter,, and 120 inches stroke.

Steam plungers (two single-acting), each 60 inches diameter, and 120 inches stroke.

High pressure piston rod, 4-1/2 inches diameter..

Intermediate piston rod, 4-1/2 inches diameter..

Low pressure piston rod 5-1/2 inches diameter.

Pump rods, 6 inches diameter.

Fly wheel: Diameter, 35 feet, Rim, 15 inches face; 15 inches f

Delivery mains; two, 48 inches diameter..

Suction chambers; 5 feet 5-1/2 inches X 6 feet 5-1/2 inches oval at bottom, 8 feet 2 inches X 9 feet 2 inches oval at top; outside dimensions.

The boilers tested were two horizontal multi-tubular boilers, designed by E. D. Leavitt, and built by I. P. Morris Co. of Philadelphia, Pa. They were built for 185 pounds working pressure.

The following dimensions were taken from the drawings:-

Grate area 35.sq.ft.

Total Heating Surface 2144.21 " "

Ratio HS = 61.26 " "

GS

Inside area through tubes 6.277 " "

Grate Surface 5.58

Area thro tubes.

Area through smoke box 6.62

Arrangements made for the Test..

The feed water for the boilers tested ordinarily passed through heater before going to the feed pump, but during the test it was found necessary to break this connection, and take the water directly from the city mains to a tank where it was weighed, and then allowed to pass into a second tank, from which it was sucked by the feed pump. The level of the wa-

and at the end it was brought up to the same level...

er was caught in a barrel partly filled with water, the steam entering under the water and condensing. The barrel was weighted before and after the drip was caught, and so the amount of drip determined. The barrel filled several times during the test, and was emptied by bailing, the condensed steam being shut off during this process.

The drips from the intermediate and low pressure jackets, second receiver, and oil pump were all caught in one barrel, as before. This barrel did not fill up during the test; it was weighed before and after the test and the total drip obtained.

The height of water in the suction well was obtained by means of a float which gave the height of the sewage in the well above mean low water. The delivery pressure was found by means of a water column which led directly from the delivery mains, and the head of water was obtained directly from a scale placed aside of the water column.

The amount of steam used by the calorimeter was obtained by means of Napier's formula; the steam was allowed to run through the calorimeter for 6-1/2 minutes.

The flue gas samples were taken from the uptake over one of the boilers.

A smallesample of coal was taken from each carload, and put into a barrel. After the test to this coal was spread out out and quartered, and a sample taken. The heat of combustion was determined by a Mahler bomb.

The sewage from the suction well is raised about 37 feet by the pump and then flows by gravity, through a large tunnel, to Moon Island, where it discharges into four large reservoirs. These reservoirs are emptied twice daily, on the outgoing tide, and the sewage is carried out to sea by the strong current flowing past the island.

The height of sewage in each reservoir was obtained by means of a float calebrated to read directly in feet above mean low water. Reading of these gages were obtained at the beginning of the engine test, and the amount of water in each calculated from tables compiled by the Boston Civil Engineering department. The height of sewage at the end of the test was found in the same way, the amount of sewage in the reservoirs calculated, and the total amount pumped obtained by the difference between the two calculations.

### Starting and Ending the Test.

The test on the boilers was originally intended to be started at 6:00 P. M. Mar. 22, 1907, and the test on the engine at 10:00 P. M., and all arrangements had been completedd for the start, when the feed pump for the boilers gave trouble,

and could not be started. It was necessary to take the pump apart, put in new packing, and change the piping before the pump would take water, and so the boiler test was not started until 2:350 A. M. March 23, 1907.

The engine test had to be so timed as to start when the reservoirs at Moon Island were empty or nearly empty, which would be about two hours after high tide. It was expected that by starting at about 10:00 P. M. the engine to be tested could hold the entire load on the station during the night, which would give a nine or ten hour test, but owing to trouble with the boiler feed pump the test was not started until 3:00 A.M., and then, due to trouble with one of the floats at the reservoirs, the water pumped only passed into three reservoirs, and so the test had to be discontinued after about two hours. As the test was for so short a time the results were not used in calculating the duty of the pump.

A second test on the engines was started at 11:00 A. M..

March 23, 1907, and continued until 4:00 P. M. of the same
day, when it had to be stopped, owing to high water in the
main sewer, as more pumps had to be started to reduce the
height of the water. During the test the drips were caught
as explained previously, cards were taken on both ends of
each cylinder every fifteen minutes, and readings of the counter. boiler pressure, pressure in first and second re-

taken every fifteen minutes. Everything on this test was satisfactory and the results obtained should be very accurate.

The boiler test was started at 2:35 A. M., March 23, , 1907. The fires were cleaned at 12:30 A. M. The height and condition of the fires at the beginning of the test were noted, and also the level of the water in the boilers. The fires were cleaned again about two hours before the end of the test, and the level of the water in the boilers, and the height and condition of the fires made the same as at the beginning of the test.

During the test the coal was weigheddin cars just before going to the boiler room, and a sample of coal taken from each car. The quality of steam was determined every hour by means of a calorimeter. An analysis of flue gas was made every hour. Readings were taken every fifteen minutes of the boiler pressures, room temperature, feed water temperature, and temperature of flue gas.

All the gages used during the test were tested and the average readings corrected. The thermometers used had been previously calibrated, and the necessary corrections were applied to the average reading.

### Boiler Test Data.

(1) Duration of Test	24 hours
(2)) Barometer 30.14 inches	14480 lbs
(3)) Boiler pressure absolute	193.331bs
(4)) Temp. of inside air	83°.8 F
(5) Temp of feed waterr	39°.9°F
(6)) Quality of steam, dry steam unity.	.968
(7) Kinds of coal used	New River
(8) Moisture in coal, by drying test	1.06%
(9) Total water (fed to boilers	148,653 lbs.
(10) Coal fired in 24 hours	23,930 lbs
(11) Ash and Clinker	4,167 lbs
(12) Dry Coal burned	23,650 lbs
(135) Dry Combustible	19,483 lbs
(14) Heating surface	4288.42 sq. ft
(15) Grate Surface	70 sq. ft
(16) Flue hgas Analysis CO 2 6.97; O 2 13.44; CO	.04
(17) Heat of combustion of dry coal 13,	270 B.T.U. per 1b
(18) Total ash and clinker in percent dry coal	17.6%
Boiler Test Results	
(19) Heat taken up per punnd of water	1162.47 BTU
(20) Heat of Combustion of Dry Coal	13,270 BTU
(21)) Total equivalent evaporation from and at21	2°F-178,925 lbs
Equivalent evaporation from and at 212°F podry coa	

Equivalent evaporation from and at 212°F per 1b..

combustible 9.18 lbs

Equivalent evaporation from and at 212°F per 15.

Equivalent evaporation from and at 212°F per 15.

Equivalent sq. ft. of H. S. per hr 1.74 lbs...

Coal burned per sq. ft. of grate surface " " 14.23 " "

Boiler Horse Power developed, A.S.M.E. rating 21611 H.P.

Maximum assumed possible error of test

2.34%

Thermal efficiency of boiler plant

54.5%

### Engine Test Data.

	Management Development Management		
(30)	Duration of Test	5 hours	
(31)	Revolutions per minute	16.103	
(32))	Barometer	29.887 in	14.67 lbs
(33))	Steam used in cylinder, jac	ket, etc.	30,950 lbs
(34)	Boiler pressure (absolute))	187.07 lbs	
(35))	High pressure drip		779 llbs
(36)	Low pressure drip		265 lbs.
(37)	Vacuuma	27.98 in	13.67 lbs
(38)	29,672 lbs		
(39)	2344 lbs		
(4))	27.88 lbs		
(41)	Prsssure 2nd receiver (gaug	ē))	3.87 lbs
(42)	Discharge head		27.27 ft
(43))	USuction head		13.06 ft
(44)	Weight 1 cu. ft. sewage		62.6 lbs
(45)	Steam Cards M.E.P.  High, H. E. 55.57  Int. H. E. 15.39  Low. H. E. 7.750	Int. C	

# Results of Engine Test.

(31))	Revolutions per minute	16.103
(46)	Total I. H. P. of engine	449.35
(47)	Total head	39.33 ft
(48)	Total steam toengine, jackets, etc.	30950 lbs
(49)	Toptal drip in five hours	1044 1bs
(50)	Total steam through cylinder	28672 lbs
(51)	Steam per I.H.P. per hourras weighed in ta	ank 13.78 lbs
(52)	Steam per I.H.P. per hour through cylinder	13,21 "
(53)	Gallons of water pumped in 5 hours	13,282,500
(54)	Gallons of water through cylinder, by pist	
	Stip of pump displacement department	14,190,300
(550)	Work done by pump per min. B. T. U. per H. P. hour Duty	14,573,130 ft 1bs 14,920

### Calculations for Boiler Test

```
Total equivalent evaporation from and at 212°F
(0.968)193.3+q193.3-q 390.)=-968 x 845.9+351.6-7.96=1162.47 BTU
     (19) \times (9) = 1162.47 \times 148,653 = 178,925 lbs
                          965.8
        F2720
Equivalent evaporation from and at 212°F per 1b. dry coal
                (21) = 178,925 = 7.56 lbs
                (12) 23,650
Equivalent evaporation from and at 212°F per 1b. combustible
                (21) = 178,925 = 9.18  lbs
                (13)
                       19,483
Equivalent evaporation from and at wlw F per sq.ft. H.S. per hr.
                (21) =
                           178,925
                                           = 1.74
Coal spaned (1)x(14) 2 x 24 x 2144.2
Coal burned per sq. ft. grate surface per hour
               28,903 = 14.23 \text{ lbs.} = (10)
           2 x 24 x 35
                                        (1) \times (15)
Boiler H.P. developed 1162.47 xx148,653 = 216.1 H.P. = (19)x(9)
                        24 x 33,320
                                                      (1) x 33,320
Maximum assumed possible error; - It is assumed that an error
of 1" might be made in the height of the fire and thea the
errors are accumulative:= 48 x 70 x 1/6 = 560 lbs..
                                = 2.34%
                       23,903
                     1162.47 x 148,653 = 54.5%
Thermal Efficiency:
                     23,903 x 13,270
               Calculations of Engine Test
Water pumped in 5 hours:
     By piston desplacement 1 \times d = 10 \times 25 = 196.35 cu. ft per stroke
          196.35 x 7.48 = 1468.7 gals per stroke
          1468.7mxx2 x 16.103 = 47,301 gals per minute
          47,301 x 300 ==14,190,300 gals per 5 hours
     By measurement at Moon Island
          1st Basin
                                    3,484,500
          2md
                                    3,445,000
          3rd
                                    3,982,000
                                    2,371,000
```

Work done by pump: -- $(53) \times (44) \times (47) = 13,382,500 \times 62.6 \times 39.33 = -447.61 HP$ (3) in minute x 7.48 x33,000 50x 60 x 7.48 x 33,000

% slip (54) - (53) = 14,190,300 - 13,282,500 54 + 4,190,300

Total = 13,282,500

= 907,800 ; 6.4%

4th

Steam per I H P per hour as weighed in tank

(48) = 30950 = 43.78

(30) X (46) 5 X 449.35

Steam per I H P per hour through cylinder

(38) = 29672 = 13.21

(30) X (46) 5 X449.35

BTUper H. P. per hour =5,934.4(x\*\*\*<sub>187.07</sub>+4<sub>187.07</sub>-4<sub>1.0</sub>)+155.8(x\*\*\*<sub>187.0</sub>+53(x\*\*\*<sub>187.0</sub>))

= 14920

Duty (Ft. 110 per 1,000,000 B T U)

= (55) x 1,000,000

Heat given up by steam per min.

= (55) X 1,000,000

(48) (xp187.07 ++q187.07 - q1.0))

= 60 X (30) (xp187.07 ++q187.07 - q1.0))

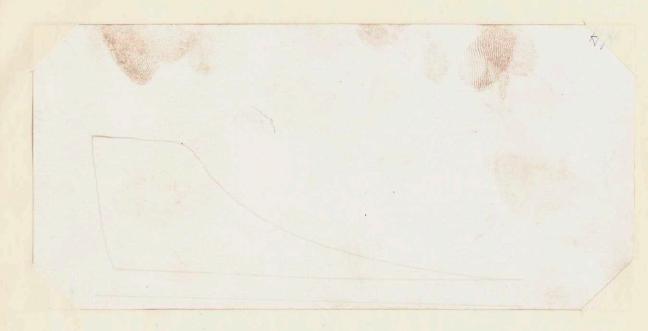
= 13.2(.968 x×847.9 ++348.7 = 70)

= 128,430,000

# Indicated Horse Power of Cylinders Plan I. H. P. 33000

Cylinder	Mean E.Flue Pres=P	Length of Stroke=L		Number of Strokes=N	I. HL.P.
Low Crank	8.803	10 1	2161.6	16.103	92.85
Low Head	7,750	10 1	2185.4	16.103	82.65
IntCrank	15.16	10?	839.4	16.103	62.097
Int. Head	15.39	10 '	855.3	16.103	64.233
High Crank	60.47	10:	252.9	16.103	74.626
High Head	55.57	10 î	268.8	16.103	72.890

Total L. H. P. 449.352



Head End.



Crank End. High Pressure Cylinder.

Head End.

H.I.

Crank End.
Intermediate Cylinder.

Head End.

LC 14

Crank End
Low Pressure Cylinder.

Boiler Test Data

Time	Water	Flue	Room	Boiler No. 1	Pressure e
Time -2 2.35 2.455 3.00 .15 .30 .455 4.00 .15 .30 .455 5.00 .15 .30 .455 7.00 .15 .30 .455 7.00 .155 .30 .455 9.00 .155 .30	Water 5.0°C	477° F 496 474 442 435 445 440 440 470 440 474 470 465 481 486 480 459 480 472 400 425 462 489	Room  29.0°C  25.0  25.0  25.0  25.0  25.0  26.0  26.0  26.0  26.0  26.0  26.0  27.0  26.0  27.0  26.0  27.0		
.455 10.00 .155 .30 .455 11.00 .155 .30 .455	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	495 490 480 472 484 475 448 485 475	31.2 32.1 30.0 30.0 31.8 33.0 33.2 33.5 32.6	1755 1755 1766 1766 1776 1777 1766 1777	178 179 180 179 179 180 180 180
12.00	4.0	425	32:6	180	181

Boiler Test Data, Contd..

Time	Water	Flue	Room		Pressure No 2
12.155 .30 .455 1.00 .155 .30 .455 3.00 .155 .30 .455 4.00 .155 .30 .455 5.00 .155 .30 .455 7.00 .155 .30 .455 7.00 .155 .30 .455 7.00 .155 .30 .455 7.00 .155 .30 .455 7.00 .155 .30 .455 7.00 .155 .30 .455 7.00 .155 .30 .455	4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	430°F 403 445 420 440 415 455 440 425 440 425 440 425 440 425 440 425 440 425 440 425 440 425 460 465 460 465 465 465 460 465 465 460 465 465 460 465 465 460 465 465 465 465 465 465 465 465	32.7°C 32.5° 33.0 31.6 30.0 29.2 30.2 31.4 28.0 25.5 30.0 30.5 29.0 30.5 28.0 28.0 30.5 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.5 29.0 30.0 30.5 29.0 30.0 30.5 29.0 30.0 30.5 29.0 30.0 30.5 29.0 30.0 30.5 29.0 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.5 30.0 30.	176 178 177 178 177 177 176 180 178 180 178 177 177 180 176 176 176 178 180 175 179 176 177 178 180 175 179 176 177 178 180 177 178 180 178 179 176 177 177 178 180 178 178 179 179 176 177 177 177 178 178 180 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178	180 180 180 180 179 179 179 182 180 182 180 180 180 180 180 179 178 188 176 180 175 176 178 178 180 181 180 181 180 181 180 180
.30 .45	4.0 4.0	465	31.0	177	180 180

Boiler Test Data

Time	Waterr	Fluie	Room	Boil No.1	er Pressure
10,150 .150 .30 .450 11,00 .150 .30 .450 12,00 .150 .30 .450 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .3	4.0 4.0 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3	465 475 470 470 460 450 455 465 465 478 490 465 498 500 475 475	30.0 26.5 29.0 28.0 25.0 28.0 29.0 29.5 29.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28	178 180 180 180 178 180 178 180 177 176 180 175 175 175 175 180 180 180	180 182 180 180 180 181 181 181 178 178 178 178 180 180 180 180 180
Sum Ave Corr	415.95 4.39 24.39T 39.9°F	44731 461.1 461.1 461.1	2789.1 28.75 28.75 83.8°F	17229 177.77 177.77	173877 179.38 179.38

Ave 178.5

Weight	Weight	Weight		Veight	Weight	Weight
Empty	Full	Water	E	Empty	Full	Water
risk west used toop	000 No. 000 No.	and one and one		0 100 HB HD	web also also 1000	cost was well bed-
340	15938	1253		3155	1600	1285
377	1530	1153		302	16528	1350
369	1569	1200		311	1608	12877
388	1557	1169		OLE	1600	1290
321	1579	1258		312	1598	1286
346	1572	1226		3033	1545	12420
303	1616	1313		303	1582	1280
2950	1605	1310		295	1600	1305
385	1579	1184		2922	1608	1316
3377	15.90	11253		290	1596	13060
338	1607/	1269		187	1646	1359
300	1615	1315		286	1675	1389
335	1595	1260		276	1652	1376
304	1575	1271		396. 3 <b>73</b> 0	15077	1211
312	1610	1298		357	1495	11177
313	1594	1281		288	1523	1166
338	1610	1272		291	1524	12365
310	1590	1280		300	1528	1237
285	1582	1297		292	1542	1242
305	15977	1292		295	1516	1269
310	1592	1282		2877	1546	1221
3.20	1580	1260		26 <b>5</b> 5	1618	1259
308	1585	1277 1280		733	16188	13533 1345
308	15985 15844	1278		96	1533	1237
3060 31 <b>7</b> 7	1588	1271		822	1562	1280
321	1617	1296		292	1523	1231
302	15844	1282		09	1515	1206
340	1585	1245		95	1580	1285
3344	1566	1232		30	1585	1255
313	1555	1242		30	1570	1240
331	1550	1219		85	1615	1330
296	1568	1272	3	30	1605	1305
347	1570	1223		85	1590	12055
360	1570	1210		45	1.570	1225
332	1585	1253	2	850	1595	1310
344	15744	1230		10	1575	1265
340	1595	1255		377	1580	1233
320	1600	1280		50	15177	1161
320	1610	1290	30	00	1580	1280

# Feed Water Coal Fired

Weight Empty	Weight	Weight	Weight of Weight of Weight Car & Coal Car of Coal
350 285 290 264 261 269 270 263 259 363 301 282 298 290 296 292 272 289 277 289 277 286 300 250 265 302	1570 1630 1670 1675 1675 1675 1675 1674 1506 1665 1626 1515 1576 1513 1575 1570 1583 1675 1675 1675	1220 1345 1380 1406 1414 1401 1405 1409 1414 1311 1205 1383 1328 1225 1285 1221 1222 1286 1293 1297 1375 1425 1405 1373	1976 586 1300 1972 672 1300 1858 684 1174 1972 672 1300 1962 662 1300 1962 662 1300 1962 662 1300 1962 662 1300 1962 662 1300 2000 670 1330 2048 662 1386 2144 664 1480 1944 662 1282 1970 668 b302 1976 676 1300 1970 1776 1944 2125 670 1455
273	1675 1525	1402	Aas h e ss
2766 2936 3056 255 2577 280 280 280 280	1543 1540 1610 1675 1650 1675 1645 1670	1267 1245 1305 1420 1393 1395 1365 798	Weight of Weight Weight Car & Ash of Car of Ash  1290 526 664  1220 530 696  1056 538 518  1248 534 7144  1130 532 598  1069 530 539
	Total	148,653	9744 536 438 Total Ash 4167

# Analysis of Flue Gas

Time	% CO2	%0	% CD
and toll coll-	na or me,		man man magain.
2.45 A.M. 3.45 4.45 5.45 6.45 7.45 8.45 9.45 10.45 11.45 12.45 P.M. 1.45 2.45 3.45 4.45 5.45 6.45 7.45 8.45 9.45 10.45 11.45 11.45 12.45 A.M. 1.45	6.0 7.7 9.2 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 7.8 5.3 6.9 7.2 5.6 7.0 3.4 6.9 7.0 7.4 9.0 7.3 7.2 7.7 7.0	1.10 11.7 11.0 12.2 13.5 12.4 17.2 11.6 13.2 14.7 14.3 13.2 14.0 13.1 17.2 13.8 14.3 13.0 14.0 13.4 13.5 13.5 13.5	3 .2 .1 .0 .0 .1 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0
I (	6.97	322.6 13.44	.99

# Calorimeter Readings

Time		Temp	Cal. Press	Time	Steam. Gage	Temp. : E	ress
2.45A		134.2 134.6 134.0 134.4	24.2 24.0 24.0 24.5	8.45A	171	138.1 137.0 137.0	24.2 24.5 24.0
Sum Ave	176	537.2	24.18	Sum	171 171	549.3	97.0
3.45A		133.0 135.5 135.0 135.7	27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5	9.45A		132.0 132.0 132.5 133.0	25.0
Ave	179	539.2 134.8	109.55 27.38	Sum	180	529.5 132.37	
4.45A	180	138.5 139.2 138.0 139.0	25.5 25.0 26.0	10.45A	180	133.0 133.0 133.0	24.5 24.7 24.5
Sum Ave	180	554.7	10 2.0 25 .5	Sum Ave	180 180	133.0 532.0 133.0	24.3 98.0 24.5
5.45A	,	140.0 140.3 140.5 140.1	26.5 26.7 26.7 26.5	11.45A	177	133.8 134.0 134.0 134.0	24.0 24.1 24.3 24.0
Sum Ave	180	560.8	26.6	Sum Ave	177	535.8 133.95	96.44
6.45A	173	137.3 138.0 138.0 139.0	24.5 29.5 24.0 24.5	12.45A	176	134.0 134.8 135.0 135.0	24.0 23.8 24.0 24.0
Sum Ave	1733 1733	552.3 138.1	97.5 24.38	Suma	176 176	538.8	
7.45A	177	140.8 141.3 140.8 140.3	28.0 27.5 27.5 27.5	1.45P	1777	132.0 132.5 133.0 133.5	24.5 24.2 24.5 24.5
Sumn Ave	1777	563.2		Sum Ave	177	531.0 132.75	97.7

Calorimeter	Readings	Cont.

Time	Steam Gage	Temp Temp	Cal. Press	Time	Steam Gage	Cal. Temp.	Cal Press
2.45P	178	130.1 130.3 131.0 131.0	24.2 24.3 <b>34.4</b> 24.0	8.45P	179	132.0 132.0 133.0 132.8	23.50 23.50 23.2 23.2
Sum Ave	178 178	522.44 130.6	96.9	Sum Ave	179 179	529.8 132.45	93.44
3.45P	181	132.4 132.5 132.3 132.3 529.5	23.8 23.5 23.5 23.7 94.5		181	137.0 137.8 139.0 139.0 552.8	25.0 25.0 25.3 25.2 100.5
Ave	181	132.44	23.63	Ave	181	138.2	25.13
4.45P Summ Ave	178 178	133.55 132.3 133.8 135.1 535.2 133.8	24.5 24.3 24.5 25.0 98.3 24.57	Sum Ave	181	138.0 138.0 138.5 552.5 138.13	25.0 25.2 24.8 25.0 100.0 25.0
5.45P Sum Ave 6.45P	176 176 176 178	134.1 134.6 134.2 134.5 337.4 134.25	22.8 23.0 23.0 23.7 29.25 23.13 23.8	11.45P Sum Ave	180 180 180	138.5 138.2 138.2 138.5 553.44 138.35	23.0 23.0 23.0 22.8 91.8 22.95
Sum Ave	178° 178	135.0 135.2 135.5 540.7 135.18	23.5 24.0 24.0 95.3 23.83	12.45P Sum Ave	180 180 180	139.0 139.2 139.0 138.5 555.77 138.93	24.8 24.3 25.0 25.2 99.3 24.83
7.45P	178	136.0 136.2 136.0 137.0 545.2	25.7 25.8 25.5 25.5 102.5 25.6	1.45A	180	135.0 135.0 136.0	22.50 22.30 22.44 22.50
Ave	178	136.3	20.0	Sum Ave	180	5 <b>42.</b> 0 135.5	89.7

### Calorimeter (Read ings (Summary))

Time	Steam Gage	Calorime	eterr
		Temp.C.	Pressure
2.45AM	176	134.30	24.18
3.45	179	134.80	
4.45	177	138.68	25.50
5.45	180	140.23	26.60
6.45	180	138.10	24.38
7.45	173	140.80	27.63
8.45	171	137.33	24,/25
9.45	180	132.37	25.00
10.45	180 177	133.00	24.50 24.10
12.45 PM	177	134.70	23.95
1.45		132.75	24.43
2.45		130.60	24.23
3.45	181	132.40	23.63
4.45	178	133.80	24.57
5.45	176	134.25	23.13
6.45	178	135.18	23.83
7.45	178	136.30	25.63
8.45	179	132.45	23.35
9.45	181 181	138.20	25.13 25.00
11.455	180	138.35	22.95
12.45AM	180	138.93	24.83
1.455	180	135.50	22.43
Sum Ave Corr	178.2 172.2	3255.10 135.63°C 136.93°C	590.61 24.61 21.81
	186.0 Abs	278.47°Far	36.65Abs

Per cent primary in steam

$$x = \sqrt{36.65 + 48(t_s - t_1)} - q_{186.0}$$

$$= 1161.8 + 48(278.47 - 261.90) - 348.2$$

$$848.3$$

### Engine Test Readings

Time	Counter	Revis	P r Boilerr	essu lst. Rec.	2nd.		Well	Levels Hill
11.AM	321964	242	176	28.0	2.0	29.2	13.1	27.38
11.15	322206	243	180	28.0	2.0	28.9	13.0	27.3
11.30	322449	241	178	2738	1.8	28.8	13.1	27.25
 11.45	322690	242	1777	28.0	2.0	28.7	13.2	27.25
12. M	322932	243	181	27.9	1.8	28.8	13.2	27.3
12.15	323175	240	176	27.8	2.0	29.0	13.3	27.3
12.30	323415	240	179	27.9	2.1	29.0	13.4	27.3
12.45	323655	245	178	26.0	2.0	29.0	13.2	27.25
1.	323900	242	180	27.8	2.0	29.0	13.3	27.3
1.15	324142	245	179	27.7	2.1	29.1	13.2	27.3
1.30	324386	241	179	27.8	2.0	29.1	13.4	27.25
1.45	324627	240	175	27.5	22.0			27.25
2	324867	238	180	27.6	1.8	29.0	12.9	27.25
2.15	325105	242	180	29.0	1.5	29.2	12.9	27.3
2.30	325347	243	177	27.8	1.6	29.2	13.0	27.25
2.45	325590	243	176	27.3	1.6	29.3	13.3	27.3
3.	325833	238	179	285	1.4	29.3	12.6	27.2
3.15	326071	242	181	27.1	1.0	29.3	13.2	27.2
3.30	326313	242	179	27.9	0.9	29.4	12.9	27.3
3.45	3265555 326795	240	177	29.0	0.8	29.2	12.7	27.3
4. Sum	020 (30)	4831	3746	585.44	35.0	611.0		572.75
Ave		241.55	178.44			29.09		27.27
Cor		MET FOO		27.88	3.877	2789	13.06	

Drip in 5 hours High Press 779

Low Press. 265

Length of Cards

	Low	Low Head	Int Crank	Int Head	High Crank	High Head
11	4.46	4.34	4.40	4.23	3.99	4.34
2	4.43	4.36	4.400	4.19	4.12	4.32
3	4.44	4.35	4.38	4.15	4.12	4.34
4	4.42	4.344	4.40	4.144	4.09	4.36
5	4.43	4.37	4.36	4.16	4.11	4.44
Sum	22.18	21.76	21.34	20.877	20.43	2180
Ave	4. 36	4.352	4.388	4.174	4.086	4.360
		3				

## Mean Effective Pressures

M . E. P. = Area X Spring Length

Cylinder:	Areas	Length	Spring	M. E. P.
Low Crank	3.905	4.436	10	8.803
Low Head	3.377	4.352	10	7.750
Int. Crank	3.327	4.388	20	15.16
Int. Head	3.213	4.174	20	15.39
High Crank	3.471	4.086	100	60.47
High Head	3.423	4.360	100	55.57
High Crank	3,471	4.086	100	60.47

Areas of Cards

	Low	Low Head	Int. Crank	Int Head	High Crank	High Head
1 33 44 55 6 77 80 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 Sum	3.78 3.87 3.82 3.91 3.81 3.79 3.72 3.37 3.81 3.80 3.80 3.79 3.92 3.93 3.93 3.96 3.99 4.12 4.15 3.95 4.21 4.15	3.23 3.26 3.32 3.24 3.38 3.27 3.35 3.23 3.17 3.35 3.31 3.35 3.31 3.40 3.52 3.52 3.52 3.52 3.52 3.52 3.52	3.344 3.30 3.37 3.40 3.36 3.31 3.36 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35	3\\$29 3.28 3.35 3.30 3.49 3.37 3.32 3.34 3.19 3.25 3.17 3.19 3.21 3.24 3.22 3.14 3.22 3.14 3.32 2.87 2.95 2.95 2.93 3.04	2.40 2.50 2.47 2.40 2.50 2.50 2.52 2.57 2.60 2.43 2.46 2.46 2.49 2.37 2.39 2.49 2.39 2.49 2.33	2.45 2.19 2.44 2.35 2.41 2.50 2.55 2.57 2.45 2.37 2.52 2.55 2.55 2.35 2.35 2.35 2.35 2.38 2.38 2.43 2.25
Ave	3.905	3.3,77	3.327	3.213	2.471	2.423

# Water Pumped to Basin #1

Time -	VLevellin Basin	Contents	Diff.
11.00 AM	12.070 ft. 12.750 13.330 13.915 14.540 15.070 15,620 16.015 16,255 16.500 16.750	2173000 2677500 3109200 3545100 4010600 4405500 4815000 5110000 5288500 5471000 5657500 Total	50 4500 431700 435900 465500 394900 40 9500 295000 178500 182500 186500
	Water Pumpe	d to Basin #	2
11.00 AM .30 12.00 M .30 PM 1.00 .30 2.00 .30 3.00 .30 4.00	21.135 12.663 13.125 13.610 14.110 14.570 15.020 15.340 15.585 15.850 16.130	2554000 3009000 3506500 3823600 4254700 4652000 5041200 5318000 5529000 5758000 5999000 Total	455000 397500 417100 431100 397300 389200 276800 211000 229000 241000
	Water Pumpe	d to Bason #	3.
10.00 AM .30 12.00 M .30 PM 1.00 .30 2.00 .30 3.00 .30 4.00	11,250 ft 11,750 12.150 12.560 12.980 13.405 13.880 14.390 14.960 14.490 15.920	2181500 2522000 2871000 3229000 3591200 3996000 4431500 4918000 5370500 5738000	425500 340500 349000 358000 362200 405800 435500 486500 452500 367500
		Total	- 3982000

Water	Pumped	to	Basin	#4

Time	Level in Basin	Contents	Diff.
ma ma lad me ma	and 440 458 450 468 468 46	e dat dat dat dat dat and	made sends dries hold work words
11.00 AM .30 12.00 M .30 PM 1.00 .30 2.0 .30 3.00 .30 4.00	11.655 ft 11.960 12.170 12.295 12.465 12.605 12.830 13.160 13.585 14.100 14.580	1988000 2215000 2410.600 2512000 2649000 2762000 2943000 3210500 3970000 4359000 Total 1	127000 195600 101490 137000 113000 181000 267500 343500 416000 384000
Water pum	11 11 4	42 43 44	3484500 3445000 3982000 2371000 13282500

# Water pumped to

Time	Basin #11	Basin #2	Basin #3	Basin #	4 Total
000 to0 000 nm nm					-0.0
11.00AM					
.30	504500	455000	42550g	127000	1512000
12.00 M.	431700	397500	340 500	195600	1365300
L30 PM	435900	418100	349000	101400	1303400
1.00	465500	431100	358000	137008	1391600
.,30	394900	397300	362200	113000	1267400
2.00	409500	389200	40 5800	181000	1385500
.30	295000	276800	435500	267500	1274800
3.00	178500	211000	486500	343500	1219500
.30	182500	229000	452500	416000	1280000
4.00	186500	241000	367500	384000	1183000
Total :	3484500	344500	3982000	2371000	13282500
					100000